STATE OF MAINE

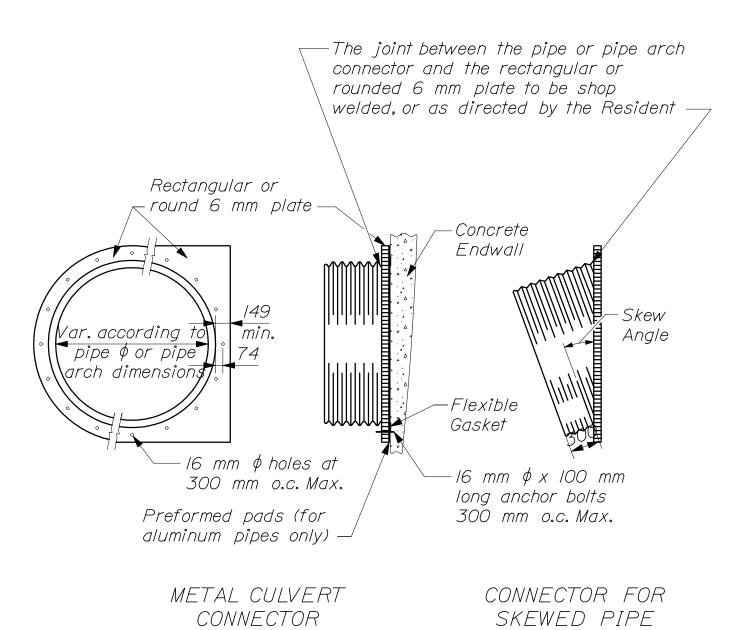


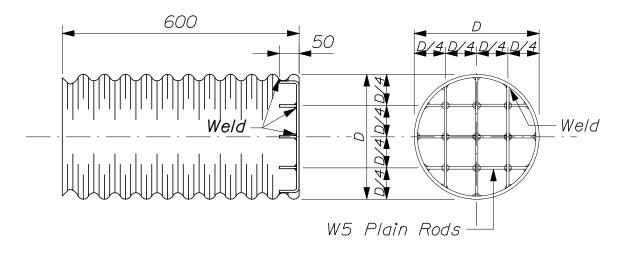
Department of Transportation Standard Details

Revision of December 2002

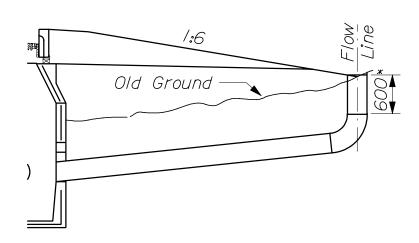


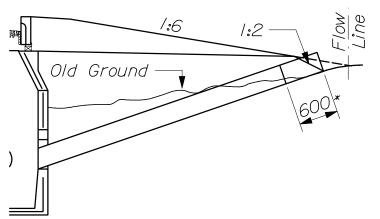
DIVISION 600 MISCELLANEOUS CONSTRUCTION





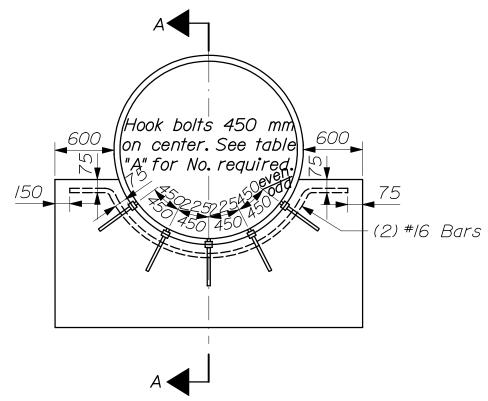
INLET GRATE UNIT



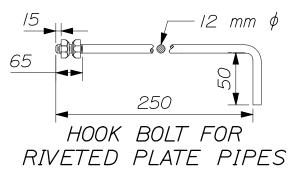


- I. All units to be complete shop assembly.
- 2. All units to have one shop coat of approved aluminum paint.
- 3. An elbow shall be installed if directed by the Resident to provide a horizontal grate, and shall be paid for as I additional meter of the type and size of pipe involved.
- 4. Rods shall conform to the requirements of Section 709.01 of the Standard Specifications.
- 5. Pipe for inlet grate unit shall be the same type that is used to connect into the catch basin.
- * 600 mm Inlet Grate Unit.

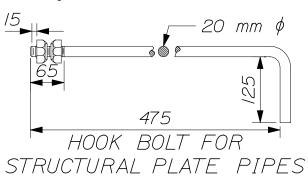
INLET UNITS IN FILL AREAS



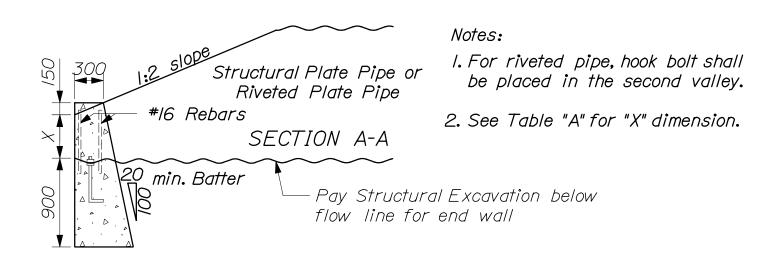
Projection after installation



Projection after installation



For alternate bolt see notes.

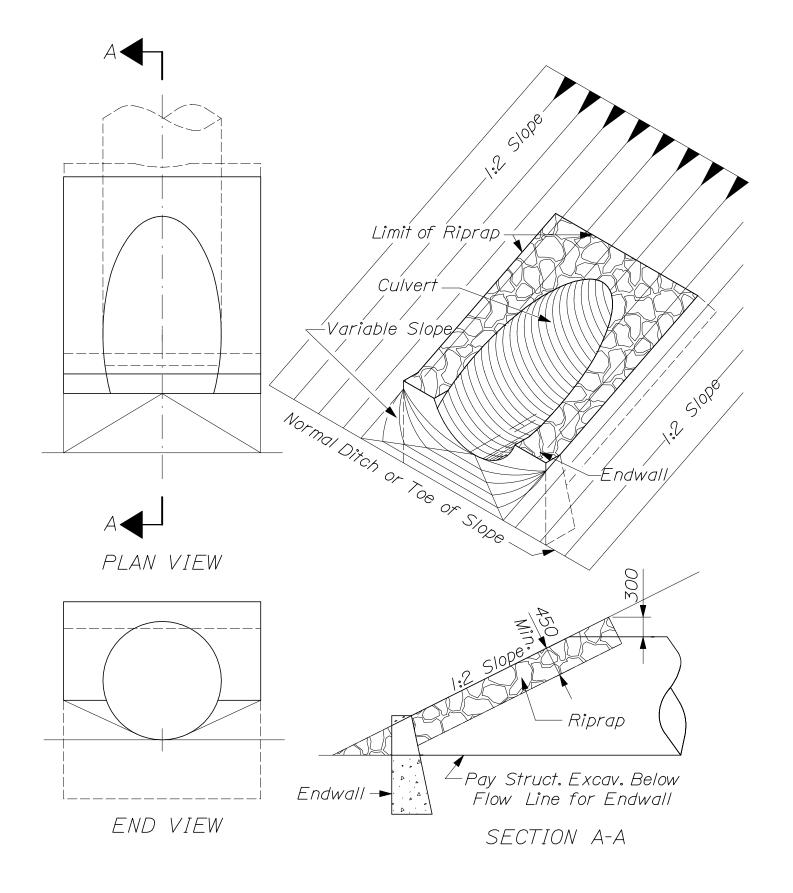


CONCRETE INLET ENDWALL 603(03)

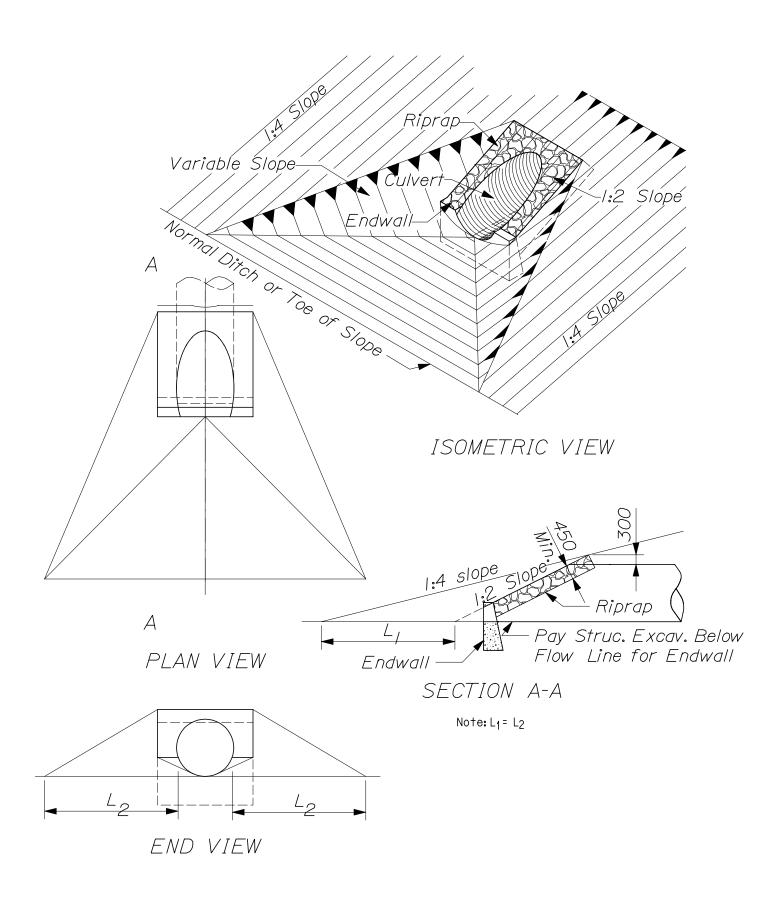
	RIVETED F	PIPES
SIZE	NO.OF BOLTS REQUIRED	"X" DIMENSION
1500 1650 1800 1950 2100	4 4 4 5 5	450 450 450 450 450
	STRUCTURAL PLA	ATE PIPE
SIZE	NO.OF BOLTS REQUIRED	"X" DIMENSION
1800 1950 2100 2250 2400	45556	450 500 525 575 600
2550 2700 2850 3000 3/50	6 6 7 7 7	650 675 725 750 800
3300 3450 3600 3750 3900	88999	850 875 925 950 1000
4050 4200 4350 4500	10 10 10 11	1025 1050 1100 1150

- I. Culverts installed under 1:2 slopes shall have Riprap laid on 1:2 slope with no ditch transitions.
- 2. Excavation required to grade culvert inlets and outlets as shown will not be paid separately, but will be incidental to the culvert.
- 3. Hook bolts will be incidental to the concrete items.
- 4. Concrete endwall shall be structural concrete class "A" and shall be paid for as Item 502.32 or Item 502.329, Structural Concrete Culvert Endwall. Reinforcing steel will not be paid for separately but will be considered incidental to Item 502.32 or Item 502.329.
- 5. Standard galvanized carriage or machine bolts 12 mm x 200 mm long or 20 mm x 150 mm long with minimum 50 mm thread may be furnished in place of hook bolts. Washers shall be furnished at the head of each bolt.
- 6. Bolt material shall conform to ASTM F568 Class 4.6. Nuts shall conform to ASTM A563M. Bolts, nuts, and washers shall be hot dip galvanized after fabrication to meet ASTM A153.

TABLE A
CONCRETE INLET ENDWALL
603(04)



CONCRETE INLET ENDWALLS FOR RIVETED AND STRUCTURAL PLATE PIPES 1500 mm TO 4 500 mm IN 1:2 SLOPES 603(05)



CONCRETE INLET ENDWALLS FOR RIVETED AND STRUCTURAL PLATE PIPES 1500 mm TO 4 500 mm IN 1:4 SLOPES 603(06)

PIF (NOMINAL WALL)	PE ARCH CULVI THICKNESS IN	
		METAL PIPE ARCH TION III
NOMINAL SIZE IN MILLIMETERS SPAN x RISE	M 246 & FIBER BONDED	M 197
525 x 375 600 x 450	2.0 2.0	1.9 1.9
700 x 500 875 x 600	2.0 2.8	2.7 2.7
1 000 x 775(1) 1 050 x 725(2)	2.0 2.8	1.9
	2.0 3.5	2.7
1325 x 025(1) 1425 x 950(2)	2.0 3.5	2.7
1500 x 150(1) 1600 x 1075(2)	2.8 4.3	3.4
1650 x 275(1) 1825 x 375(1)	2.8 2.8	3.4 4.2
2 025 x 475(I)	2.8	4.2

Metal Pipe Values are for 68 mm \times 13 mm corrugations unless size is followed by a (1) which denotes 76 mm \times 25 mm corrugations.

M 246 = Polymer Pre-coated Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe

M 197 = Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe

Fiber Bonded = M.D.O.T. Spec. 707.04

Minimum cover is 900 mm

(2) Either size is acceptable

COUPL	ING BAND WIDT	H REQ	UIREME	ENTS	
	NOMINAL PIPE	COUF	P <i>LING E</i>	BAND W	IDTH
NOMINAL	INSIDE	ANNO	JLAR	HELI	CALLY
CORRUGATIONS	DIAMETER	CORRU	'GATED	CORRU	'GATED
	DIAWLILI	BAI	VDS	BAI	V <i>DS</i>
		M 196	M 36	M 196	M 36
38x6	150	265	265	180	180
68xI3	300 - 600	265	265		
76x25	750 - 2 100	300	300		
125x25	900 - 2 100		500		

Helically Corrugated Metal Pipe 300 mm in diameter and larger shall have the ends rerolled to provide at least two annular corrugations. Pipe with spiral corrugations shall have continuous helical lock seams. M 196 = Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe M 36 = Corrugated Steel Pipe

																											_
	D IPE	11	01/W	CLASS III	WALL C					96	102	80/	114	121		/33		146		65/		121		184	161	210	222
{S}	REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE	OPTION I/III	01/W	CLASS III	WALL B	9/	57	64	20	92	83	68	96	707		114		127		140		152		591	821	06/	203
LLIMETEF	CON	0	01IM	CLASS IIICLASS IIICLASS	WALL A	44	48	5/	25	64	29	02	73	92		68		102		114		127		140	152		
SS IN MI	PIPE	III NOTTOO		M278		9.09	//./3																				
PIPE (NOMINAL WALL THICKNESS IN MILLIMETERS)	PLASTIC PIPE	OPTION I / III (M294 DAUL-WALL	PIPE STIFFNESS	Ø5% UEFL.	344	289	276		234		193		121		140		125									
- (NOMINAL	RIB (TYPE IR) (B)	OPTION I/III		M97				2.7	2.7	2.7		3.4		3.4													
	SPIRAL RIB	OPTION I		M274	(A)			2.0	2.0	2.0		2.8		2.8			2.8		2.8		2.8		2.8				
TNO	5,	1111/		M197	(ر. ئ	1.9	6.7	6.7	6.1	2.7	2.7	2.7		6.7		2.7		2.7		2.7		2.7	3.4	3.4	4.2	4.2
CIRCULAR CULVERT	CORRUGATED METAL PIPE	I OPTION I	.~		BUNDED	9./	9./	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.8	2.0	2.8	2.0	3.5	2.0	3.5	2.0	2.0	2.8	2.8	2.8
CIF	CORF MET,	I NO.		7	一	9./	9./	9./	9./	9"/	9"/	2.0	2.0	2.8	9"/	4.3	2.0	4.3	2.0	4.3	2.0	4.3	2.0	2.8	2.8	3.5	3.5
		OPTION		M218		0.Z	2.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8		3.5		3.5		4.3		4.3					
	<i>∀∃</i>	7	7 <i>W</i> \	<i>11</i> C	7 7	300	375	450	525	009	929	250	825	006	(1) 006	1 050	(1) 050 (1)	1 200	11 200 (1)	1350	(1) 250 (1)	1 500	(1) 005 ((1) 0591	(1) 008	(1) 056 (1)	2 100 (1)

Metal Pipe values are for 68 mm x 13 mm Corrugations unless diameter is followed by (1) which requires 76 mm x 25 mm Corrugations for Aluminum Pipes and 76 mm x 25 mm or $125\,$ mm \times $25\,$ mm Corrugations for Steel Pipes. Option I Pipes shall only be used for entrances.

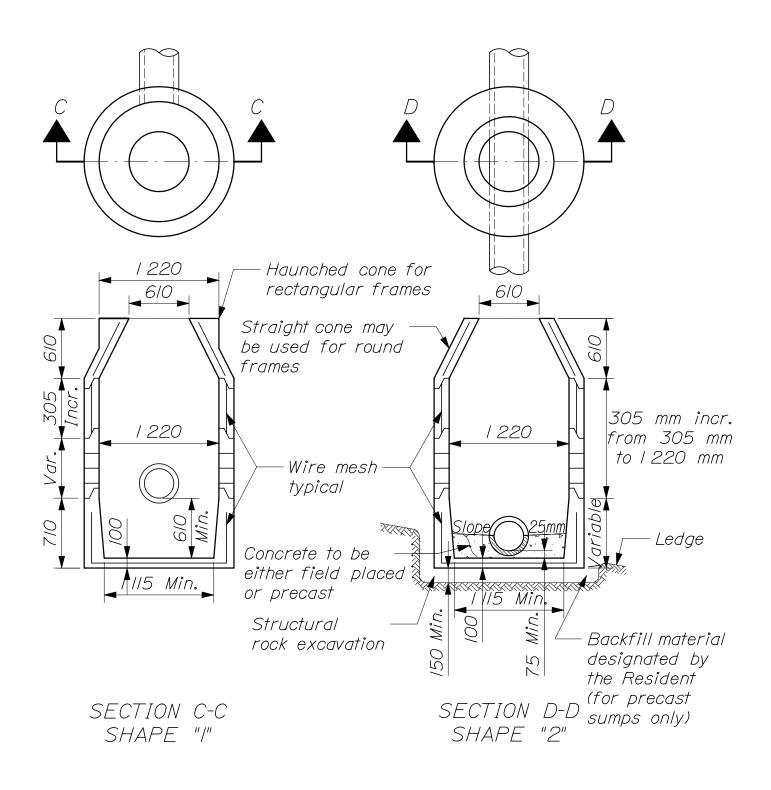
Fill heights over 4.5 m may require larger metal gages.

MI97 = Corrugated Aluminum Alloy Pipe M294 = High Density Polyethylene Pipe MI70 = Reinforced Concrete Pipe M278 = Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe M246 = polymer pre-coated galvenized corrugated steel pipe M274 = aluminum coated (tpye 2) corrugated steel pipe M218 = zinc coated (galvanized) corrugated steel pipe Fiber Bonded = M.D.O.T. Spec. 707.04

(A) Option I, M274 can be used for closed drainage Option III Pipe (B) Spiral Rib Type IR can be used for Smoothlined Pipe

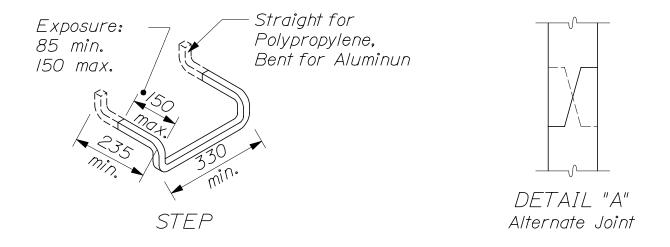
GENERAL NOTES

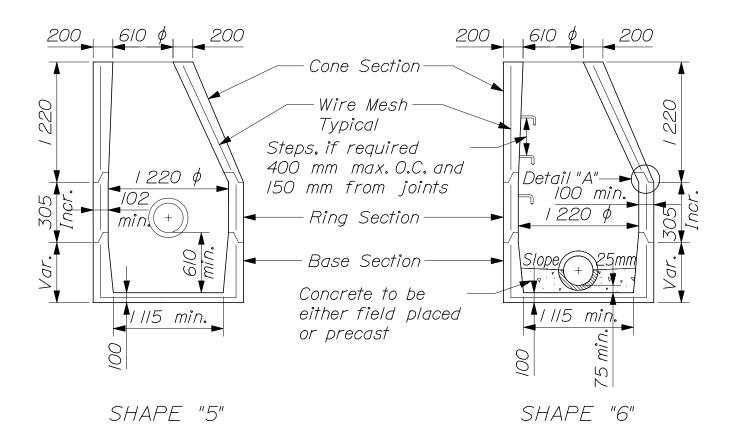
- I. Catch basins in excess of 2 400 mm in depth shall, if directed, be provided with steps similar to those detailed for manholes.
- 2. Drain holes in precast sumps shall be not over 75 mm in diameter and shall be plugged with mortar when constructed.
- 3. All precast sections of less than 204 mm wall thickness shall have tongue and groove joints.
- 4. Cone and ring sections shall have a wall thickness of 100 mm minimum to 204 mm maximum.
- 5. Minimum wall thickness at the sump shall be 100 mm as specified in A.S.T.M. C478M.
- 6. The wall around inlet and outlet pipes shall be a precast ring with an opening 50 mm larger than the outside diameter of the pipe.
- 7. Lift holes shall be provided.



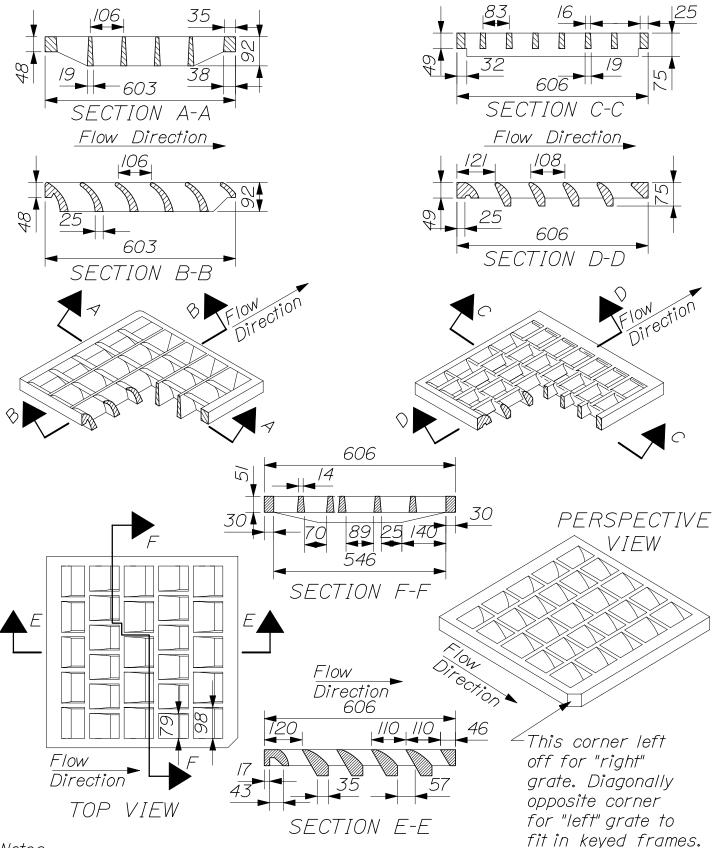
Dimensions are intended to be nominal

CATCH BASIN (PRECAST UNITS) 604(02)

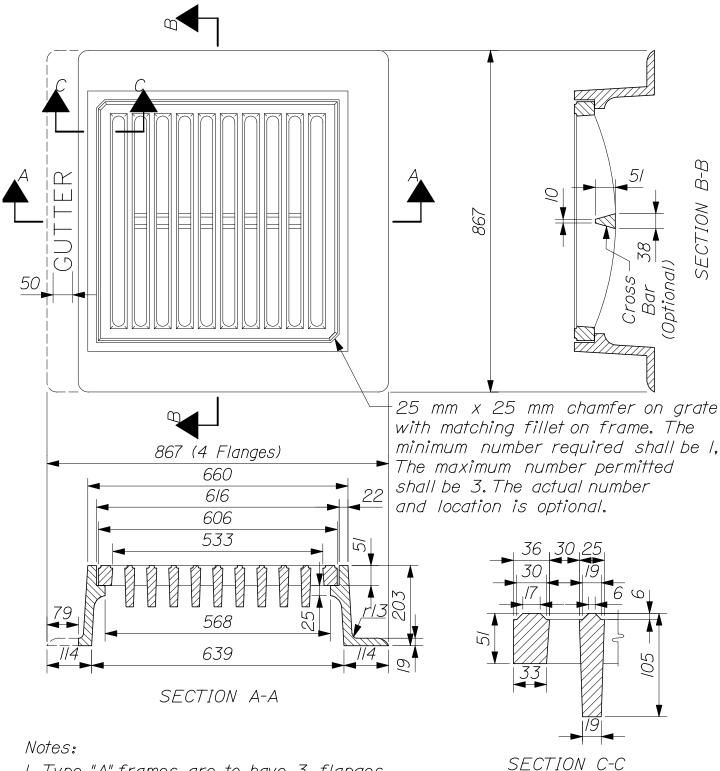




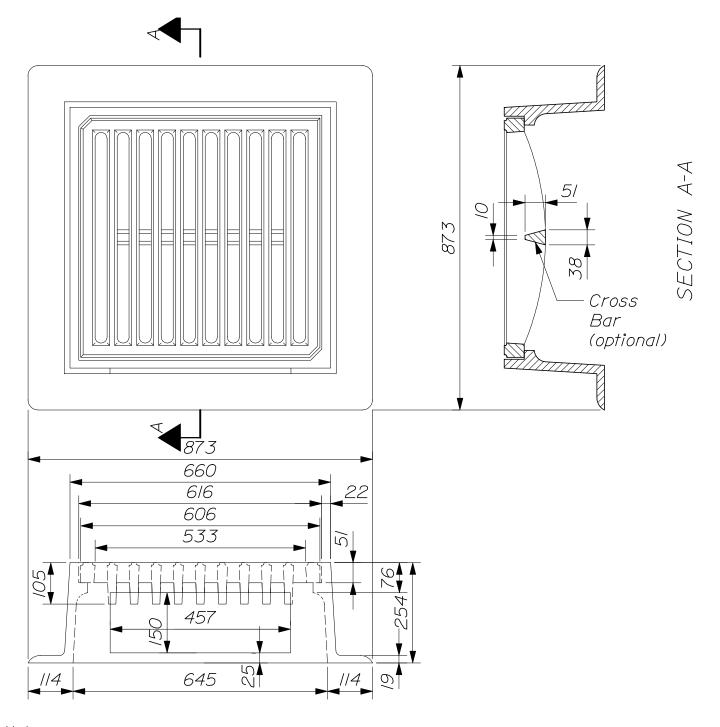
Dimensions are intended to be nominal.



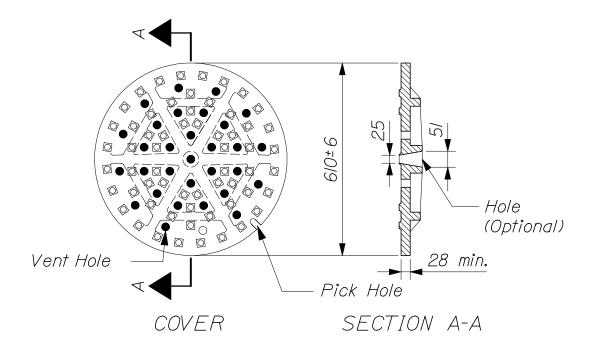
I.To be used where parallel bar grates would present a hazard to bicycle traffic. 2. For use on catch basin types: Al-C, A2-C, A5-C, Bl-C, B2-C, B5-C, F3-C, F4-C, F5-C, F6-C.

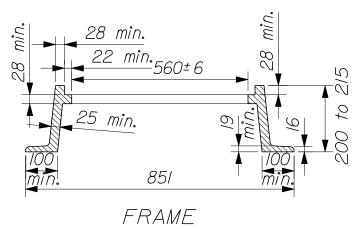


- I. Type "A" frames are to have 3 flanges.
- 2. Type "B" frames are to have 4 flanges.
- 3. The word "gutter" is to be molded into the back flange type "B" only.
- 4. Frames and grates are to be of gray cast iron conforming to AASHTO MIO5, Class 30.
- 5. Dimensions are nominal.



- I. Open throat shall be constructed on the side away from the direction of traffic. All other sides shall be graded flush with the top of the catch basin grate.
- 2. The frame shall be gray cast iron.
- 3. The grate shall be the same as Types "A" & "B".
- 4. Dimensions are intended to be nominal.

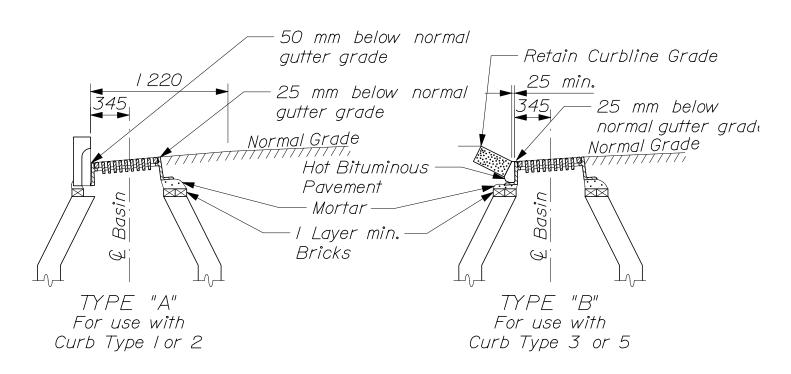




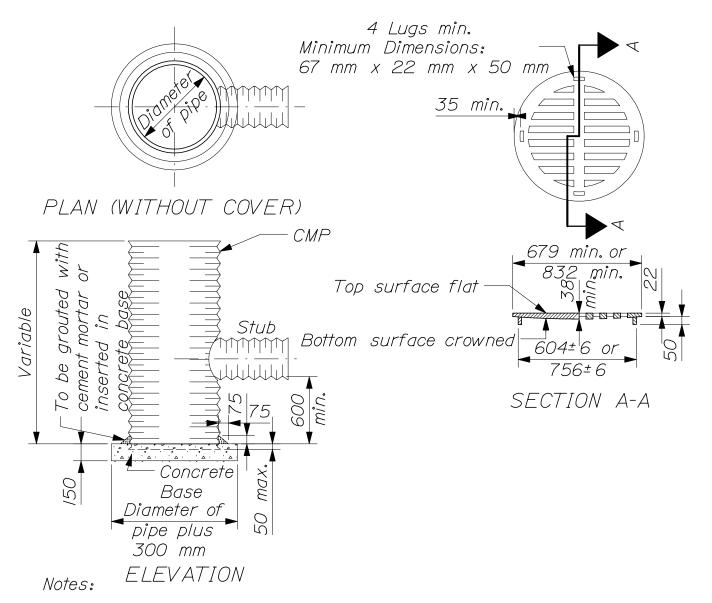
- I. Manhole frames and covers are to be machined to a smooth fit and shall be of gray cast iron.
- 2. Diamond top surface is optional.

Structure		To) <i>p</i>			Sh	аре	
Catch Basin	Α	B	С	D	/	2	5	6
Type Al								
Type A2								
Type Bl								
Type B2								
Type CI								
Type C2								
Manhole								

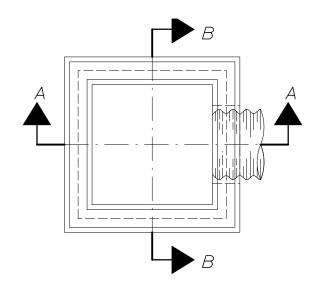
TABLE OF CATCH BASIN TYPES (combinations of tops and types)
For Type "E" & "F" Catch Basins see HD-2



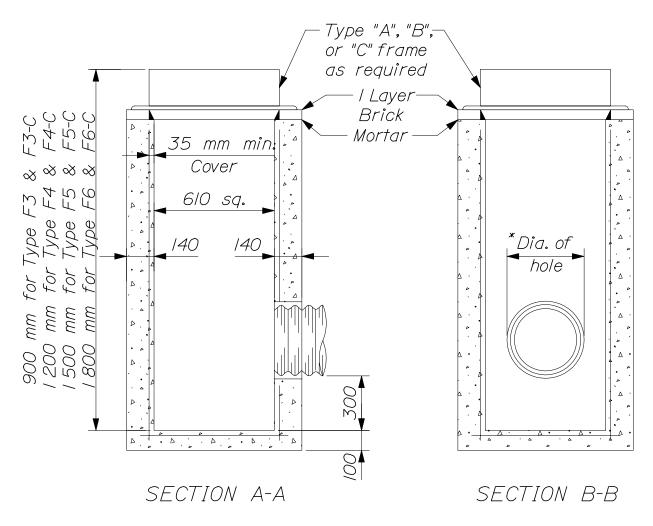
Dimensions are intended to be nominal.



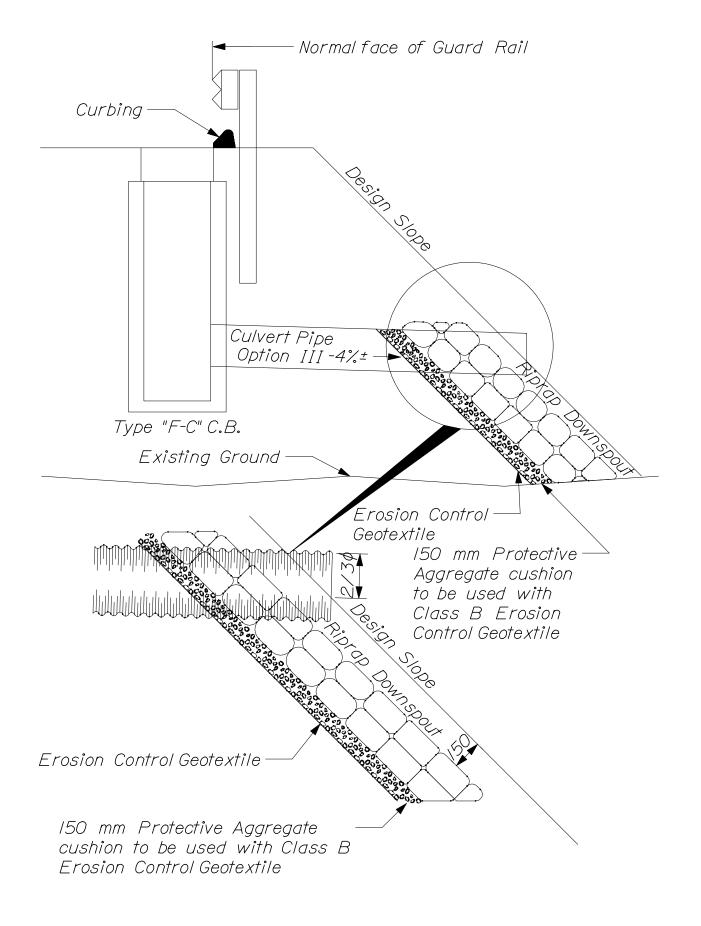
- I. Excess pipe to be cut and folded against the inside wall of catch basin. Joints to be caulked with with Oakum and Asphalt Cement. Joints may be shop welded.
- 2. Stubs to be made from 600 mm length of pipe. Cost shall be incidental to the Catch Basin item.
- 3. Grate to be Gray Cast Iron.
- 4. Bars of grate to be placed parallel with flow.
- 5. Grate for 762 mm Catch Basins Type "E" shall have a total cumulative width of openings of 350 mm min. Grate for 610 mm Catch Basins Type "E" shall have a total cumulative width of openings of 200 mm min.
- 6. Corrugated Metal Pipe shall conform to Section 712.08 of the Standard Specifications.



Entire Catch Basin with exception of leveling brick frame and grate to be precast as a single Portland Cement concrete unit.



*Diameter of hole to be 75 mm larger than the inside diameter of flexible pipe or the outside diameter of rigid pipe.

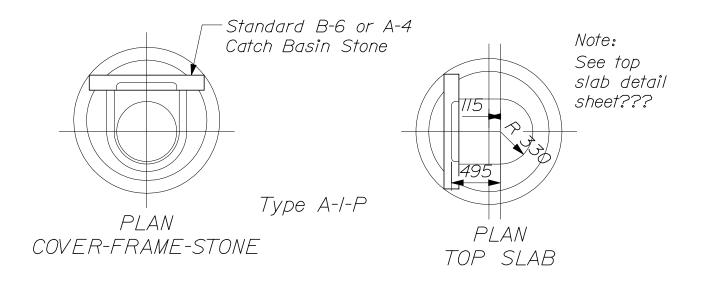


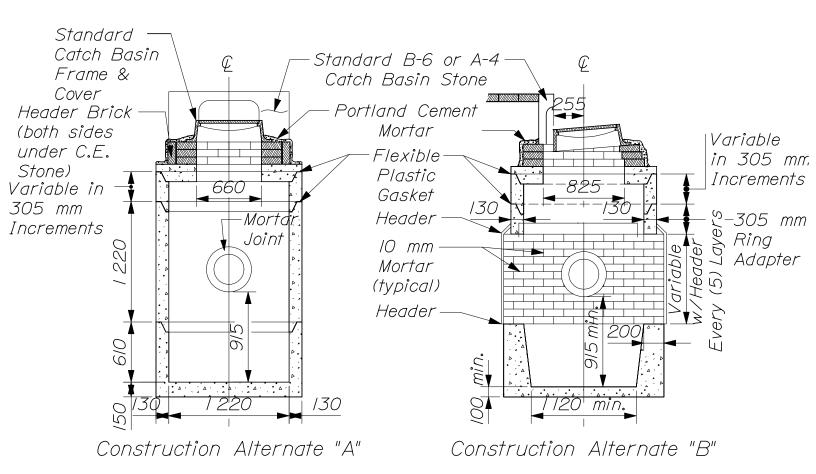
TYPE "F" CATCH BASIN WITH OUTLET PIPE AND RIPRAP 604(II)

General Notes

- I. If reinforced concrete barrel manufacturer per ASTM Standard Specification #C-478-70.
- 2. Sewer bricks to conform to ASTM Standard Specification Design #C 32-69, Grade S.M. or S.S.
- 3. Casting shall be of uniform quality, free from blowholes, porosity, hard spots, shrinkage, distortion, or other defects. They shall be smooth and well cleaned, trimmed and inspected, and approved asphalt paint. Material to be designated in ASTM Standard Specifications.48-Class 35.
- 4. Catch basins constructed of brick masonry, plaster with mortar 10 mm thick, full depth as shown on plans, and apply two (2) coats of waterproofing.
- 5. All concrete shall be class "A" having a minimum ultimate compressive strength of 20 700 kpa at the end of 28 days unless otherwise noted.
- 6. Forged aluminum safety-type manhole steps, if designated, shall be alloy 6061, Temper +6.
- 7. Manholes constructed of poured concrete masonry, apply (see general note #8) bituminous waterproofing to exterior surface. If constructed of brick masonry plaster with mortar IO mm thick and apply (see genreal note #8) waterproofing.
- 8. Waterproofing the outside surface of catch basins and manhole cones shall be given two coats of bituminous waterproofing material after the plaster or mortar in the joints has become suitably hardened. The material shall be Minwax Fibrous Brush Coat made by The Minwax Company, New York, NY; Tremco I2I foundation coating made by the Tremco manufacturing company, Cleveland, OH; Interoi No.7 made by Interoi Company, Newark, NJ: or approved equal. The waterproofing material shall be applied by brush or spray and in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer. Time shall be allowed between coats to permit sufficient drying so that the application of the second coat has no effect on the first coat.
- 9. Catch basins not in a system that connects into existing City of Portland drainage system may be constructed without flexible plastic gaskets and will have a minimum 610 mm sump.

REINFORCED CONCRETE CATCH BASIN TYPE A-I-P & TYPE B-I-P



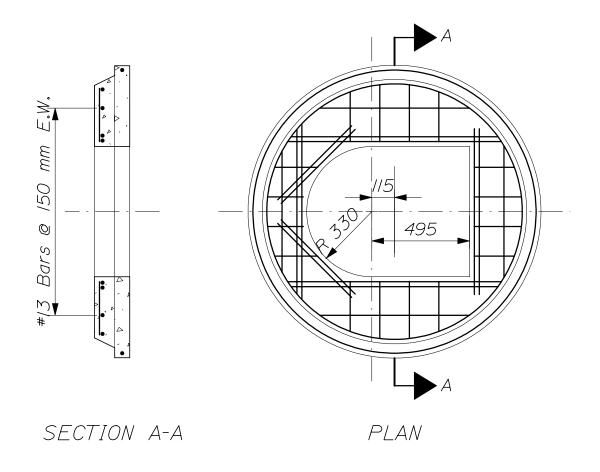


REINFORCED CONCRETE CATCH BASIN

REINFORCED CONCRETE CATCH BASIN

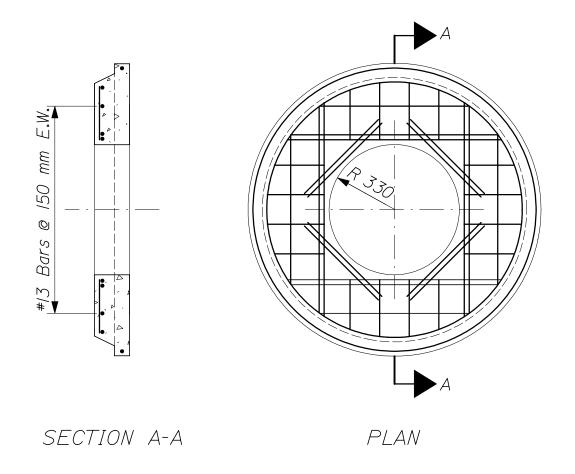
TYPE A-I-P & TYPE B-I-P

604(13)



TOP SLAB DETAIL FOR TYPE A-I-P (not to scale)

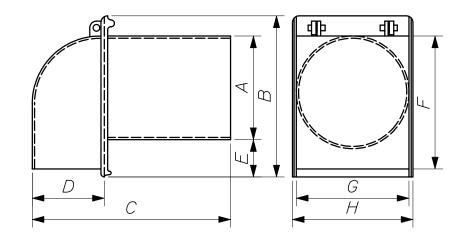
REINFORCED CONCRETE CATCH BASIN TYPE A-I-P TOP SLAB DETAIL 604(14)



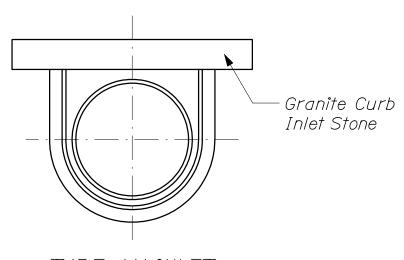
TOP SLAB DETAIL FOR TYPE B-I-P

(NOT TO SCALE)

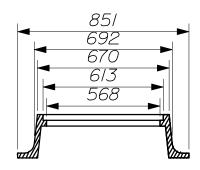
Size	150	200	250	300	375
Α				292	
В	340	38/	406	<i>432</i> 559	ijij
С	349	39/	4/3	559)es
D	137	140	152	203) [ef
Ε	149	/37	//4	83	7 to
F		<i>34</i> 9			197
G	165	222	292	3/8	mi,
Н	184	238	314	340	Sį



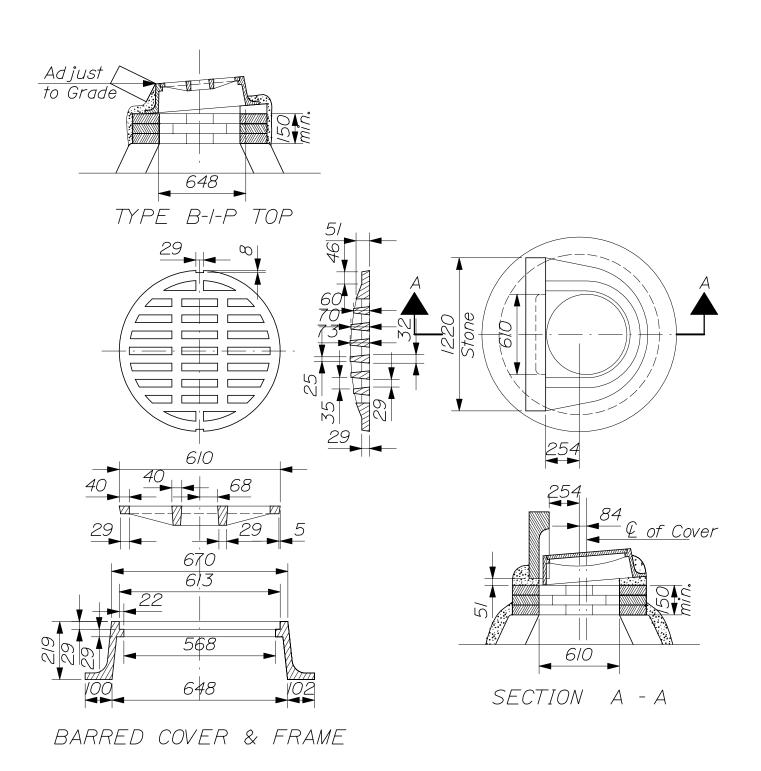
TRAP DETAIL



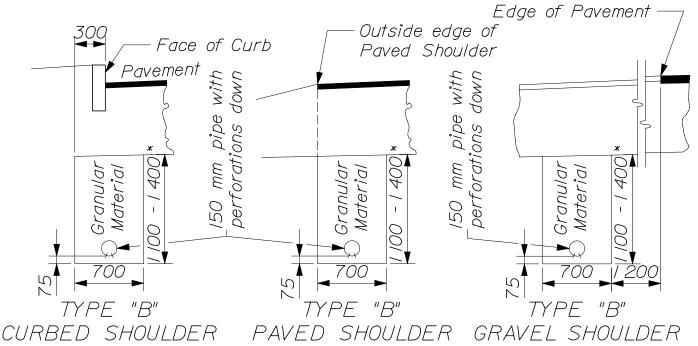
TYPE 'A' INLET

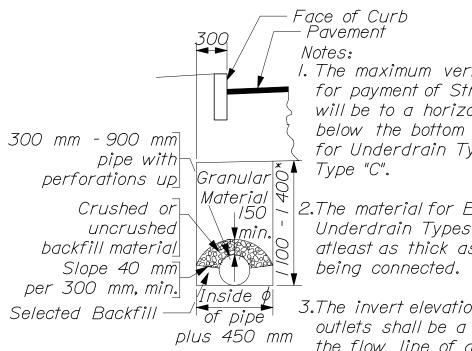


REINFORCED CONCRETE CATCH BASIN TYPE A-I-P



REINFORCED CONCRETE CATCH BASIN
TYPE B-I-P DETAILS
604(17)





Notes:
I. The maximum vertical measurement of depth
for payment of Structural Rock Excavation
will be to a horizontal plane located 300 mm
below the bottom of the invert of the pipe
for Underdrain Type "B" and Underdrain
Type "C".

2.The material for Elbows, Tees, & Wyes for Underdrain Types "B" and "C" shall be atleast as thick as the largest size pipe being connected.

3.The invert elevation of Underdrain Type "B" outlets shall be a minimum of 150 mm above the flow line of a ditch or the original ground.

TYPE "C"

- 4. Width of the trench for underdrain outlet will be the same as the underdrain trench.
- 5.No allowance for payment will be made for excavating or material excavated beyond the horizontal dimensions shown for Types "B" or "C" Underdrain.
- * Unless otherwise shown on the plans
- 6. In "Box Sections" the edge of the trench shall be in line with the edge of box section.

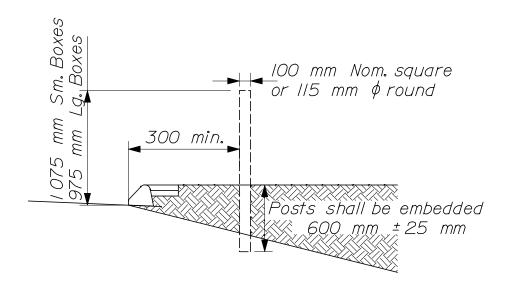
UNDERDRAIN
605(01)

			7	Type "B" and Type "C" Underdrain Pipe	Dut Typ	e "C" Un	derdrai,	n Pipe	
Metal Pi	Metal Pipe (Nominal Wall Thickness)	al Wall Th	i'ckness)	Netal	Metal Pipe	Plastic I	Pipe Stif	Plastic Pipe Stiffness @ 5% Deflection	Deflection
	Corru	Corrugated		$\theta d \Lambda L$	Type IR	\mathcal{I}	PVC Pipe	Polyethylene Pipe	ne Pipe
		N 274		061 x 61 x 61	1 × 190		MZSH	N 294 SP N 252 SP	252 SP
Diameter	Diameter M 218	⊗	161 M	N 274 N 197	161 M	M 278	F 949	F 949 Dual-wall Dual-wall	
		M 246						Unanchored Unanchored	nanchored
				1	η "B" ed λ	Type "B" Underdrain Pipe	n Pipe		
150	9"/	/*3	1,2			220	244		344
				7	Vpe "C" U	Type "C" Underdrain Pipe	n Pipe		
300	2.0	9"/	1.9			320		344	
375	2.0	9°/	6.1			220		687	
450	2.0	9./	1.9	0.2	2.7			927	
525	2.0	9°/	6.1	0.2	2.7				
009	2.0	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.7			234	
250	2.8	1.6	2.7	2.0	2.7			193	
006	2.8	9./	2.7	2.0	2.7			/2/	

M 218 = Zinc Coated (Galvanized) Corrugated Steel Pipe M 274 = Aluminum Coated (Type 2) Corrugated Steel Pipe M 246 = Polymer Pre-coated Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe M 197 = Corrugated Aluminum Allov Pine

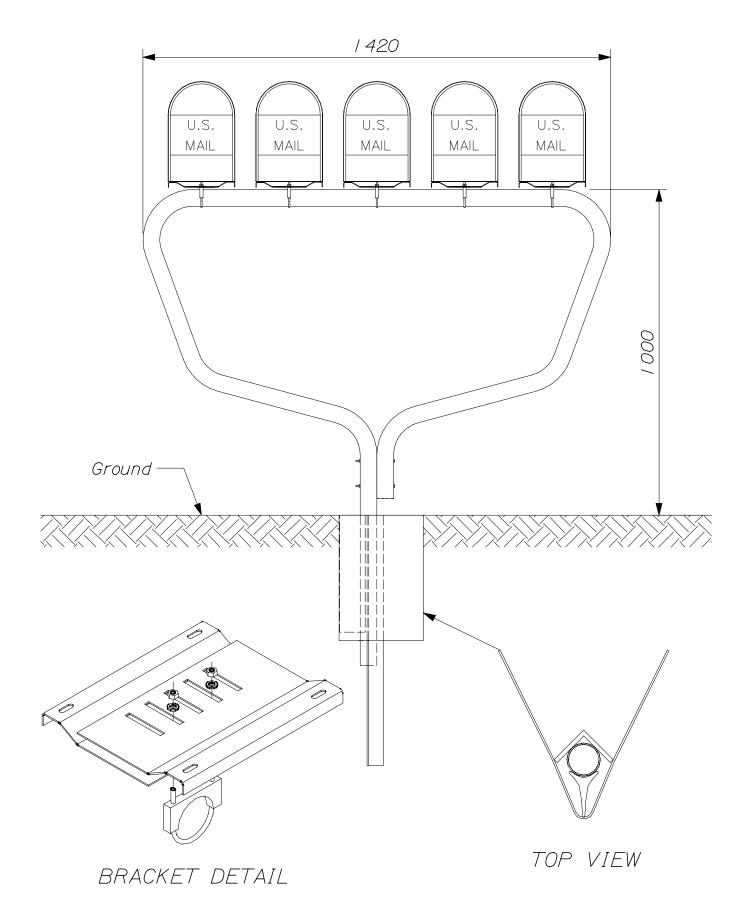
M 278 = Smoothwall PVC pipe ASTM F 949 = PVC Corrugated Sewer Pipe with smooth interior M 294 SP = Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe with smooth inner liner

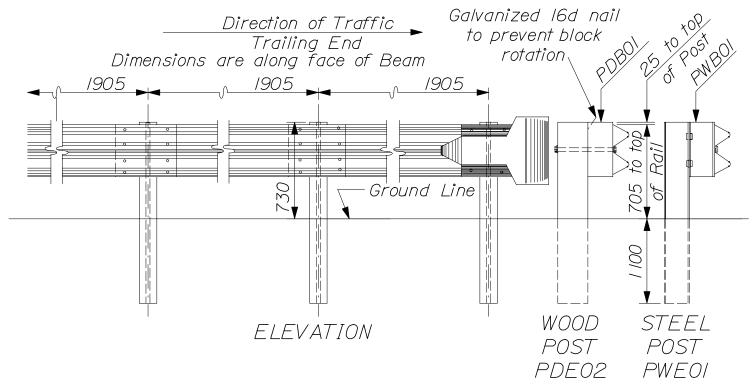
252 SP = Corrugated Polyethylene Drainage Tubing with smooth inner liner



SINGLE WOOD POST

- I. A post shall be provided for each mailbox.
- 2. Posts shall not be spaced closer than 750 mm.
- 3. Posts should not be placed closer than 60 m from an intersecting road.
- 4. When single wood posts exceed II5 mm diameter or square dimension, two I9 mm holes shall be drilled through the post at 90 degrees to each other, IOO mm above the finish grade.





I. Intermediate post spacing shall be 1905 mm unless otherwise shown.

2. Wood posts for Guardrail shall be 150 mm nom. (140 mm min.) x 200 mm nom. (190 mm min.) and offset blocks shall be 150 x 200 nom. (140 x 190 min.).

3. Steel posts and wood offset brackets for Guardrail shall be WI50 \times I3.5.

4. Steel posts punched with holes in addition to those specified to accommodate other types of Guardrail, will be accepted subject to the approval of the Resident.

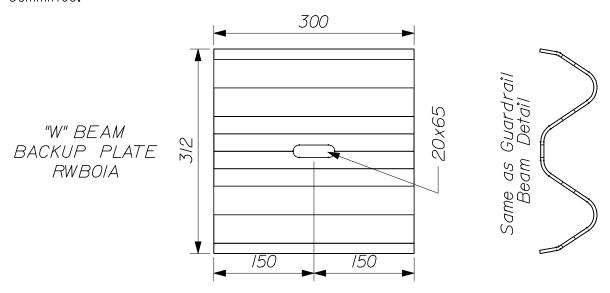
5. "W" beam backup plates shall be placed behind rail elements at intermediate steel posts (non-splice posts), for Type 3b only.

(non-splice posts), for Type 3b only. 6. Beam type Guardrail set on a radius of 45 m or less shall be circular Guardrail.

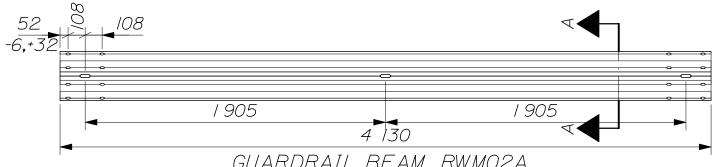
7. Offset bracket shall be installed on all posts.

8. Guardrail Terminal End (RWE03A) to be used only on trailing end of Guardrail on divided highway. Washers (FWR03) shall be installed on the last 9 posts.

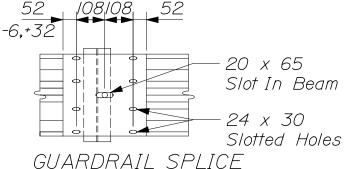
9. Identification letters and numbers on drawings refer to the standard detail drawings shown in "A guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware" by AASHTO-AGC-ARTBA Joint Committee.



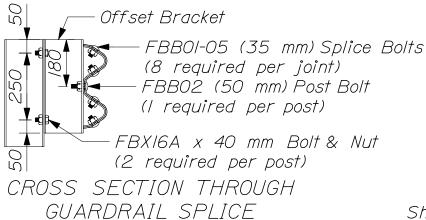
GUARDRAIL 606(03)



GUARDRAIL BEAM RWM02A Minimum thickness 2.67 mm



GUARDRAIL SPLICE AT POST

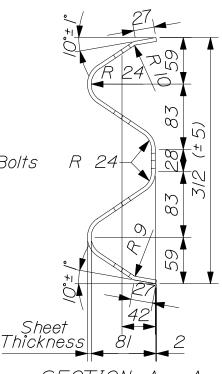


Terminal Section
lapped on
traffic face

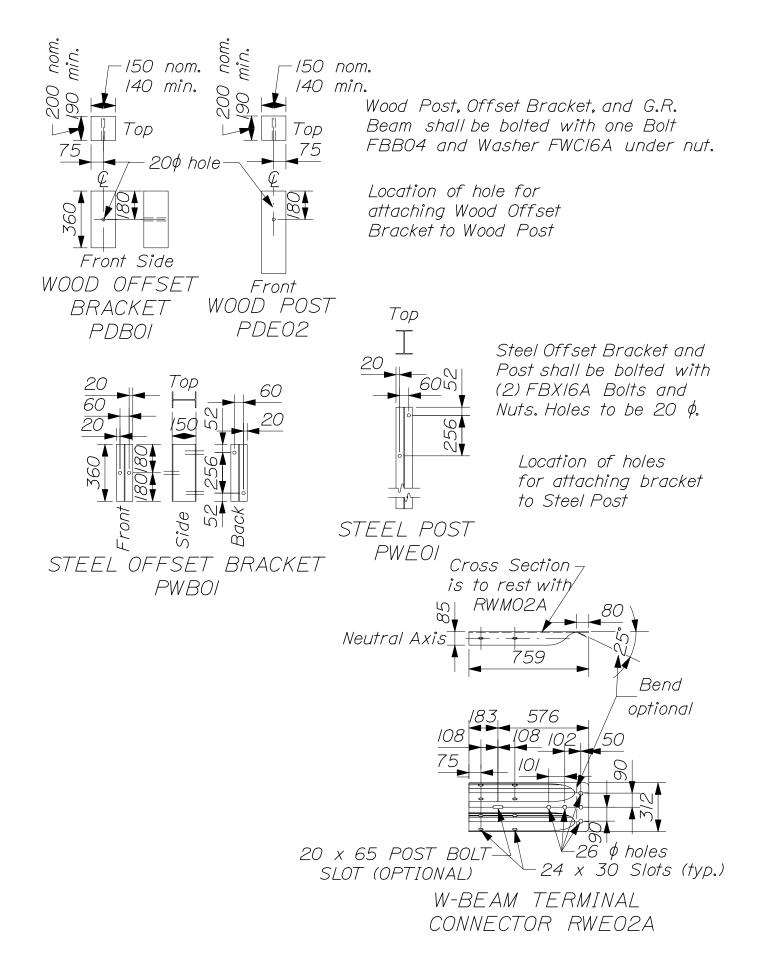
24 x 30
Slotted Holes
Inside End
Section

GUARDRAIL TERMINAL END - RWE03A (See 606(03) Note #8)

Note: All dimensions subject to manufacturing tolerances



SECTION A - A GUARDRAIL BEAM DETAIL RWMO2A

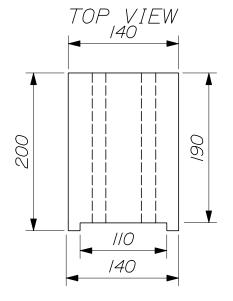


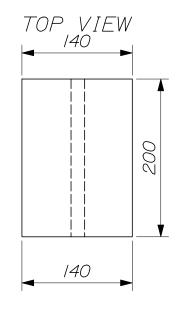
GUARDRAIL 606(05)

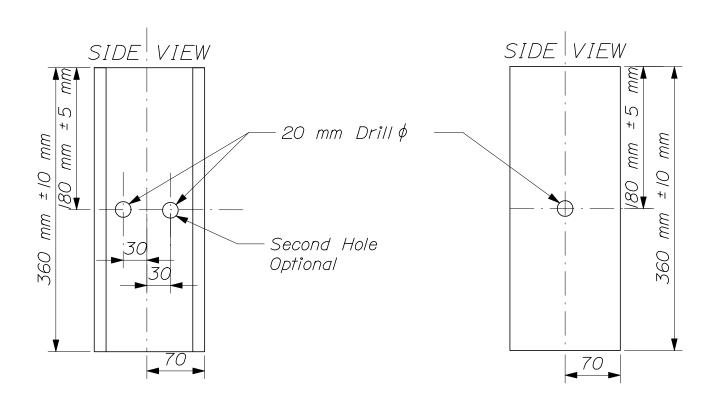
WOOD BLOCK DETAIL

FOR STEEL POST

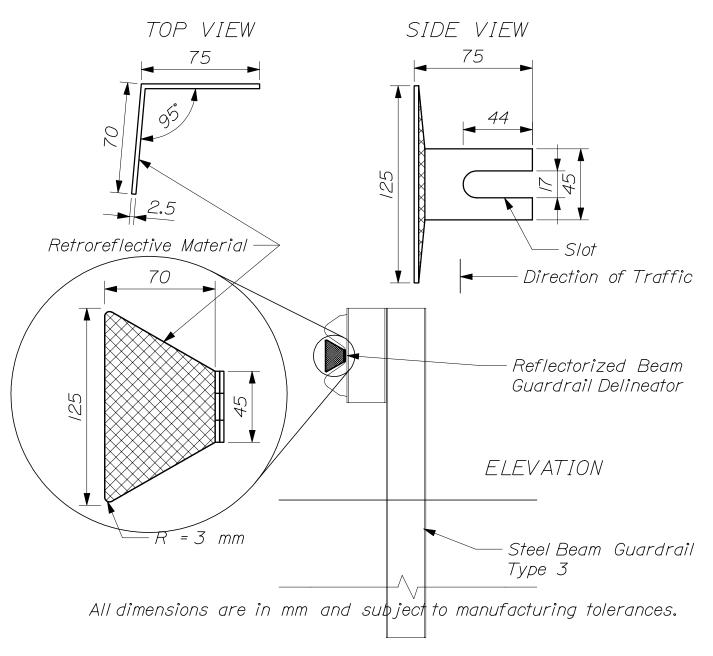
WOOD BLOCK DETAIL FOR WOOD POST







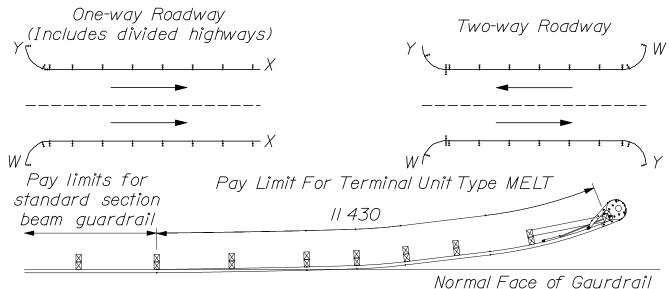
Reflectorized Beam Guardrail Delineators shall be mounted on all guardrails. The delineators shall be mounted on the guardrail beam at guardrail posts. Delineators shall be placed at approximately 20 m intervals or every tenth post on tangents and at approximately 10 m intervals or every fifth post on curves. On divided highways, the left hand delineators should be yellow and the right hand delineators should be silver-white. On two directional highways, both sides shall be silver. Reflectorized Beam Guardrail Delineators shall meet the requirements of Standard Specification Section 719.01. Delineators shall be fabricated with steel conforming to ASTM A 635/A 635 M, galvanized in accordance with AASTHO MIII (ASTM A 123) with a minimum thickness of 2.8 mm (12 guage). Beam Guardrail Delineators will not be paid for directly, but will be considered incidental to the guardrail items. Exact locations of the delineators shall be as directed by the Resident.

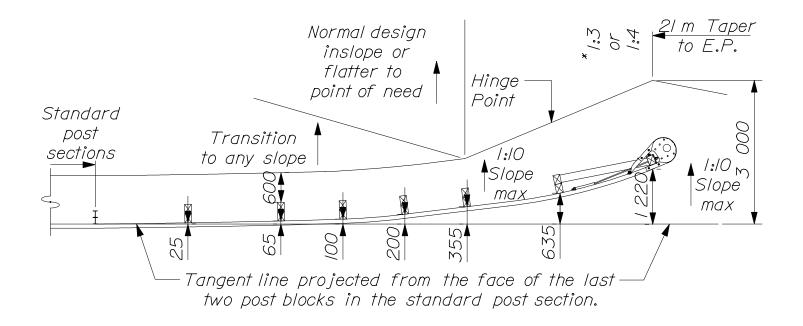


REFLECTORIZED BEAM GUARDRAIL
DELINEATOR DETAILS
606(07)

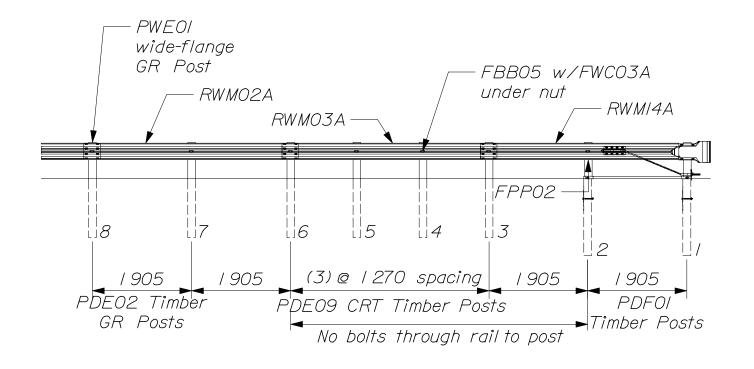
M.E.L.T. NOTES

- I. For description and specification of part identified "ARTBA..." see report prepared and approved by the AASHTO-AGC-ARTBA Joint Cooperative Committee, "A Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware".
- 2. All angles, channels, and plates shall conform to the requirements of A.S.T.M. A36 and structural tubing to A.S.T.M. A500 or A.S.T.M. A513, Grade 1008. Diaphragm Plate shall conform to A.S.T.M. A36 or AASHTO M-180. Welding shall meet the current requirements of the American Welding Society Structural Welding Code ANSI/AASHTO/ AWS D1.5. All structural steel shall be galvanized in accordance with A.S.T.M. A123. No punching, drilling, cutting, or welding will be permitted after galvanizing.
- 3. Short wooden breakaway post shall be made of S4S Timber with a stress grade of 8 MPa and shall be grade marked or certified by a recognized association or agency which is certified by the Board of Review, American Lumber Standards Committee, to grade the species. It shall receive a preservative treatment in accordance with AASHTO designation M-I33.
- 4. Optional holes are for insertion of Nose Expansion Block when required.
- 5. The post offset dimensions are given to the center of the traffic face of the blockouts, except at the first post where the dimension is to the center of the traffic face of the post. Offset points are to be located by chord measurements at the back of rail equal to the nominal post spacing shown. Posts are to be set approximately radial to the railing at each post location.
- 6.300 mm x 900 mm Type III Retroreflective Adhesive Sheeting shall be applied to the approach Buffer End Section after curving, but prior to the installation of Button Head bolts as follows: W = White Sheeting, Y = Yellow Sheeting, X = No Sheeting.

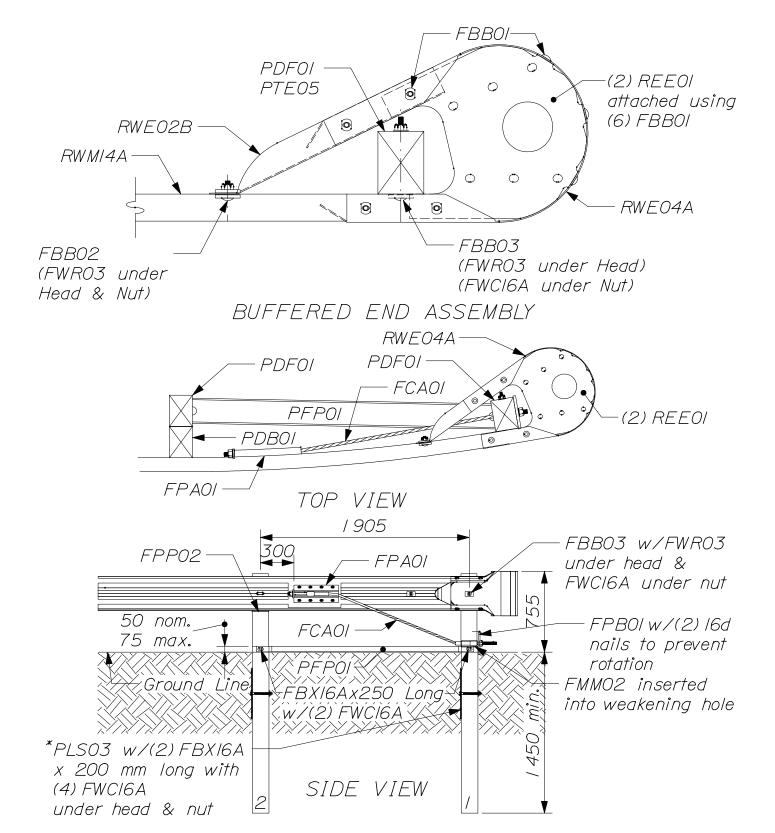




* Match normal design inslope

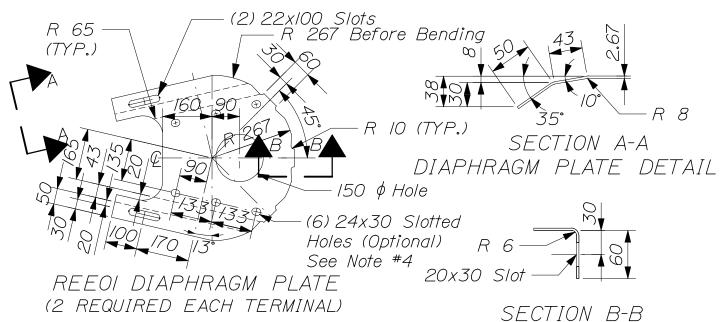


M.E.L.T. POST LAYOUT

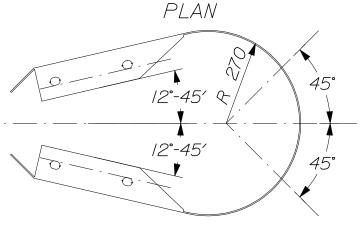


PDFOITimber Post inserted into PTE05 Foundation Tube Posts No. 1 & 2. Post edges may require beveling below the 22 mm hole to allow the post to fit into the steel foundation tube.

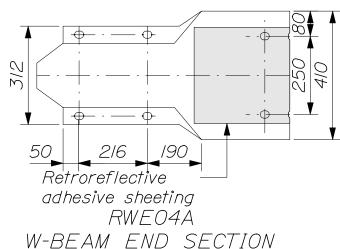
^{*}The PLS03 Soil Plates at Posts | & 2 may be eliminated if | 830 mm (6') foundation tubes are used at Post | & 2.

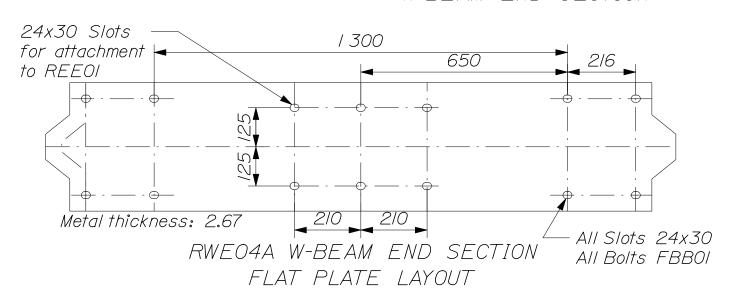


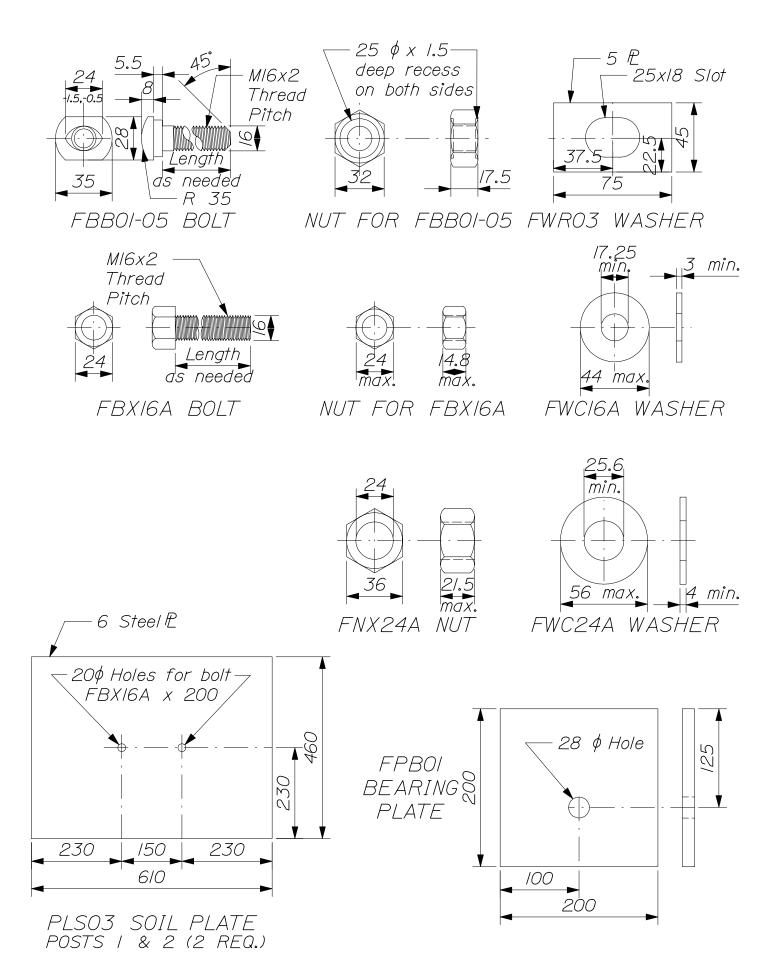
SECTION B-B DIAPHRAGM PLATE DETAIL ELEVATION



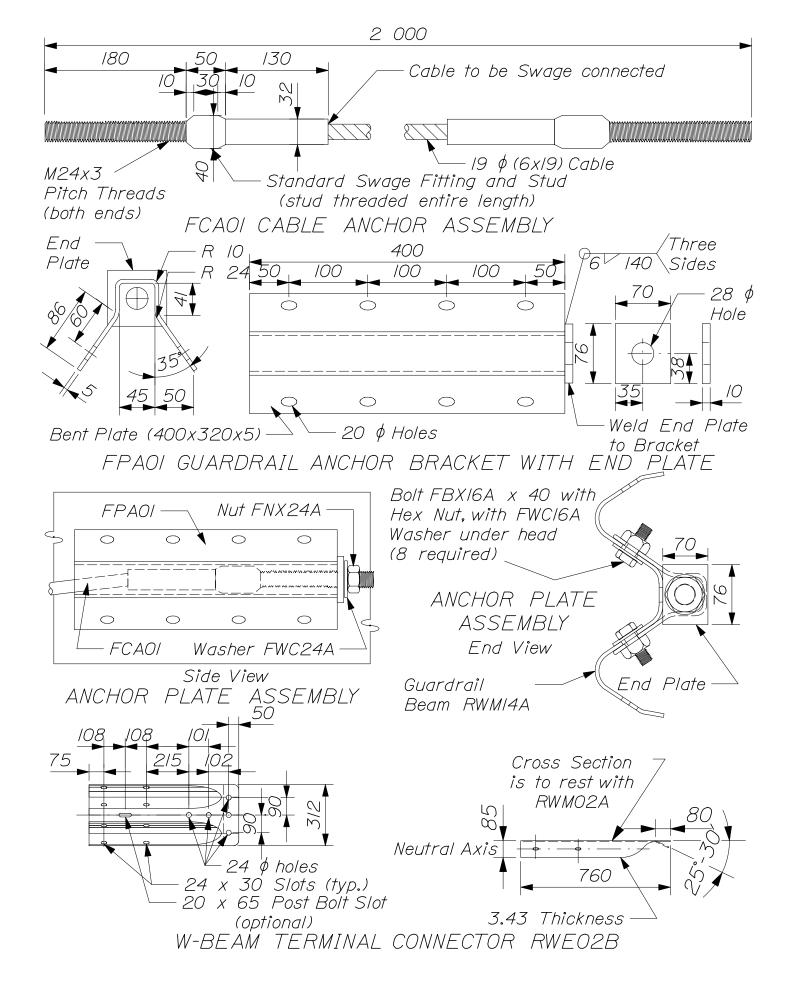
RWE04A W-BEAM END SECTION



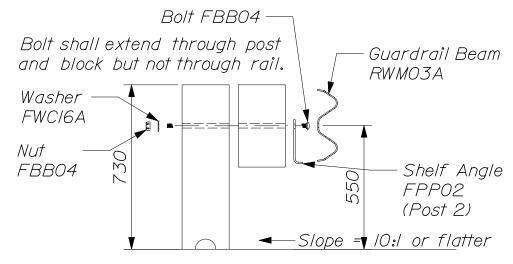




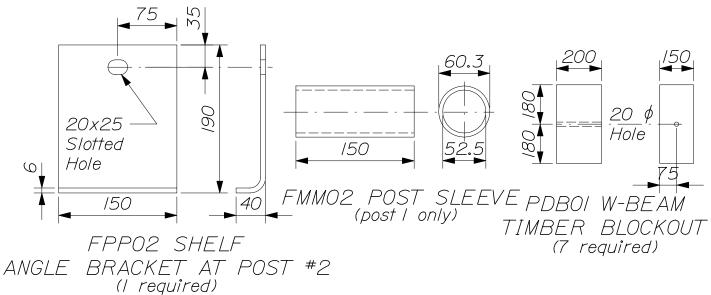
M.E.L.T. HARDWARE 606(12)

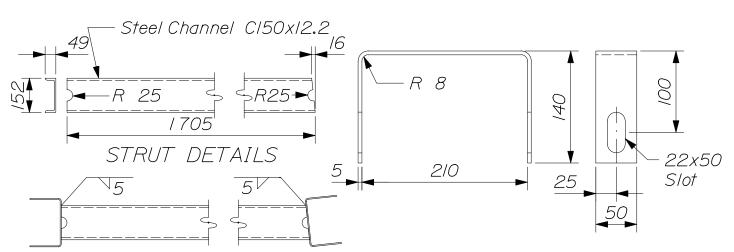


M.E.L.T. HARDWARE



BREAKAWAY LINE POST AND BLOCK PDE09 (4 required)

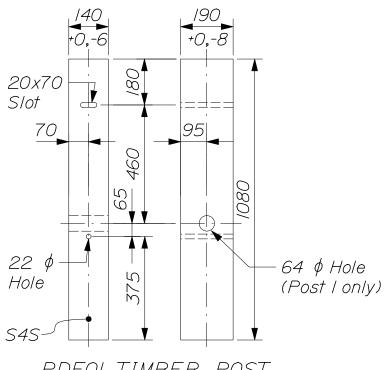




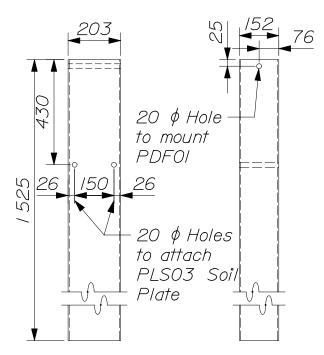
PFPOI STRUT & YOKE ASSEMBLY Shown legs up. For opposite hand, install legs down.

YOKE DETAILS (2 required)

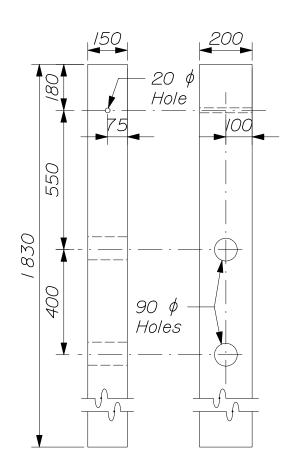
POST, YOKE & STRUT ASSEMBLY 606(14)



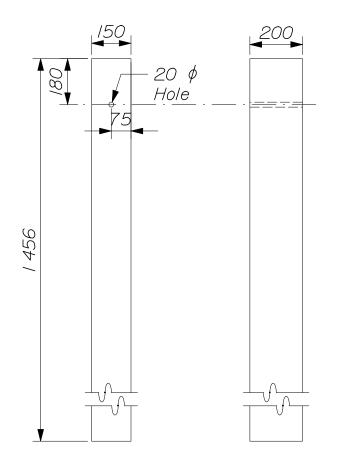
PDF0| TIMBER POST Posts | & 2 (2 req.)



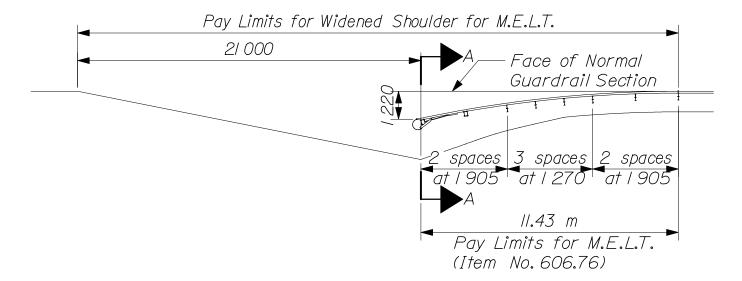
PTE05 FOUNDATION TUBE
For Posts No. 1 & No. 2
TS-203xI52x4.8 (2 reg.)

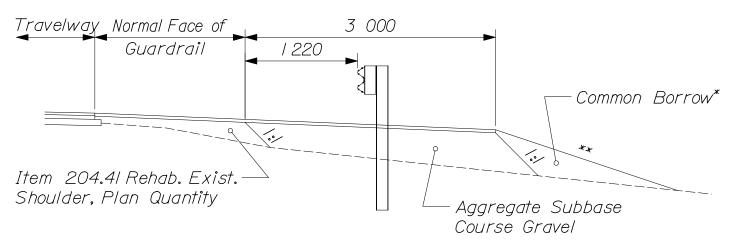


PDE09 CRT TIMBER POST (4 required)



PDE02 TIMBER GR POST (I required)





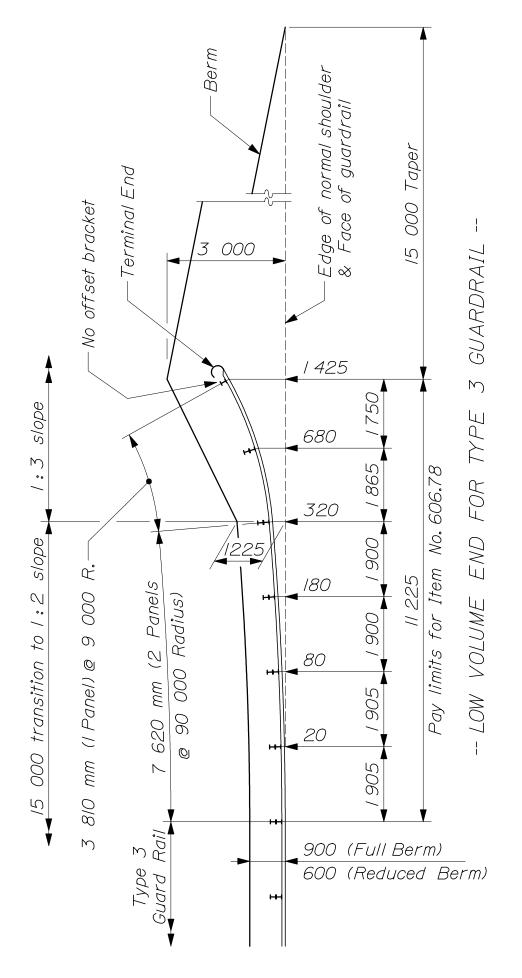
SECTION A-A

- * Adjacent or available excavation shall be used instead of Common Borrow unless otherwise directed by the Resident.
- ** This shall be a 1:4 slope in areas that are presently 1:6.

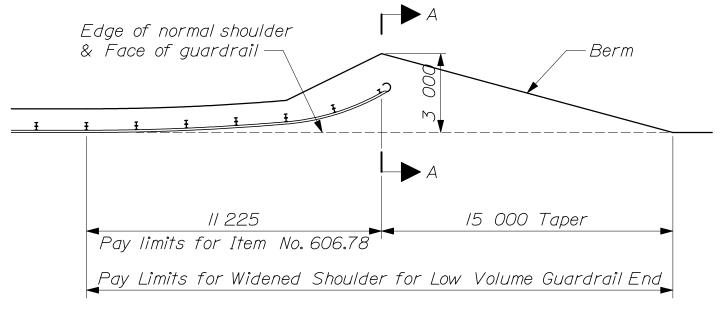
 The steepest slope shall be 1:3 in all other areas.

Note:

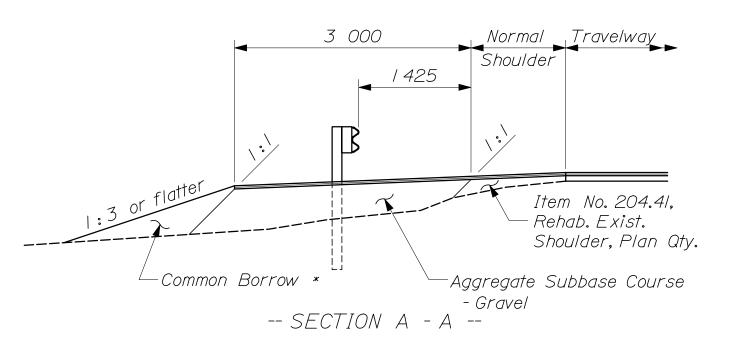
Widened Shoulder for M.E.L.T., when required, will be paid for under Item 606.752, complete in place, which price shall be full payment for furnishing, placing, grading, and compaction of aggregate subbase. Common Borrow, seed, mulch, loam, and Hot Bituminous Pavement will be paid for under the applicable items.



I. Layout dimensions are measured to the face of the guardrail beam. 2. Provide plate washers FWRO3 for the beam - to - post connections at the last seven (7) posts.



-- PLAN --

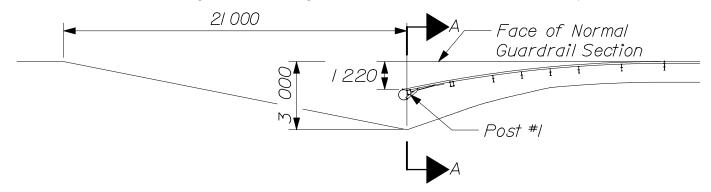


* Use adjacent or available excavation in place of Common Borrow unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

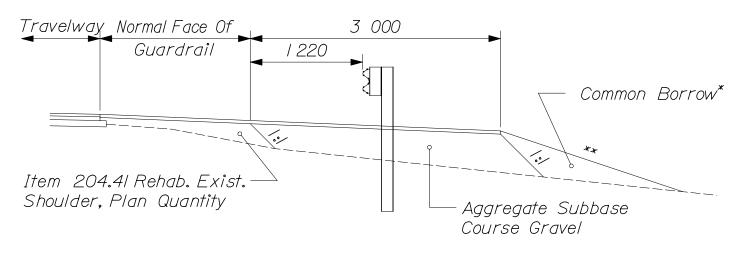
NOTE:

Widened Shoulder for Low Volume Guardrail End, when required, will be paid for under Item No. 606.753, complete in place, which price shall be full payment for furnishing, placing, grading and compacting of aggregate subbase. Common borrow, seed, mulch, loam and hot bituminous pavement will be paid for under the applicable pay items.

SHOULDER WIDENING FOR LOW VOLUME GUARDRAIL END 606(18) Use manufacturing installation guidelines for flare offset at each post *



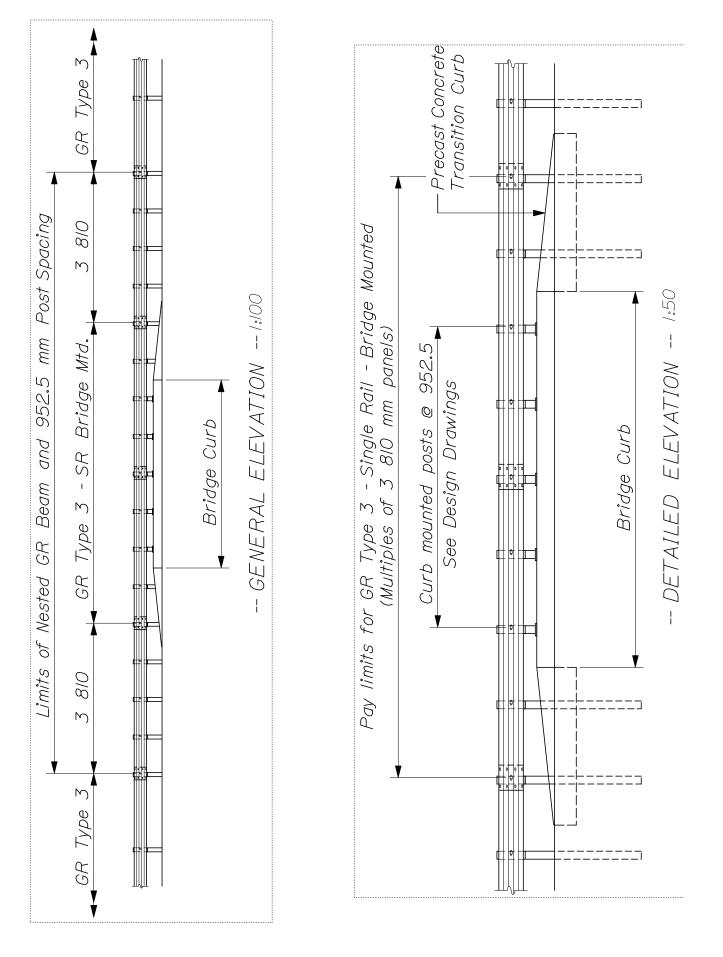
*Only a | 220 mm offset may be used at Post #|



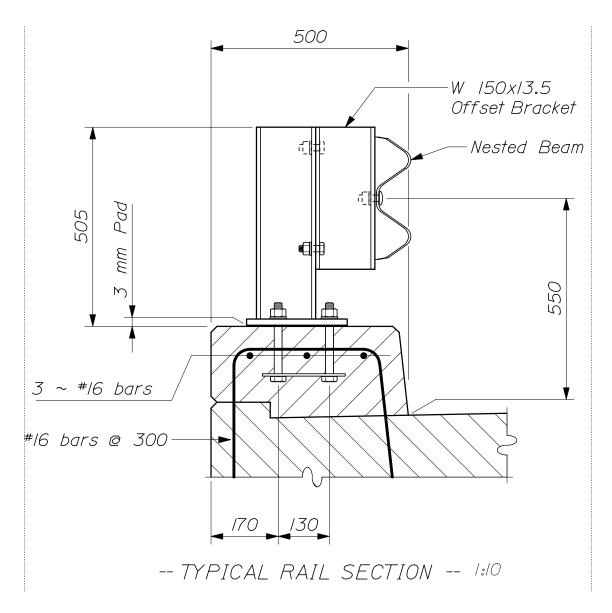
SECTION A-A

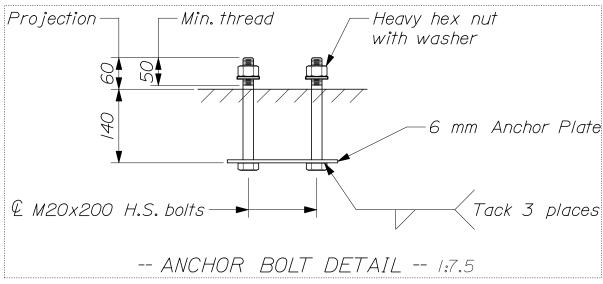
- * Adjacent or available excavation shall be used instead of Common Borrow unless otherwise directed by the Resident.
- ** This shall be a 1:4 slope in areas that are presently 1:6.

 The steepest slope shall be 1:3 in all other areas.

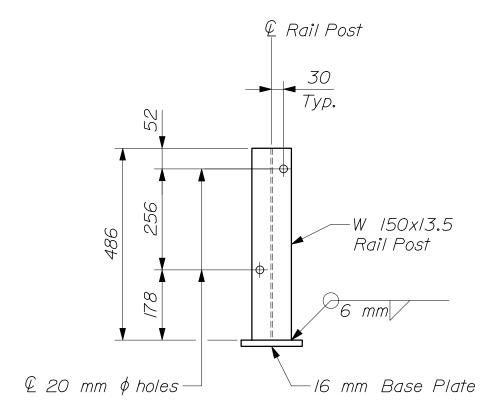


GUARDRAIL TYPE 3 - SINGLE RAIL BRIDGE MOUNTED 606(20)

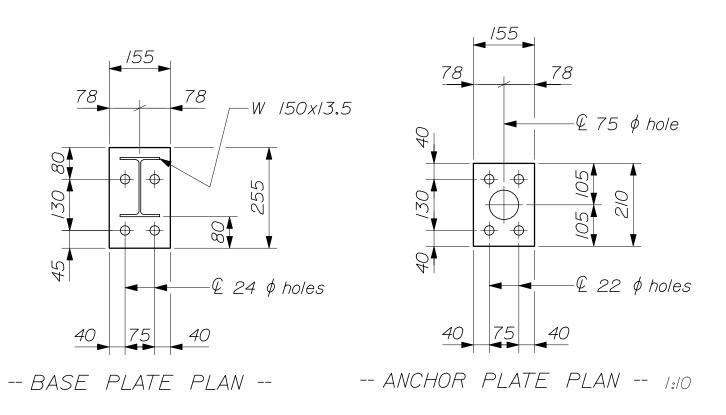




GUARDRAIL TYPE 3 - SINGLE RAIL BRIDGE MOUNTED 606(21)



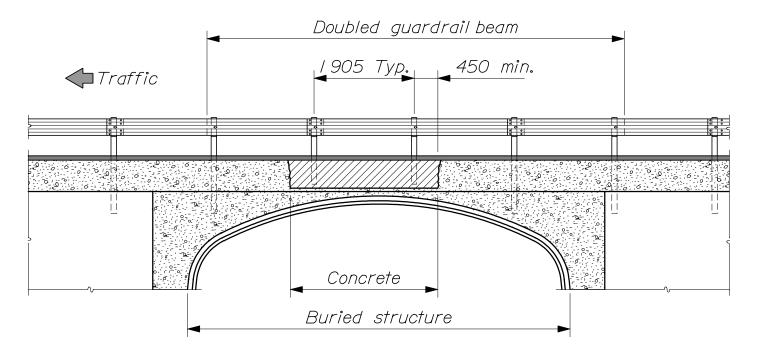
-- RAIL POST ELEVATION --



GUARDRAIL TYPE 3 - SINGLE RAIL BRIDGE MOUNTED 606(22)

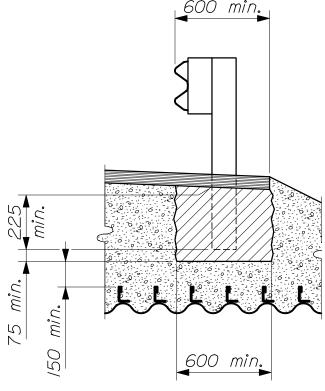
- I. All work and materials shall conform to the provisions of Section 507 Railings and Section 606 Guardrail of the Standard Specifications, as applicable.
- 2. All exposed cut or sheared edges shall be broken and free of burrs.
- 3. Curb mounted posts shall be set normal to grade unless otherwise shown.
- 4. Twenty five percent of the post to base welds in a production lot shall be tested by the Magnetic Particle Method. If rejectable discontinuities are found, another twenty five percent of that production lot shall be tested. If rejectable discontinuities are found in the second twenty five percent, all post to base welds in that lot shall be tested. Acceptance criteria shall be in accordance with the latest editon of the AWS DI.5 Bridge Welding Code.
- 5. All non stock parts shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with ASTM A 123, except that hardware shall meet the requirements of either ASTM A 153 or ASTM B 695, Class 50, Type I. Parts except hardware shall be blast cleaned prior to galvanizing in accordance with SSPC SP6.
- 6. Anchor bolts shall be set with a template. Nuts securing the post base shall be tightened to a snug fit and given an additional $\frac{1}{8}$ turn.
- 7. Nested guardrail beam and extra posts beyond the pay limits of the Bridge Mounted Guardrail will be paid for as twice the required length of Guardrail Type 3 Single Rail.
- 8. For details of the Concrete Transition Curb, refer to Standard Details Section 526, Concrete Transition Barrier. Payment for Concrete Transition Curb will be made under Item No. 609.247, Terminal Curb Type 2 2.1 m.

MATERIALS:



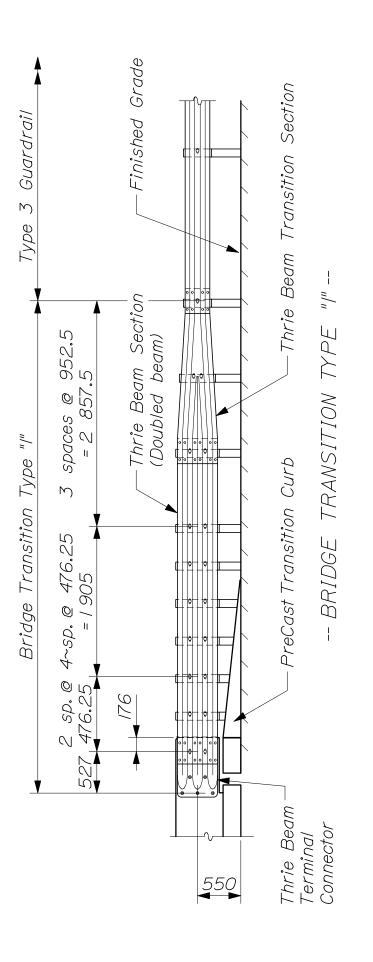
-- ELEVATION --

- I. Guardrail posts interfering with a buried structure shall be cut to length in the field and cast into a concrete base as shown. The concrete may be placed directly into a trench excavated in the subbase material. The concrete mix shall be Class "A". Payment will be considered incidental to the quardrail pay items.
- 2. Only galvanized steel posts are to be used for this application.
- 3. The guardrail beam shall be doubled at least one space beyond the limits of the cut posts. Any extra beam length shall be installed toward the leading end of the guardrail. Payment will be considered incidental to the guardrail pay items.
- 4. Payment for any hand work required to place pavement in this area will be considered incidental to the paving items.



-- GUARDRAII SFCTION --

GUARDRAIL TREATMENT OVER BURIED STRUCTURES 606(24)

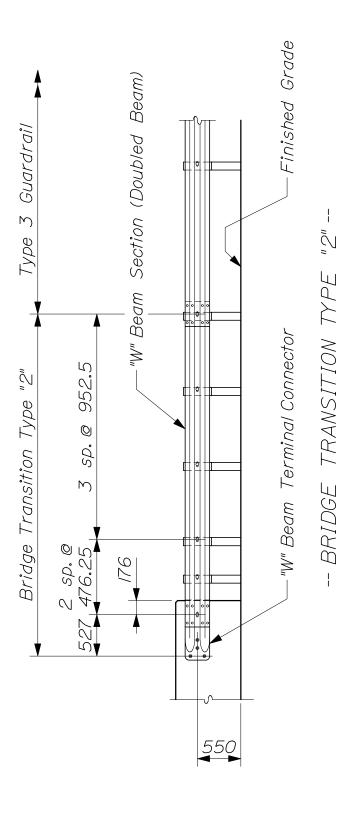


PARTS LIST:

Section (2)	Thrie Beam Transition Section (I)RWT0Ia	Thrie Beam Terminal Connector (I)	Thrie Beam Steel Post & Offset Block (8)PWE03, PWB02	OF	Thrie Beam Timber Post & Offset Block (8)
Thrie Beam Section (2)	Thrie Beam Transi	Thrie Beam Termir	Thrie Beam Steel H	Or	Thrie Beam Timber

Note: Part designations refer to details shown in "A Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware" as prepared and approved by the AASHTO - AGC - ARTBA Joint Committee, Task Force 13 Report.

BRIDGE TRANSITION TYPE "I" 606(25)



PARTS LIST:

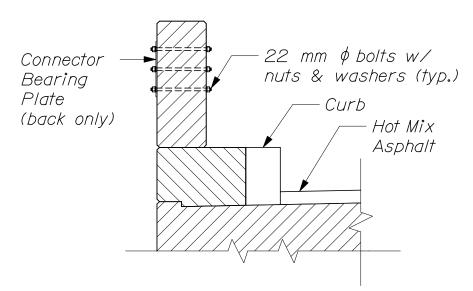
 RWE02a)
i	- 1	OF	

Note: Part designations refer to details shown in "A Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware" as prepared and approved by the AASHTO - AGC - ARTBA Joint Committee, Task Force I3 Report.

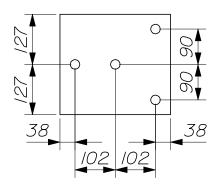
TERMINAL CONNECTOR NOTES

- I. Nuts, washers, 22 mm \$\phi\$ bolts, and Bearing Plate shall be incidental to Item 606.25. Nuts shall conform to A.S.T.M. A563, Grade DH, galvanized in accordanced with A.S.T.M. A153. Bolts shall be heavy hex structural bolt A.S.T.M. A325, Type I or 3, and galvanized in accordance with A.S.T.M. I53 Nuts shall also be heavy hex.
- 2. Terminal Connector anchorage shall be installed on the trailing end.
- 3. After installation of Guardrail is complete, upset threads on anchor bolts in three places around each bolt at the junction of the nut and the exposed thread with a center punch or similar tool.
- 4. Terminal Connector anchorage shall be paid under Item 606.25.
- 5. All accessories (posts, bolts. nuts, etc.) shall be as detailed for standard Type 3 Guardrail, except as otherwise detailed.
- 6. Field drilling for Terminal Connector, blockouts, and all hardware shall be considered incidental to Item 606.25, Terminal Connector.

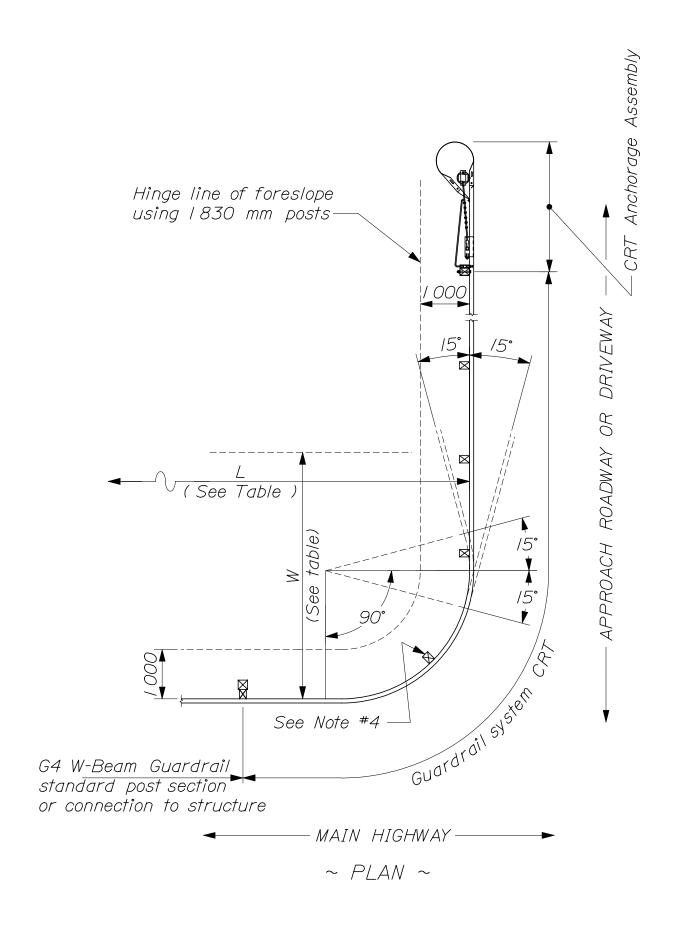
CROSS SECTION OF END POST



TERMINAL CONNECTOR BEARING PLATE

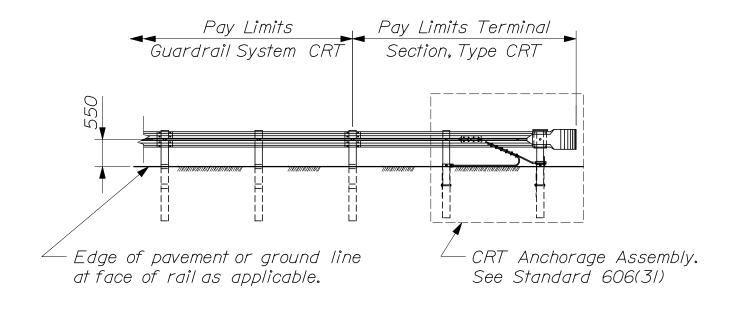


HOLES 24 mm ϕ (TYP.)



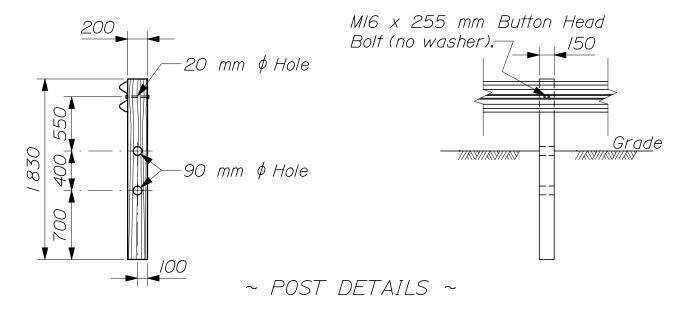
CABLE RELEASING TERMINAL CURVED W BEAM GUARDRAIL SYSTEM 606(28)

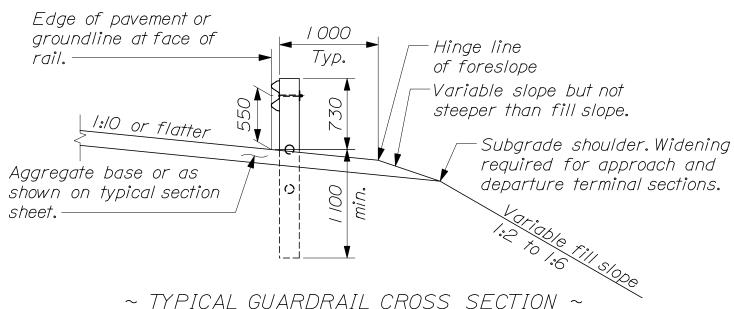
RADIUS METERS	ANGLE	NUMBER OF CRT POSTS	AREA FREE OF FIXED OBJECTS METERS	
2.6	75°-105°	5	L	W
			8.0	5.0
5.0	75°-90°	6	9.0	5.0
	90°-105°	7	9.0	5.0
8.0	75°	7		
	90°	8	12.0	6.0
	105°	9		
10.0	75°	9		
	90°	//	15.0	6.0
	105°	12		



~ ELEVATION ~

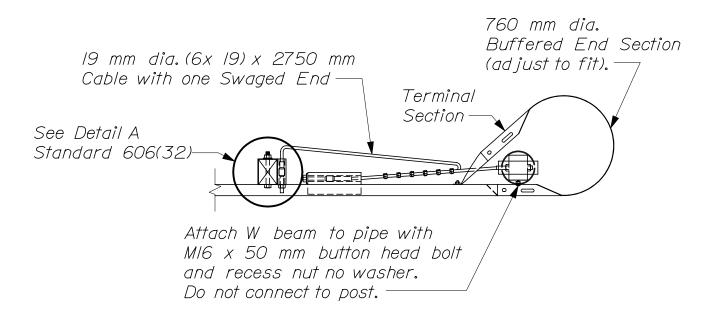
CABLE RELEASING TERMINAL CURVED W BEAM GUARDRAIL SYSTEM 606(29)



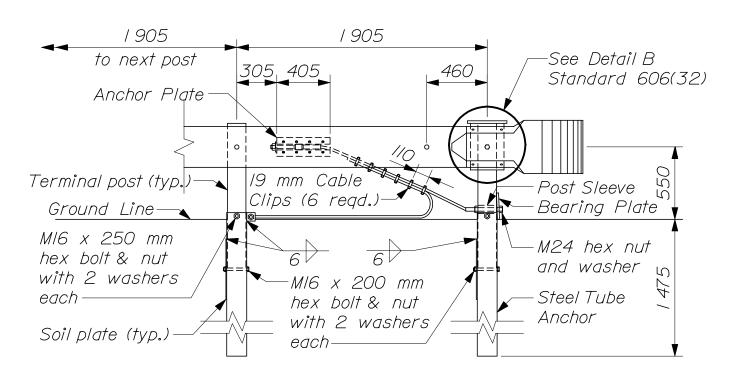


- I. Dimensional tolerances not shown or implied are intended to be those consistent with the proper functioning of the part, including its appearance, and accepted manufacturing practices.
- 2. The use of terminal section, Type CRT, is limited to driveways, road approaches and low speed minor road connections. Do not use on mainline roadways.
- 3. Do not bolt post to W beam for 2.6 m radius only.
- 4. Furnish hardware in the metric sizes shown. Equivalent imperial sizes may be used when metric sizes are not available.

CABLE RELEASING TERMINAL CURVED W BEAM GUARDRAIL SYSTEM 606(30)

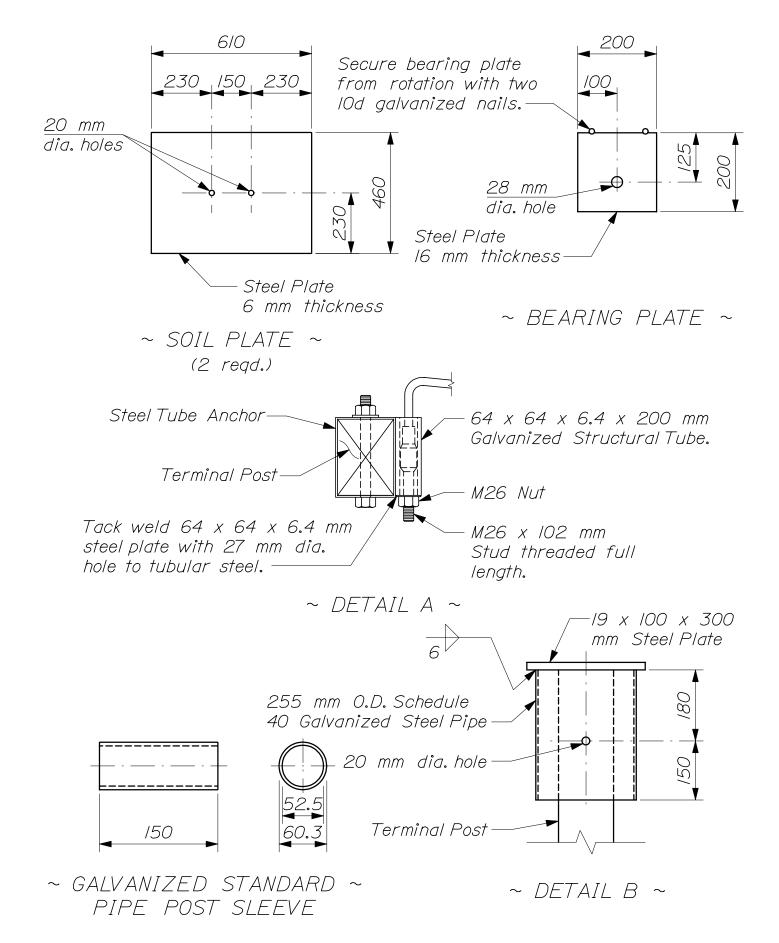


PLAN

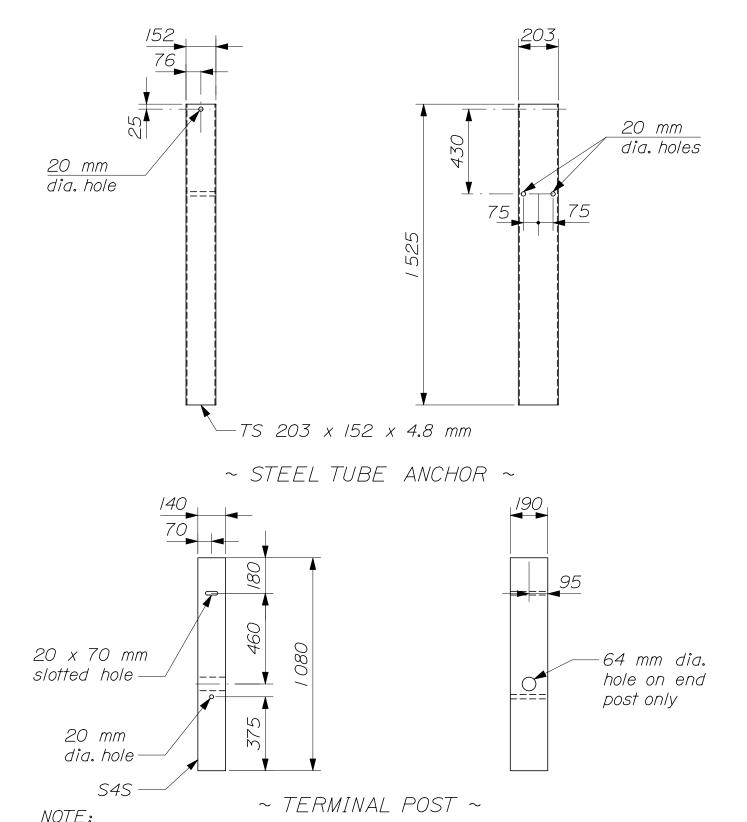


<u>ELEVATION</u>

CABLE RELEASING TERMINAL ANCHORAGE ASSEMBLY 606(31)



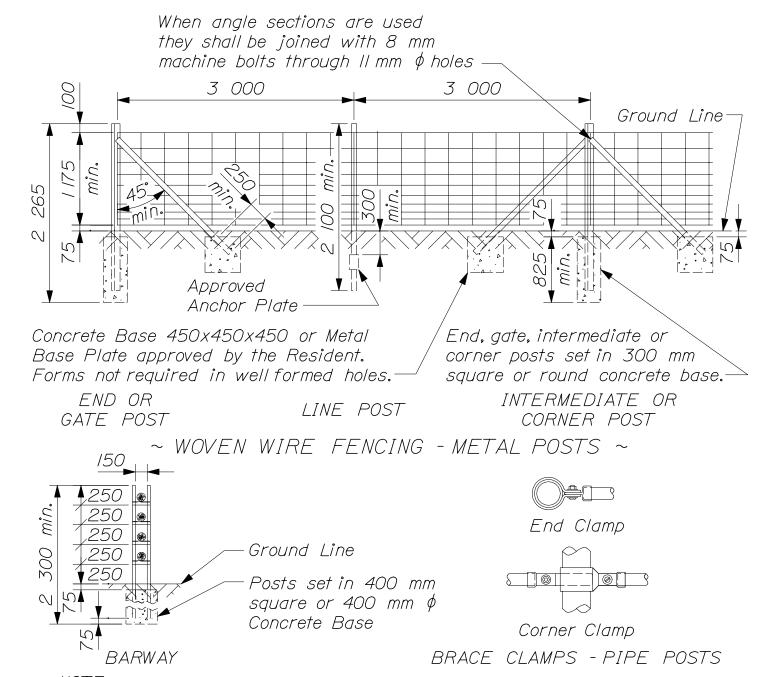
CABLE RELEASING TERMINAL HARDWARE 606(32)



- I. Dimensional tolerances not shown or implied are intended to be those consistent with the proper functioning of the part, including its appearance, and accepted manufacturing practices.
- 2. Furnish hardware in the metric sizes shown. Equivalent imperial sizes may be used when metric sizes are not available.

WOVEN WIRE FENCE	NOMINAL SIZE (millimeters)	SHAPE	WEIGHT (kg/m)	COMMENTS
End, Intermediate, & Corner Posts	64x64x6.4 5/ 5/	<i>Δ</i> φ φ	6.101 5.432 4.639	Grade I* w/Top Cap Grade 2* w/Top Cap
Gate Posts	89x89x7.9 64 64	<i>Δ</i> , φ φ	10.7 8.616 8.616	Grade I* w/Top Cap Grade 2* w/Top Cap
Line Posts	 32 32	Τ φ φ	1.979 3.378 2.732	Studded Grade I* w/Top Cap Grade 2* w/Top Cap
Braces	44x44x6.4 32 32	$\phi \\ \phi$	4.122 3.378 2.732	
CHAIN LINK FENCE	NOMINAL SIZE (millimeters)	SHAPE	WEIGHT (kg/m)	COMMENTS
End & Corner Posts	5/ I.D. 5/ I.D. 64x5/ 90x90	ф ф Н 4	5.432 4.639 6./0/ 7.649	Grade I* Grade 2* Integral Loops
Line Posts	38 I.D. 38 I.D. 48x4l 48x4l	ф ф Н С	4.048 3.394 4.018 3.393	Grade I* Grade 2*
Top & Brace Rails	32 I.D. 32 I.D. 41x32	φ φ 	3.378 2.738	Grade I* Grade 2*

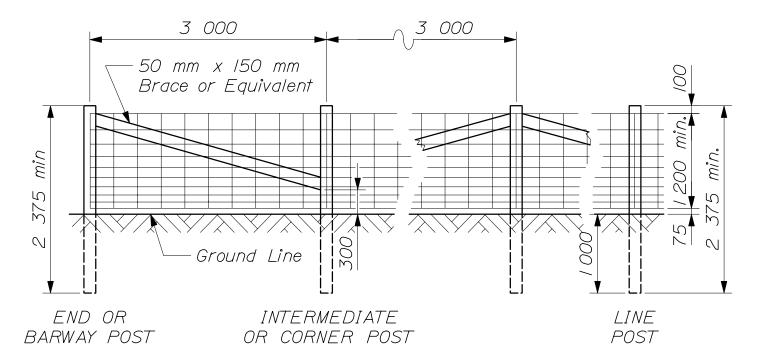
* AASHTO M 181 Par. 29.1



Metal posts shall be installed for a 5.0 m opening. Barway posts and braces shall conform to the requirements of "Gate Posts" and "Braces" under "Woven Wire Fencing - Metal Posts". Cross bar supports for barways shall be 44 mm x 44 mm x 6.4 mm rolled angle section. When round gate posts are used, the length of the cross bar supports shall equal the center-to-center of the posts plus 50 mm and they shall be attached to the barway post with 8 mm x 110 mm machine bolts. When angle section gate posts are used, the length of the cross bar supports shall be equal to the out-to-out dimensions of the angle sections and shall be attached with 8 mm x 25 mm machine bolts. All bracing shall conform to the requirements of "Woven Wire Fencing - Metal Posts". Cross bars shall be as required for "Barways - Wood Posts".

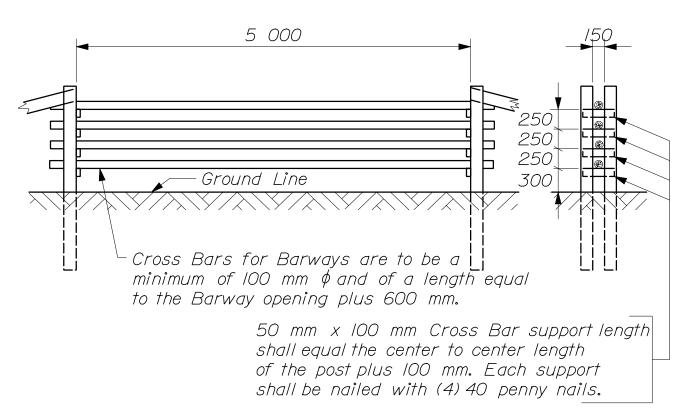
~ BARWAYS - METAL POSTS ~

FENCING



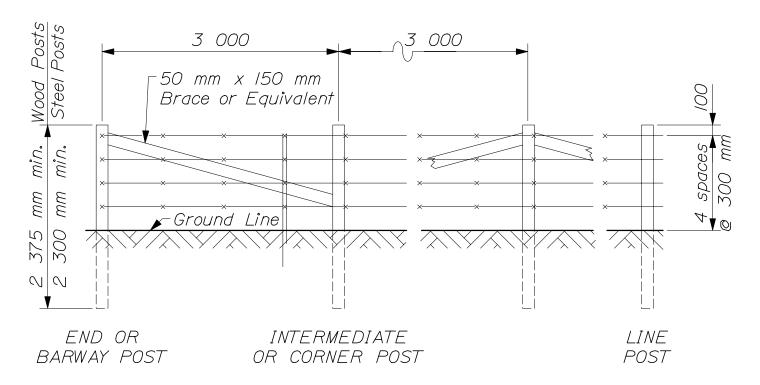
- I. Staples for wood posts are to be 4 mm \times 40 mm placed according to the Standard Specifications.
- 2. All end, corner, barway, and intermediate posts shall be braced as shown.

~ WOVEN WIRE FENCING - WOOD POSTS ~



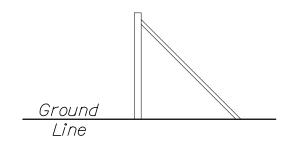
~ BARWAYS - WOOD POSTS ~

FENCING
607(03)

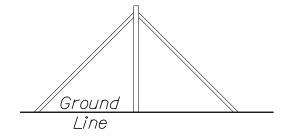


"Barbed Wire - Metal Posts" shall be constructed with the post and wire spacing shown above. Metal posts and braces shall conform to all of the requirements noted and shown for "Woven Wire Fencing - Metal Posts", including concrete bases.

BARBED WIRE FENCING - WOOD POSTS AND BARBED WIRE FENCING - METAL POSTS

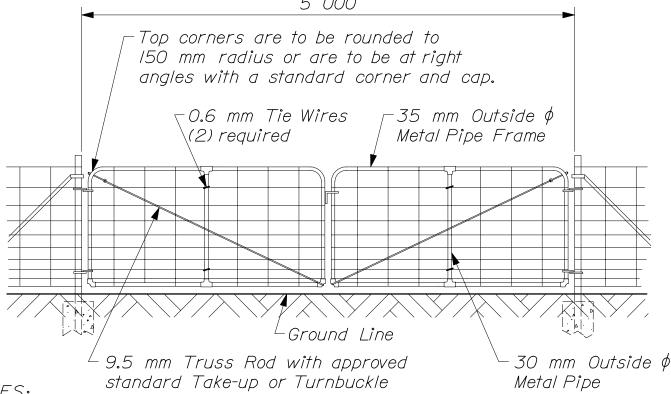


~ BRACING - TYPE I ~ and terminals



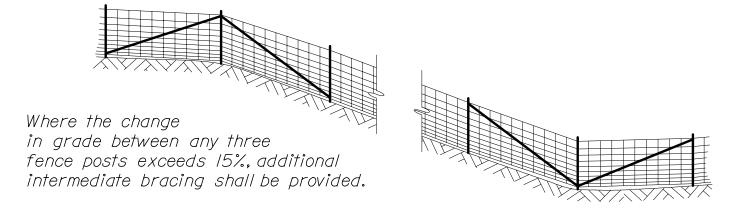
~ BRACING - TYPE II ~ used at gates, barways, used at corners, intermediate points, and changes in vertical alignment

BRACING ASSEMBLIES FOR WOVEN WIRE AND BARBED WIRE FENCING 607(04)

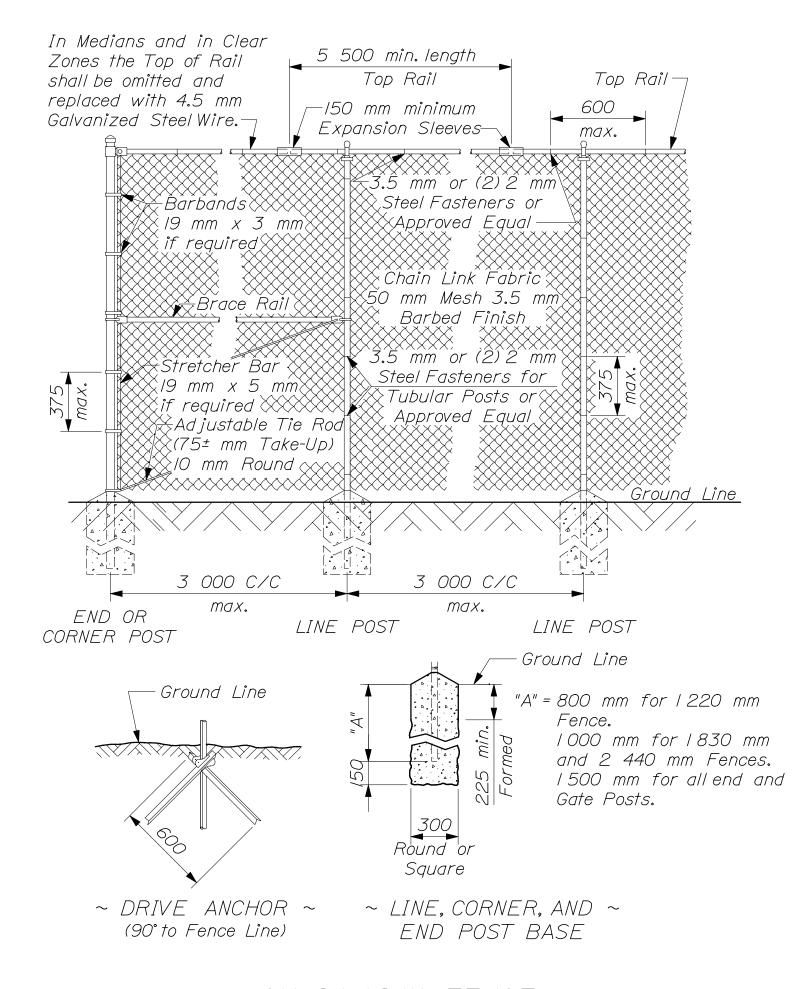


NOTFS:

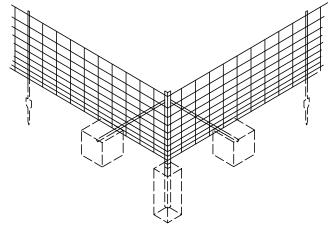
- I. Gate posts, braces and anchorages to be as specified under "Woven Wire Fencing - Metal Posts".
- 2. All gates shall be installed with the top hinge point pointing down.
- 3. Wire for gates shall conform to A.S.T.M. All6, Class I, Design No. 1047-12-11.
- 4. The required fittings for fence and gates shall be steel or malleable iron of an approved standard type.
- 5. Gates shall be furnished with a standard fork latch and one piece of 5 mm straight link alloy steel chain, 600 mm long. One end shall be attached to the gate frame and attached to the other end shall be a snap lock or other approved fastening device.



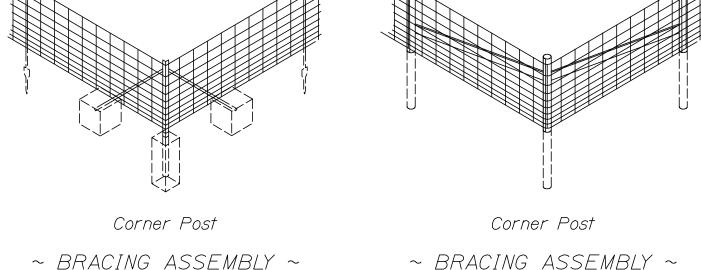
DRIVE GATEWAYS (5 METERS) & INTERMEDIATE BRACING 607(05)



CHAIN LINK FENCE 607(06)



BRACING ASSEMBLY ~ FOR METAL POSTS



305 mm Stay Wire Spacing, 3 mm Wire mmmm) 180 Ten Horizontal Wires: 2 mm, -/3 52 Top and Bottom ntermediate mm

Posts FOR WOOD POSTS B £ Highway 40 тт Right-of-Way Line Posts Fence NON-CONTROLLED Posts ACCESS FENCE B £ Highway 40 mmFence Posts

~ WOVEN WIRE FENCE

FENCE LOCATION WITH RESPECT TO ~ RIGHT OF WAY LINE

CONTROLLED ACCESS FENCE

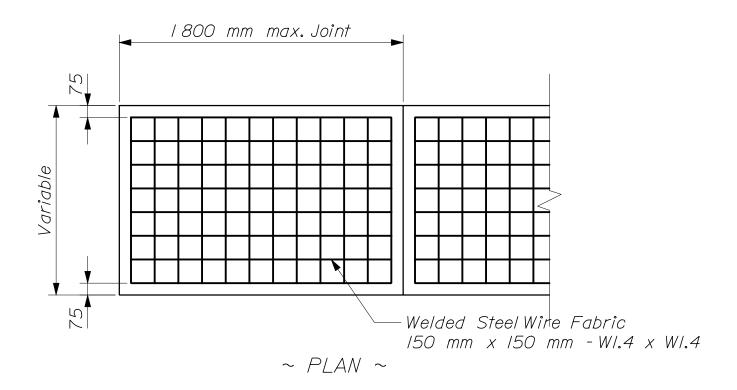
Right-of-Way Line

GENERAL NOTES

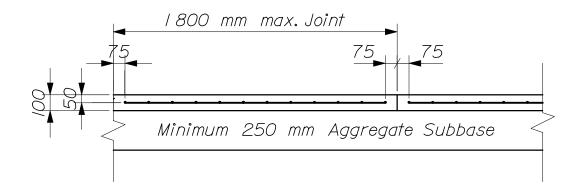
- I. When ledge is encountered, steel posts shall be set and grouted 300 mm deep unless the posts penetrate the ground to the depth indicated on the drawings.
- 2. When wood posts are used, braces shall be attached to the posts with a minimum of (4) 40 penny nails per attachment.
- 3. When the word "Standard" is used, it shall be interpreted as if it were followed by the expression "To The Fence Industry".
- 4. Woven wire and barbed wire fencing shall be attached to wood posts with 4 mm x 40 mm galvanized staples.
- 5. Concrete for post foundations shall be Class B.
- 6. In well formed holes with vertical walls, forms will be required only at the top 225 mm. Holes which cannot be well formed shall have forms for the full depth of the base.

SPACING OF FENCE POSTS ON CURVES

RADIUS OF CURVE AT FENCE LOCATION	NORMAL POST SPACING
Over 150 m-	
Over 60 m to 150 m-	2.5 m
Over 30 m to 60 m —	2.0 m
30 m and Less—————	



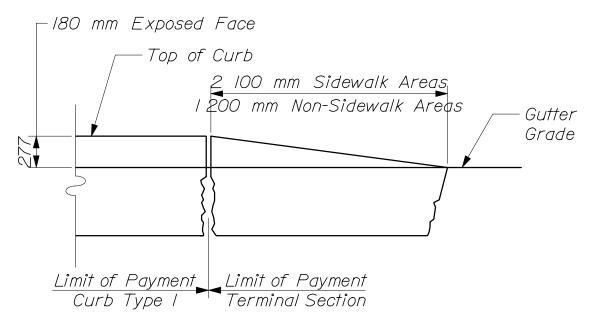
NOTE: Sidewalk shall conform to Standard Specifications Section 608.



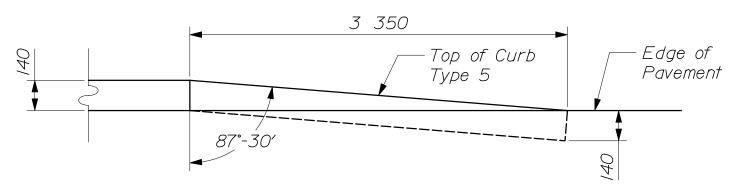
~ ELEVATION ~

REINFORCED PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK

CURB TYPES 1,2 & 5 ON CURVES							
T _Y PE	RADIUS OF CURVE	LENGTH	PAID FOR AS	STONE IS CUT OR CAST			
/	O to 20 m incl.	l 200 min.	Circular	Arc to Fit Curve			
& 2	20 m to 50 m	1 200 to 1 800	Straight	Straight Pieces			
5	0 to 2.5 m incl.	600 min.	Circular	To Fit Curve			
	2.5 m to 10 m incl.	300 min.Chord	Circular	Str. Pieces, Radial Ends			
	10 m to 50 m incl.	600 to 1 000	Straight	Straight Pieces			
	50 m and over	1000 to 1800	Straight	Straight Pieces			

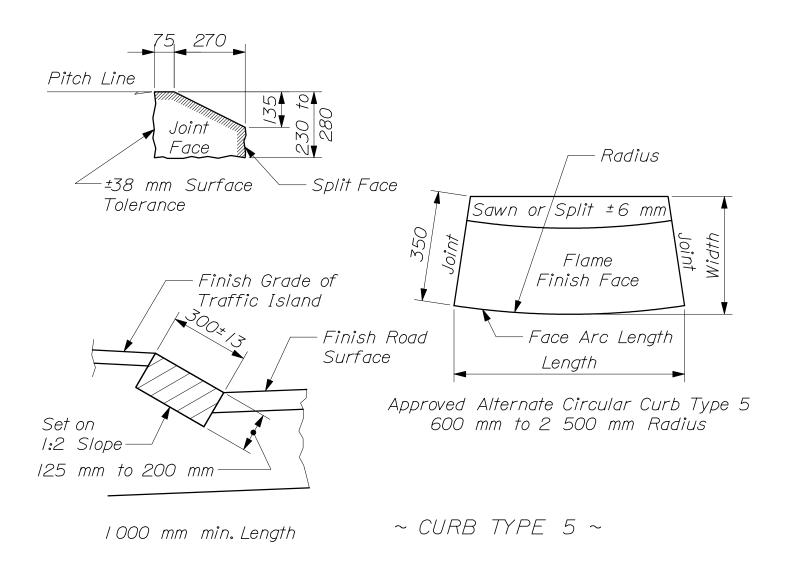


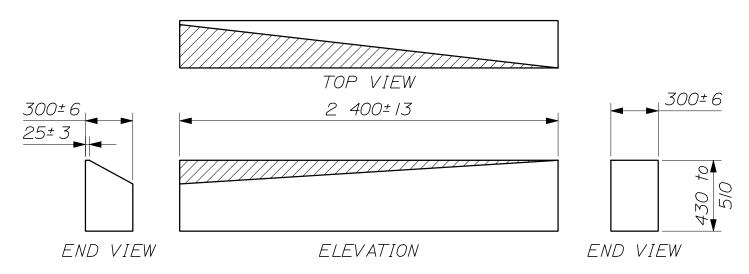
~ TERMINAL SECTION TYPE "/" ~



~ TERMINAL SECTION TYPE "5" ~ (use when shown on plans only)

TERMINAL CURB SECTION
609(01)

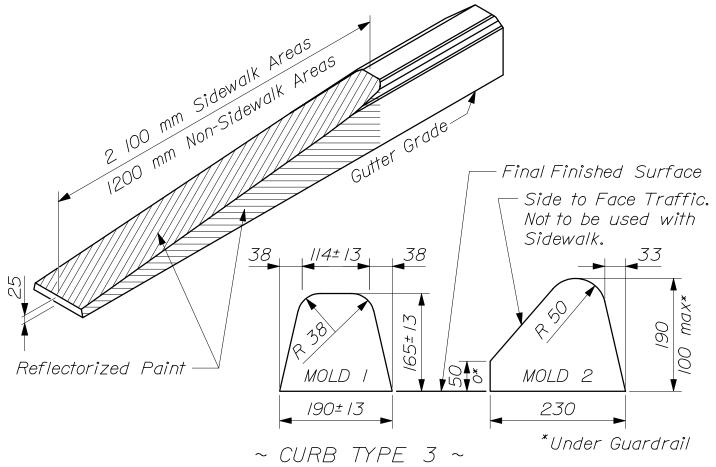




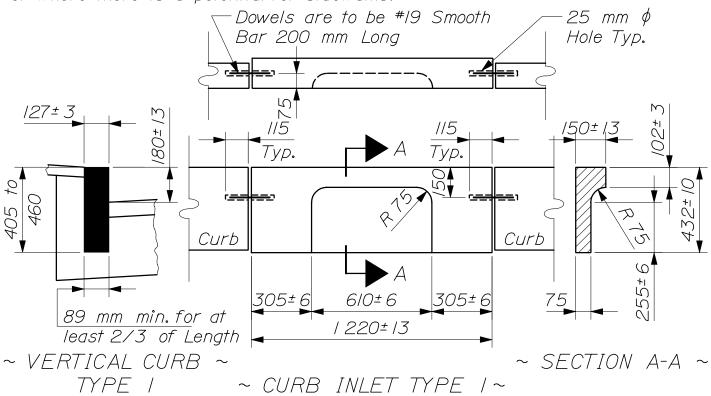
Transition Section "B"

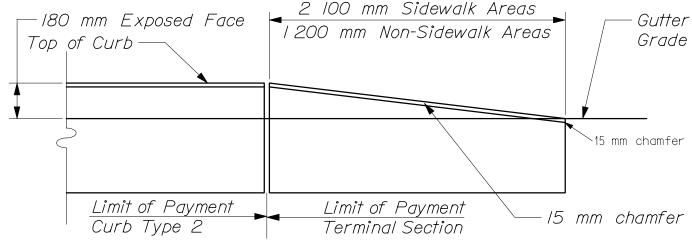
Curb Type "5" to Vertical Curb Type "1" & Type "2"

~ CURB TRANSITION ~

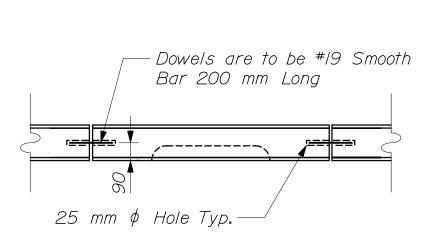


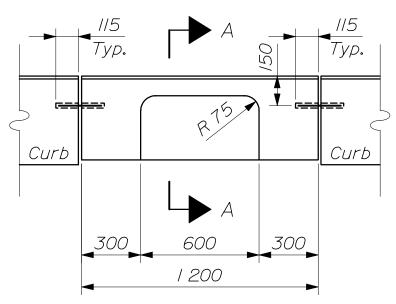
Curb Mold 2 will be used in all situations except for where the curb forms the edge of the sidewalk. Mold I shall be used in conjunction with sidewalks or where there is a potential for sidewalks.



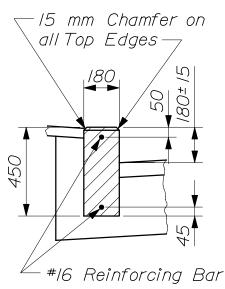


~ TERMINAL SECTION TYPE 2 ~

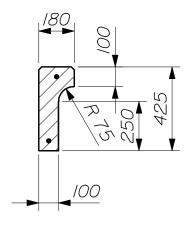




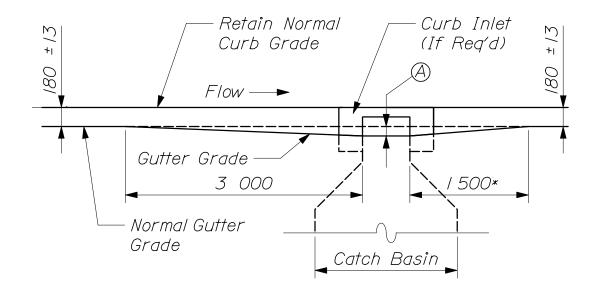




~ VERTICAL CURB ~ TYPE 2



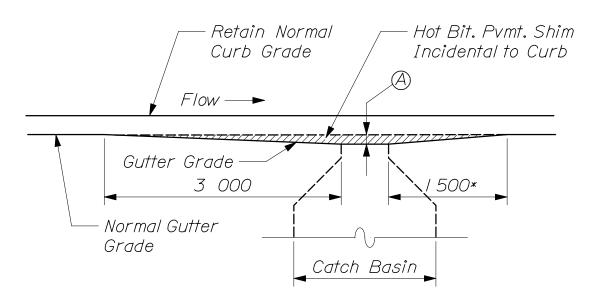
CURB609(04)



~ AT CURB INLETS ~

(A) For Parking Lane = 50 mm Adjacent to Travel Lane = 0 mm

* Dimension to be 3 000 mm if at bottom of a sag.

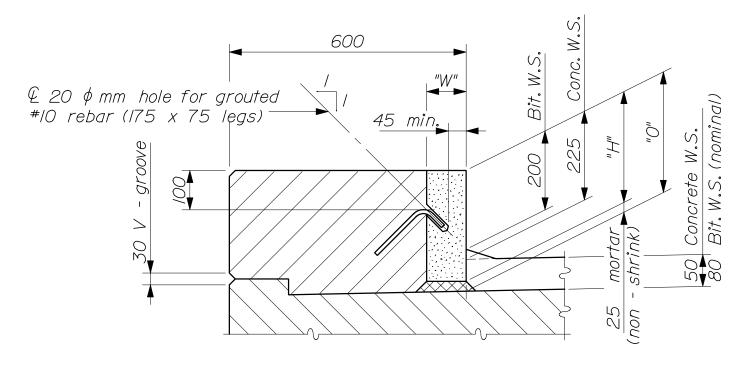


~ AT CURB WITHOUT INLET STONES ~

NOTE:

Grates shall be installed on gradient of the gutter and be depressed 50 mm below the normal gutter grade unless this depression interferes with traffic.

GUTTER GRADE TRANSITION AT CATCH BASIN 609(05)



-- VERTICAL BRIDGE CURB DETAIL --

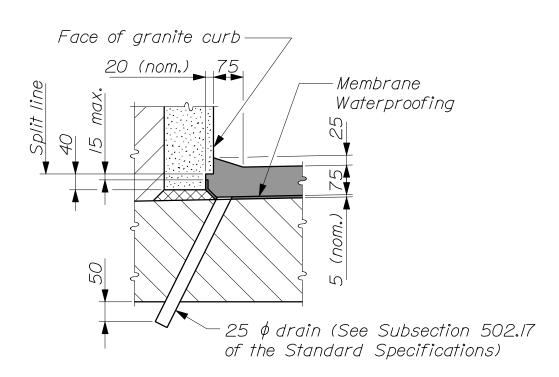
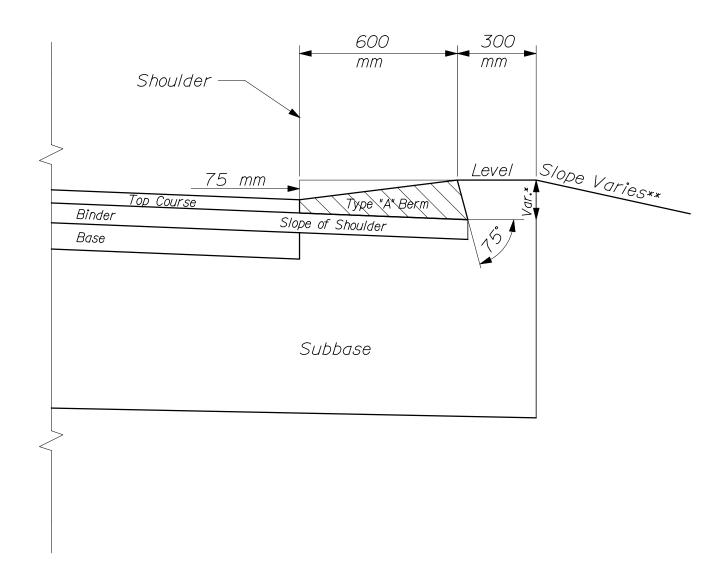


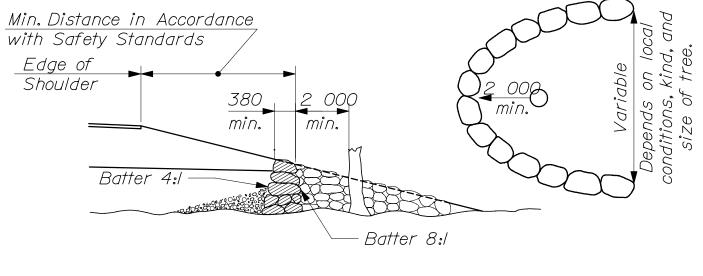
TABLE OF					
DIMENSIONS					
Type IA					
(Concrete W.S.)					
"W"	100 5				
"H"	250 5				
"O"	275				
Type IB					
(Bituminous W.S.)					
"W"	125 5				
"H"	280 5				
"0"	305				
·	·				

-- TYPE IB NOTCH DETAIL --

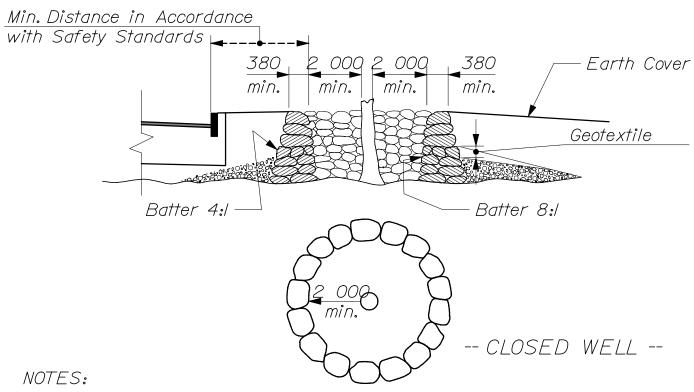
BITUMINOUS CONCRETE BERM - TYPE "A"



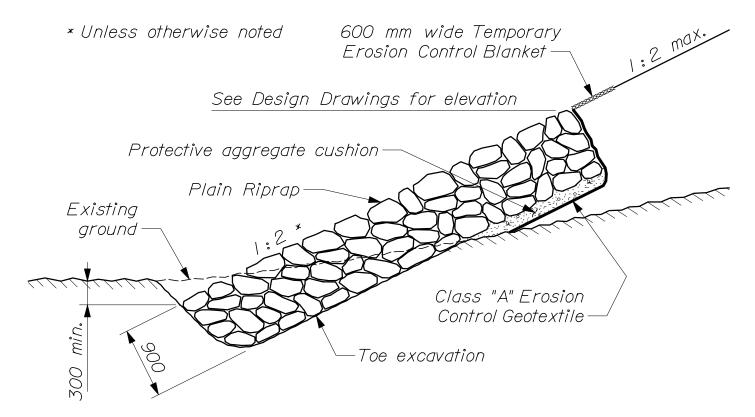
- * This dimension varies with the thickness of the top course and slope of shoulder.
- * * See typical sections for project.



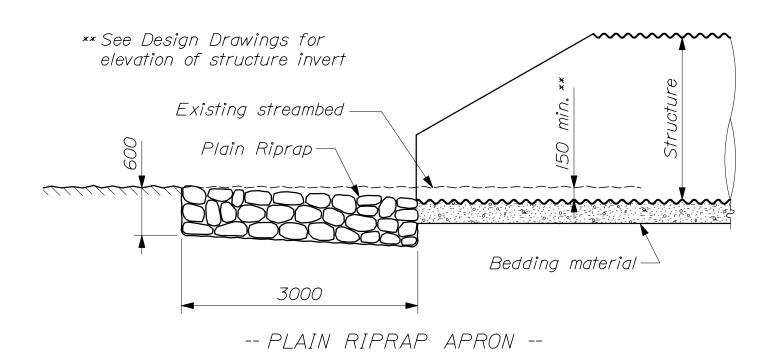
-- OPEN WELL --



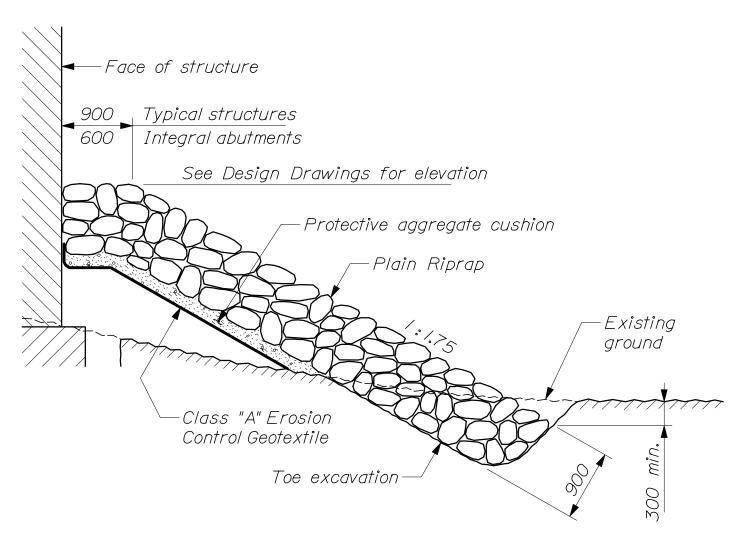
- I. Selected ledge excavation, crushed stone or other porous material shall be used to fill around the old ground area of the tree from the tree well to the perimeter of the branches.
- 2. A Geotextile to prevent infiltration of fines shall be placed over the rock fill.
- 3. If drainage away from the tree well is necessary, Underdrain Outlet Pipe shall be used, and will be paid for under Item 605.10 150 mm Underdrain Outlet.
- 4. The Tree Wells shall be paid for under Item 610.09 Hand Laid Riprap.



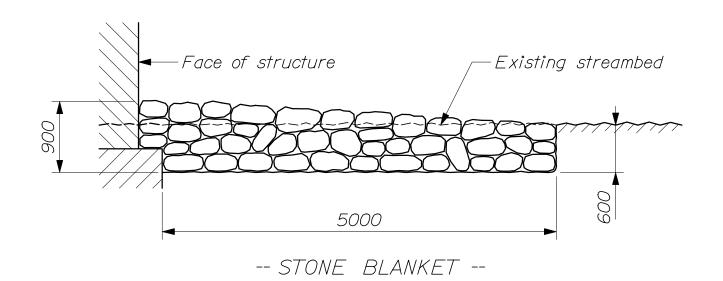
-- PLAIN RIPRAP SIDE SLOPE -- (Refer to Page 620(05) for specific details on geotextile placement)



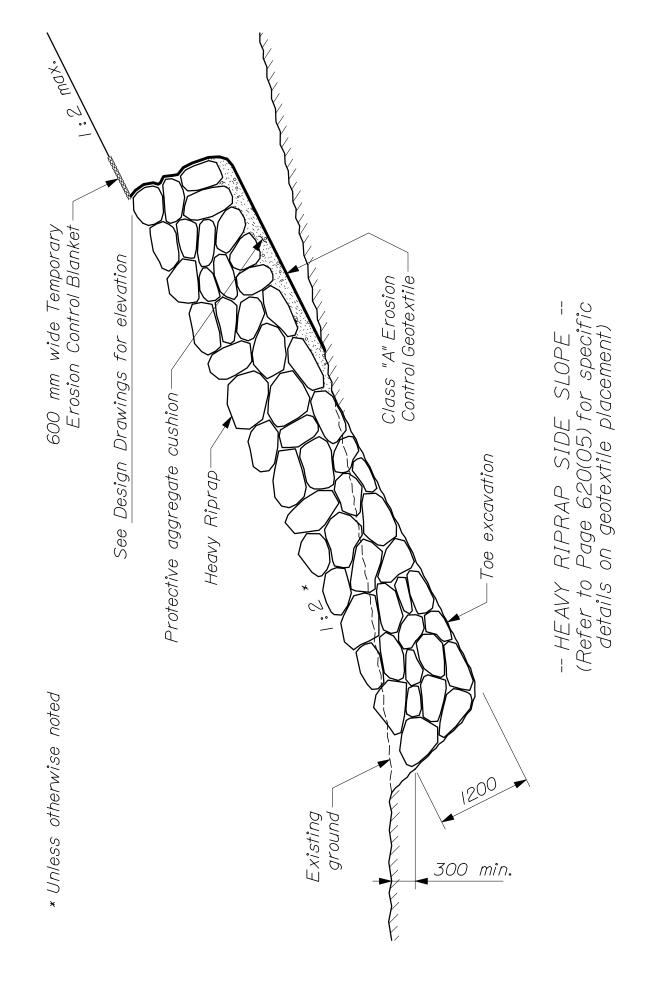
STONE SCOUR PROTECTION
6/0(02)



-- PLAIN RIPRAP SLOPE AT STRUCTURES --Refer to Page 620(05) for specific details on geotextile placement

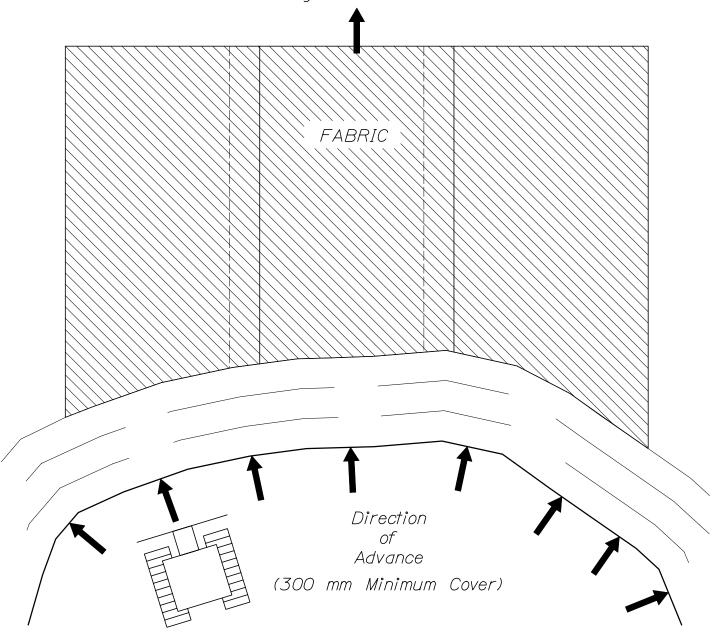


STONE SCOUR PROTECTION
6/0(03)

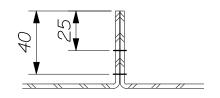


STONE SCOUR PROTECTION
6/0(04)

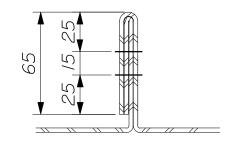
Machine (long) Direction of Geotextile



PLACEMENT OF FIRST LIFT OF COVER MATERIAL TO ~ TENSION GEOTEXTILE ON MODERATE GROUND CONDITIONS ~ (NO MUD WAVE).

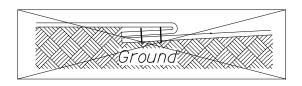


FLAT or PRAYER Seam
Type SSA-2



J Seam Type SSN-I

~ TYPES OF SEAMS ~

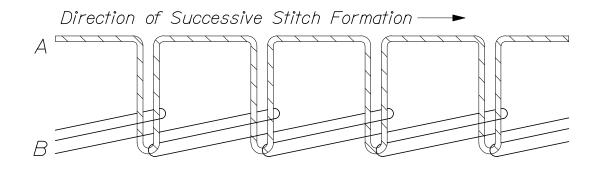


Improper Placement (cannot inspect or repair)



Proper Placement (seam up)

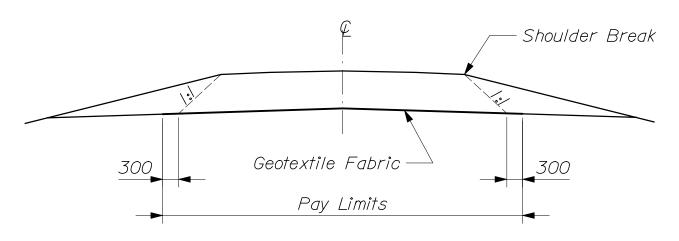
~ SFAM PLACEMENT ~



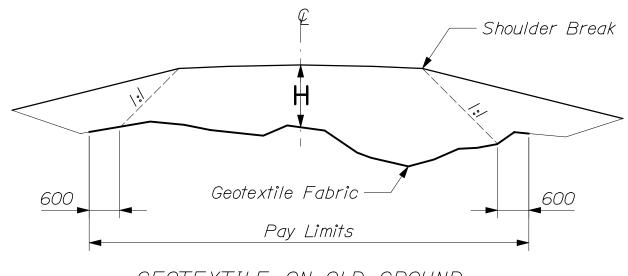
~ CLASS 401 TYPE STITCH ~

NOTF:

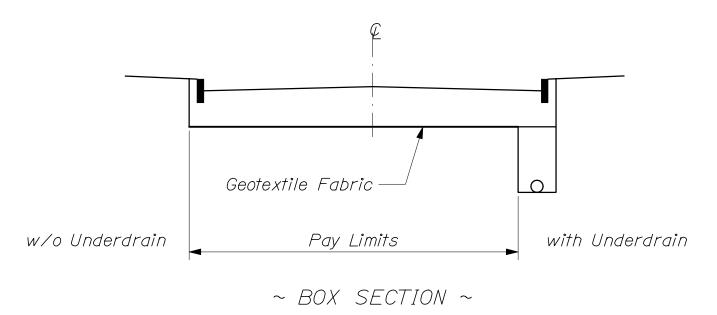
This type of stitch shall be formed with two threads: one needle thread "A", and one looper thread, "B". loops of thread "A" shall be passed through the material and interlaced and interlooped with loops of thread "B". The interloopings shall be drawn against the underside of the bottom ply of material.



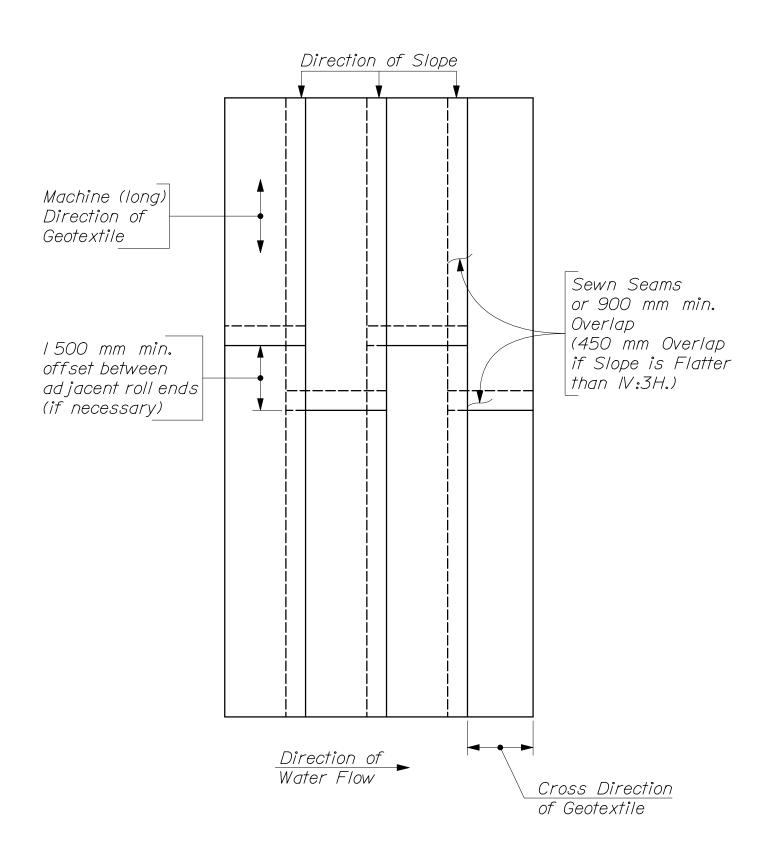
~ GEOTEXTILE AT SUBGRADE ~



~ GEOTEXTILE ON OLD GROUND ~

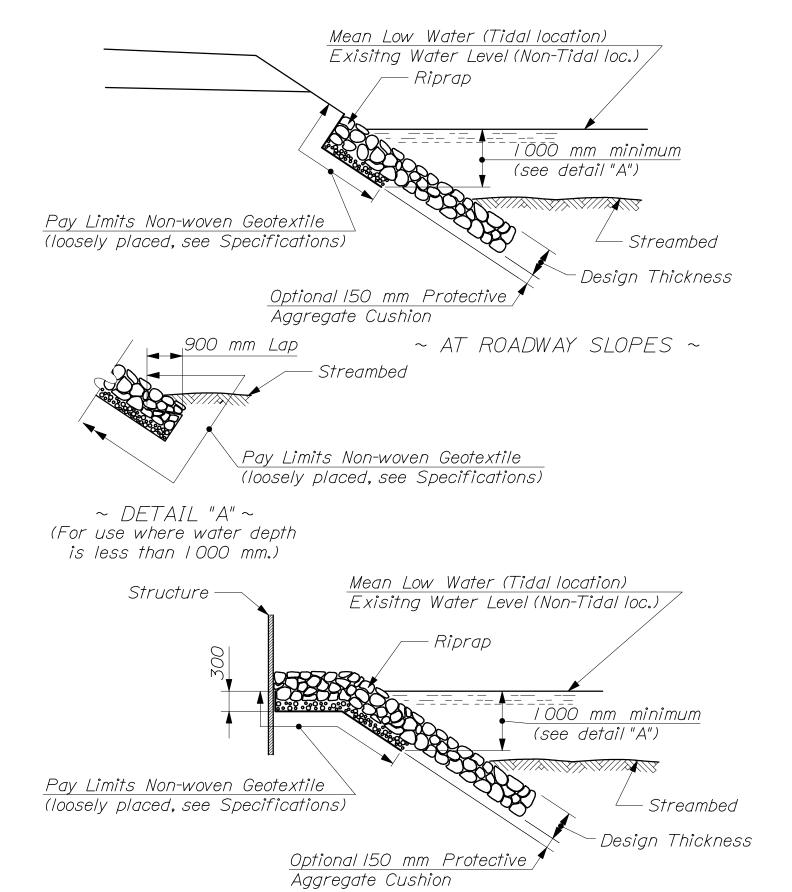


LATERAL LIMITS IN A ROADWAY



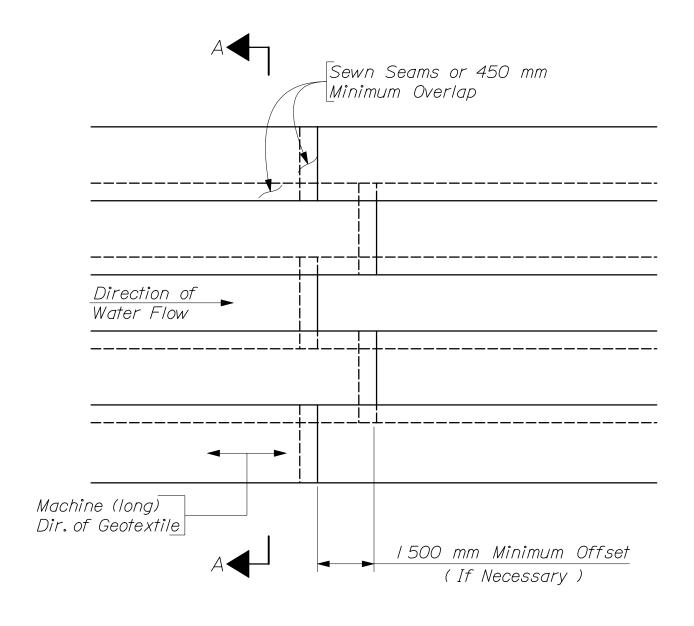
~ PLAN VIEW ~

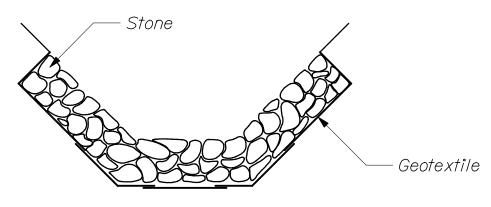
GEOTEXTILE PLACEMENT FOR PROTECTION OF SLOPES ADJACENT TO STREAMS & TIDAL AREAS



GEOTEXTILE PLACEMENT FOR PROTECTION OF SLOPES ADJACENT TO STREAMS & TIDAL AREAS

~ AT STRUCTURF ~



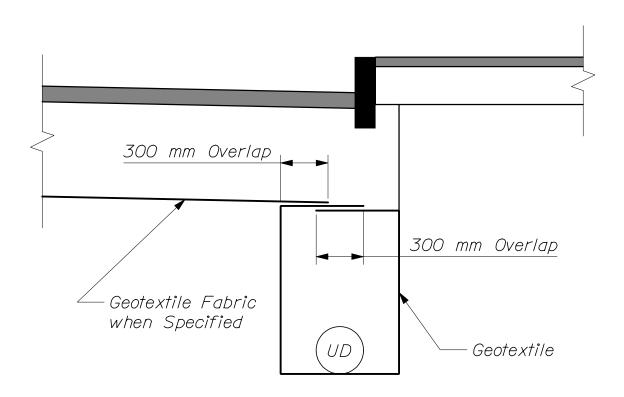


~ SECTION A - A ~

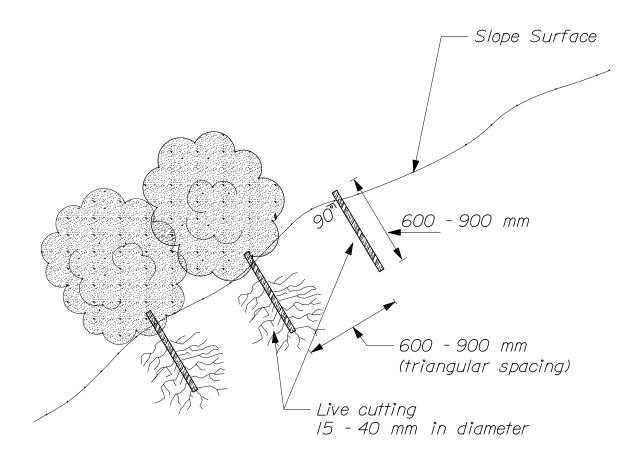
GEOTEXTILE PLACEMENT SCHEME FOR
PROTECTION OF DITCHES, SHALLOW CHANNELS, ETC.
620(06)

SLOPE VERTICAL:HORIZONTAL	PIN SPACING ALONG OVERLAPS (CENTER TO CENTER)	
1:3 TO 1:4	1 000 mm	
1:4 OR FLATTER	1 200 mm	

PIN SPACING FOR OVERLAPPED GEOTEXTILE ON SLOPES FLATTER THAN IV:3H (OPTIONAL)



GEOTEXTILE LINED UNDERDRAIN TRENCH



NOTE: Rooted/leafed condition of the living plant material is not representative of the time of installation.

LIVE STAKING

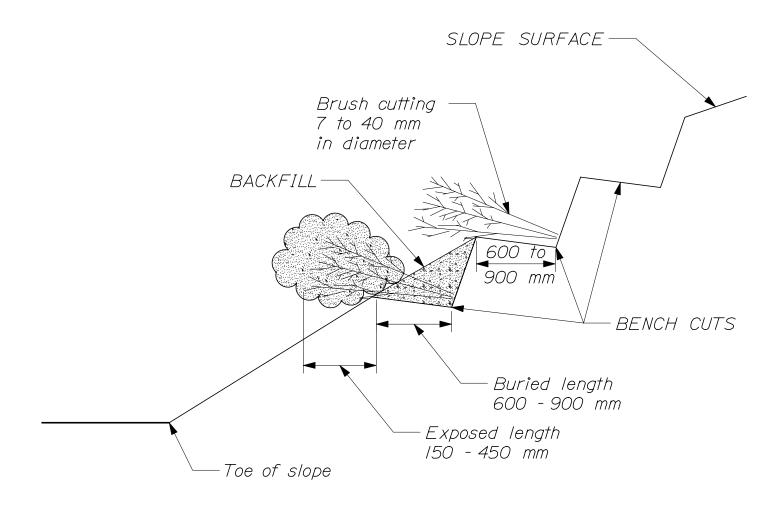
Live material sizes - The cuttings are usually 15 to 40 mm in diameter and 600 to 900 mm long as shown in the detail above. For final size determination, refer to the available cutting source.

LIVE MATERIAL PREPARATION

- I.The materials must have side branches cleanly removed and the bark intact.
- 2. The basal ends should be cut at an angle for easy insertion into the soil. The top should be cut square.
- 3. Materials should be installed the same day that they are prepared.

INSTALLATION

- I. Tamp the live stake into the ground at right angles to the slope. The installation may be started at any point on the slope face.
- 2. The live stakes should be installed 600 to 900 mm apart using triangular spacing. The density of the installation will range from 2 to 4 stakes per square yard.
- 3. The buds should be oriented up.
- 4. Four-fifths of the length of the live stake should be installed into the ground and soil firmly packed around it after installation.
- 5. Do not split the stakes during installation. Stakes that split should be removed and replaced.
- 6. An iron bar can be used to make a pilot hole in firm soil. Drive the stake into the ground with a dead blow hammer (hammer head filled with shot or sand).



NOTE: Rooted/leafed condition of living plant material is not representative of the time of installation.

BRUSH LAYERING

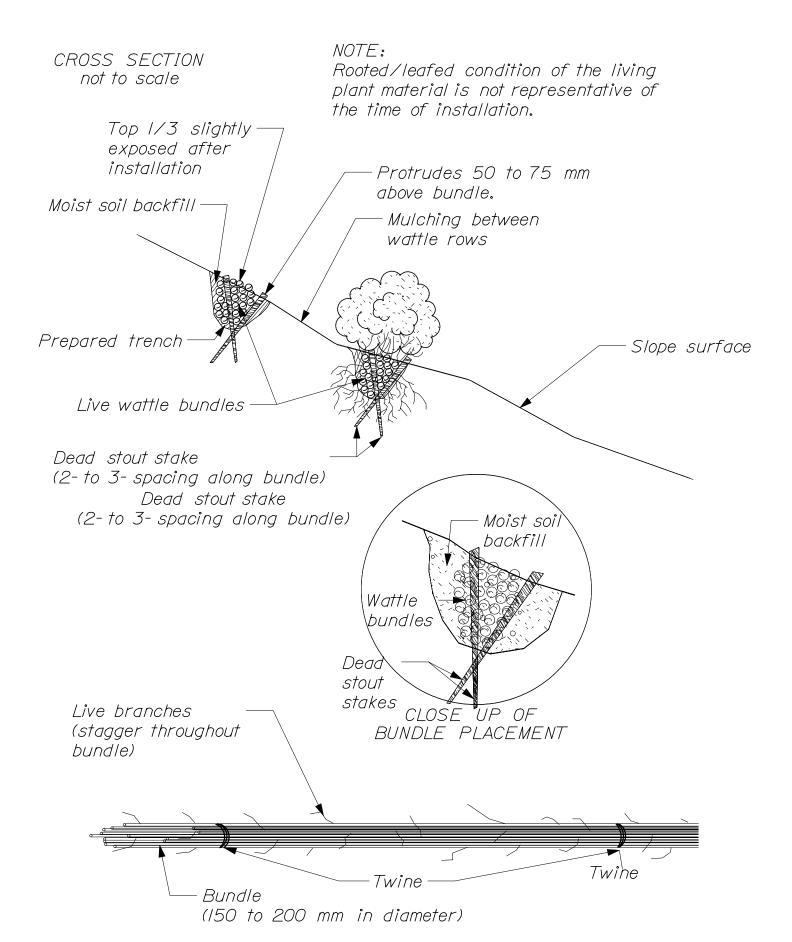
Live Material Sizes - Branch cuttings should be 7 to 40 mm in diameter and long enough to reach the back of the bench. Side branches should remain intact for installation.

INSTALLATION

- I. Starting at the toe of the slope, benches should be excavated horizontally, on the contour, or angled slightly down the slope, if needed to aid drainage. The bench should be constructed 600 to 900 mm wide.
- 2. The surface of the bench should be sloped so that the outside edge is higher than the inside.
- 3. Branch growing tips shoud be aligned toward the outside of the bench.
- 4. Backfill is placed on top of the branches, compacted, and watered-in to eliminate air spaces.
- 5. The brush tips should extend slightly beyond the fill to filter sediment.
- 6. Long straw or similar mulching material with seeding should be placed between rows on 1:3 or flatter slopes. Side slopes steeper than 1:3 should have temporary erosion control blanket or Erosion Control Mix placed.
- 7. The brushlayer rows should vary from 900 to 1500 mm apart depending upon the slope angle and stability.

BRUSHLAYER INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

SLOPE DISTANCE BETWEEN BENCHES					
Slope	Wet slopes (mm)	Dry slopes (mm)			
2:1 to 2.5:1 2.5:1 to 3:1 3.5:1 to 4:1	900 900 1200	900 1200 1500			



LIVE WATTLES
621(05)

Live materials - Cuttings must be from species, such as young willow or shrub dogwoods, that root easily and have long, straight branches 7 to 25 mm diameter. (See Bioengineering Plant Material list.)

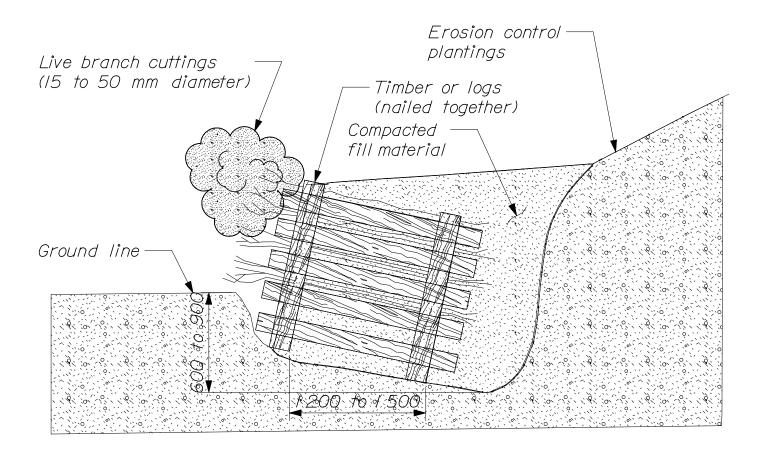
LIVE MATERIAL SIZES AND PREPARATION

- I. Cuttings tied together to form live wattle bundles vary on length from 1500 to 9 000 mm or longer, depending on site conditions and limitations in handling.
- 2. The completed bundles should be 150 to 200 mm in diameter with all the growing tips oriented in the same direction. Stagger the cuttings in bundles so that tops are evenly distributed throughout the length of the uniformly sized live wattle. (12 to 15 cuttings per bundle)
- 3. Inert materials String used for bundling should be untreated twine.
- 4. Dead stout stakes used to secure the live wattles should be 750 mm long, untreated 50 x 100 mm lumber. Each length should be cut again diagonally across the 100 mm face and make two stakes from each length. Only new, sound, unused lumber should be used, and any stakes that split upon installation should be discarded.

INSTALLATION

- I. Prepare the live wattle bundles immediately before installation.
- 2. Beginning at the base of the slope, dig a trench on the contour just large enough to contain the live wattle. The trench will vary in width from 300 to 450 mm depending on the angle of the slope to be treated. The depth will be 150 to 200 mm depending the size of individual bundles.
- 3 Place the live wattle into the trench. Minimum 300 mm overlap.
- 4. Drive the dead stout stakes directly through the live wattle every 600-900 mm along its length.
- 5. Extra stakes should be used at connection or bundle overlaps. Leave the top of the stakes flush with the installed bundle. Min of 2 stakes per bundle.
- 6. Place moist soil along the sides of the live wattles. The top of the wattle should be slightly visible when the installation is completed.
- 7. Next, at intervals on contour or at an angle up the face of the bank, repeat the above steps to the top of slope. When possible, place one or two rows over the top of slope.
- 8. Long straw or similar mulching material should be placed between rows on 2.5: I or flatter slopes, while slopes steeper than 1:2.5 should have temporary erosion control blanket placed in addition to the mulch.

LIVE WATTLES
CONSTRUCTION & INSTALLATION NOTES
621(06)

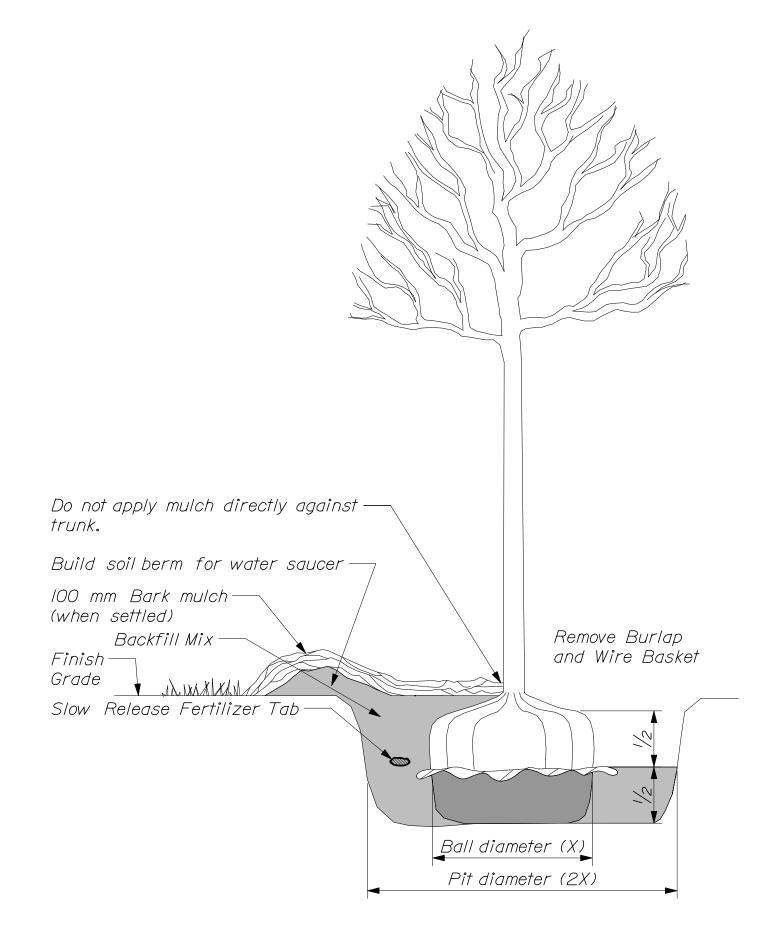


NOTE:
Rooted/leafed condition of the living plant material is not representative of the time of installation.

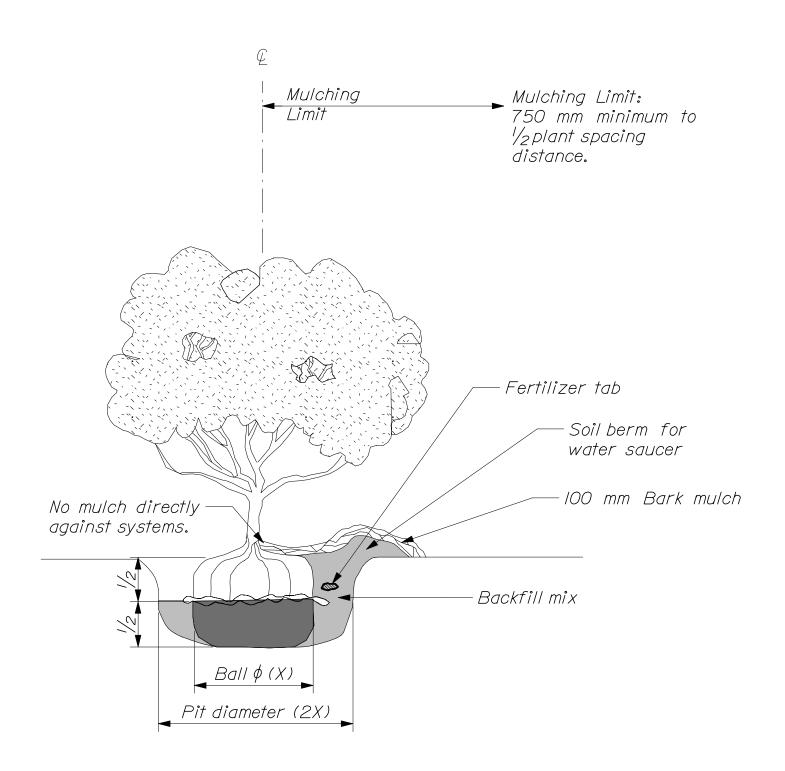
- I. Live material sizes Live branch cuttings should be 15 to 50 mm in diameter and long enough to reach the back of the wooden crib structure.
- 2. Inert materials Logs or timbers should range from 100 to 150 mm in diameter or dimension. The lengths will vary with the size of the crib structure.
- 3. Large nails or rebar are required to secure the logs or timbers together.

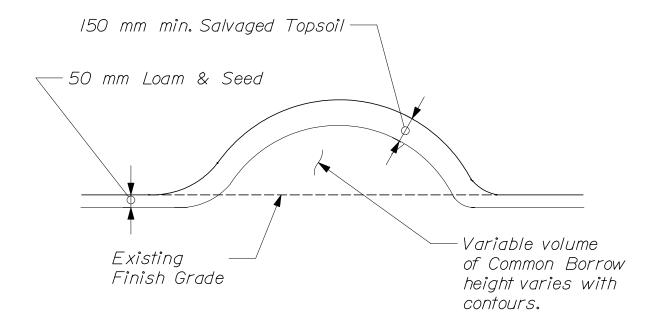
INSTALLATION

- I. Starting at the lowest point of the slope, excavate loose material 600-900 mm below the ground elevation until a stable foundation is reached.
- 2. Excavate the back of the stable foundation (closest to the slope) slightly deeper than the front to add stability to the structure.
- 3. Place the first course of logs or timbers at the front and back of the excavated foundation, parallel to the slope contour.
- 4. Place the next course of logs or timbers at right angles (perpendicular to the slope) on top of the previous course to overhang the front and back of the previous course by 75 to 150 mm.
- 5. Each course of the live cribwall is placed in the same manner and secured to the preceding course. (See Cribwall Special Provisions installation guidelines)
- 6. When the cribwall structure reaches the existing ground elevation, place live branch cuttings on the backfill perpendicular to the slope then cover the cuttings with backfill and compact.
- 7. Live branch cuttings should be placed at each course to the top of the cribwall structure with growing tips oriented toward the slope face. Follow each layer of branches with a layer of compacted fill to ensure soil contact with the live branch cuttings. The basal ends of the live branch cutting should reach the soil at the back of the cribwall with growing tips protruding slightly beyond the front of the cribwall.



TREE PLANTING
PLANTING DETAILS
621(09)





PLANTING NOTES

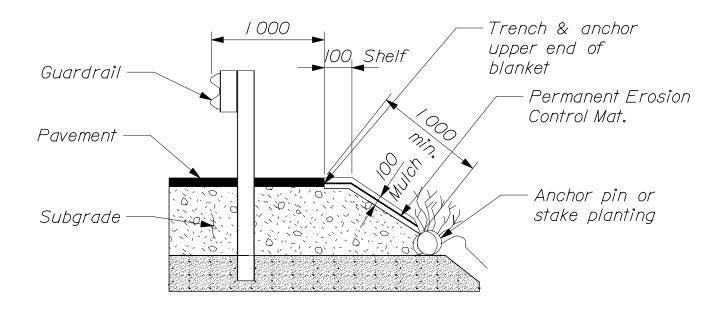
Backfill in 100 mm lifts and tamp to half the depth of the ball. Loosen and spread out burlap-cut out excessive bulk. Remove top half of wire basket.

HERBICIDE NOTE

Plant beds that have been treated with Round Up herbicide for weed control shall not be disturbed for a min. of 7 days.

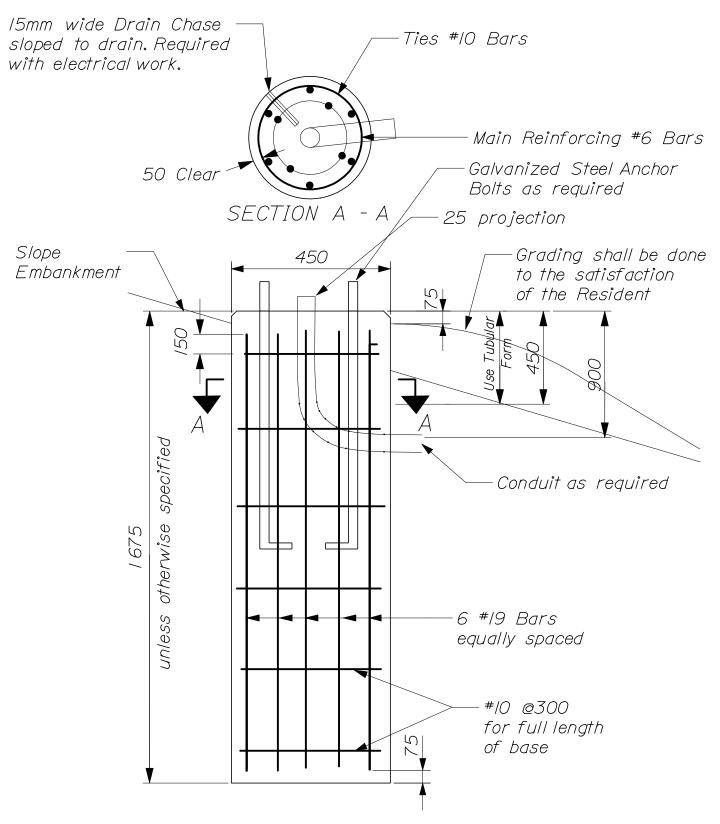
BACKFILL MIX

3 parts Loam to I part approved compost.



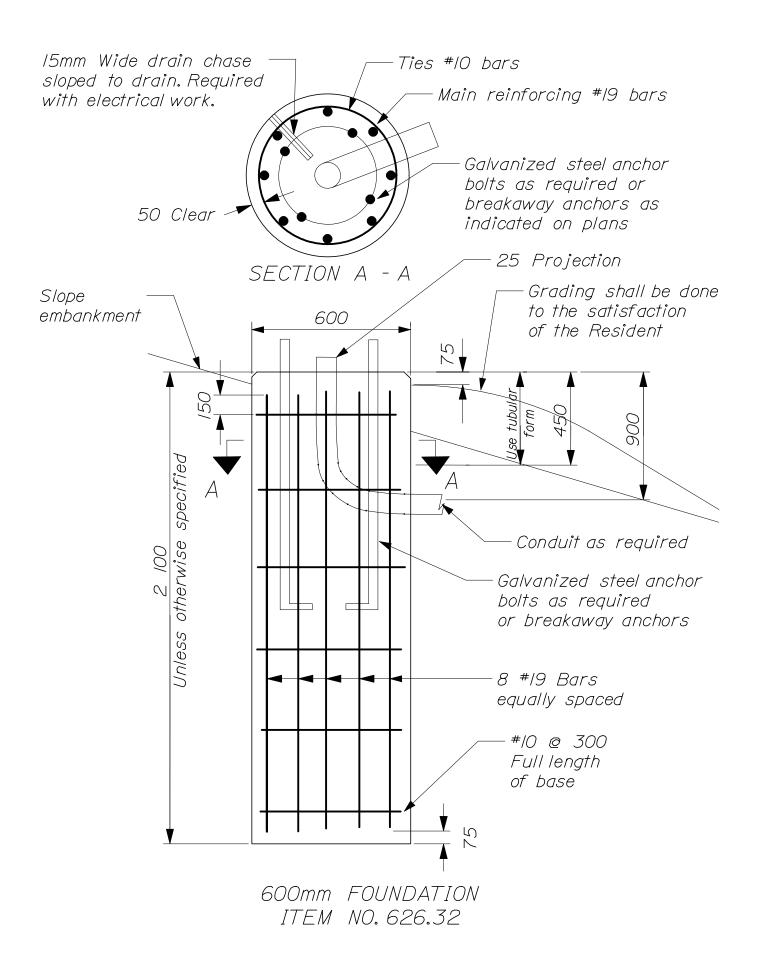
NOTES:

- I. Level existing surface to recieve mat. Cut 100 mm wide shelf into top edge of installation area.
- 2. Lay matting pealed side down. Stretch mat approximately 5% before staking.
- 3. Stake top edge, then throughout the remainder of the mat at I m to 1.5 m intervals.
- 4. Backfill shelf with original material and tamp firmly.
- 5. Cover mat with mulch as in plant bed. Mulch shall be level with pavement surfaces.

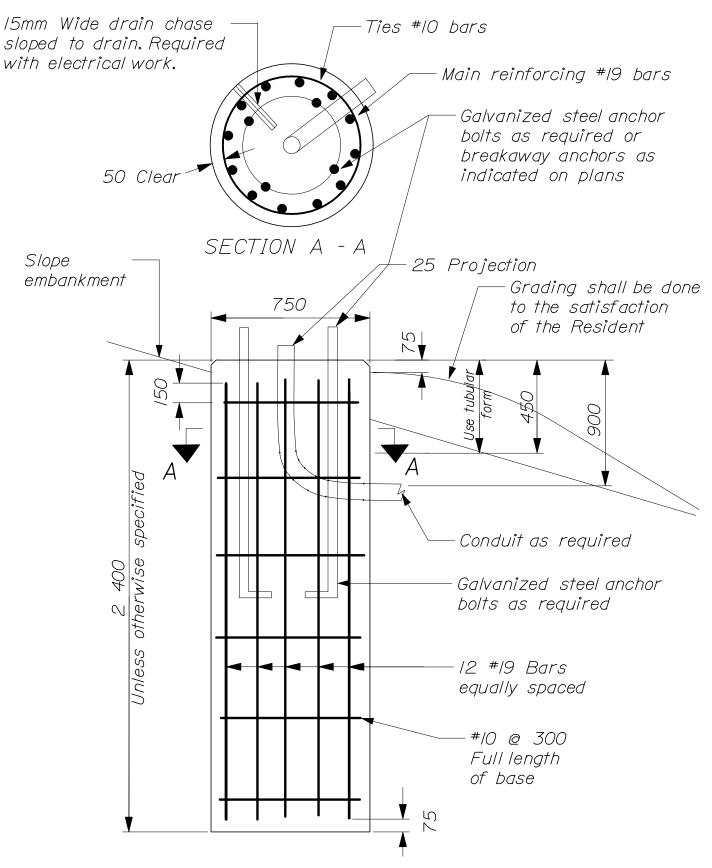


450mm FOUNDATION ITEM NO. 626.31

FOUNDATIONS FOR TRAFFIC SIGNALS, HIGHWAY SIGNING AND LIGHTING

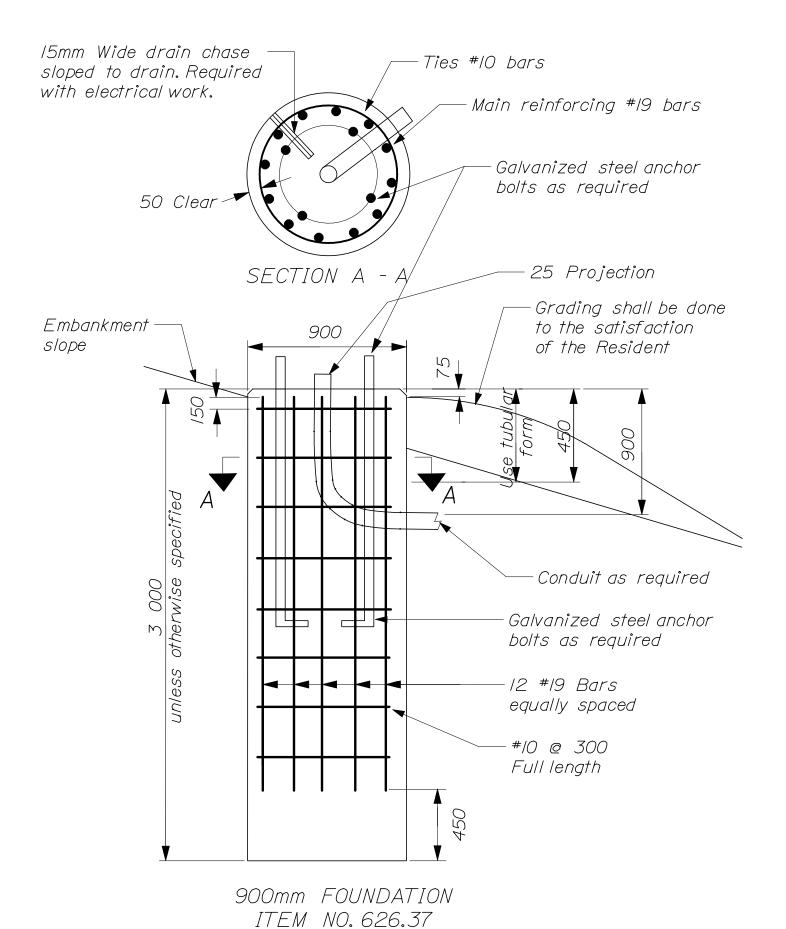


FOUNDATIONS FOR TRAFFIC SIGNALS, HIGHWAY SIGNING AND LIGHTING

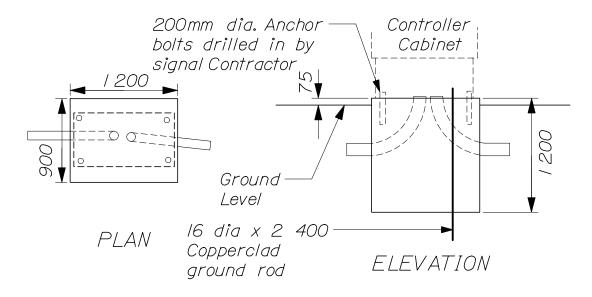


750mm FOUNDATION ITEM NO. 626.33

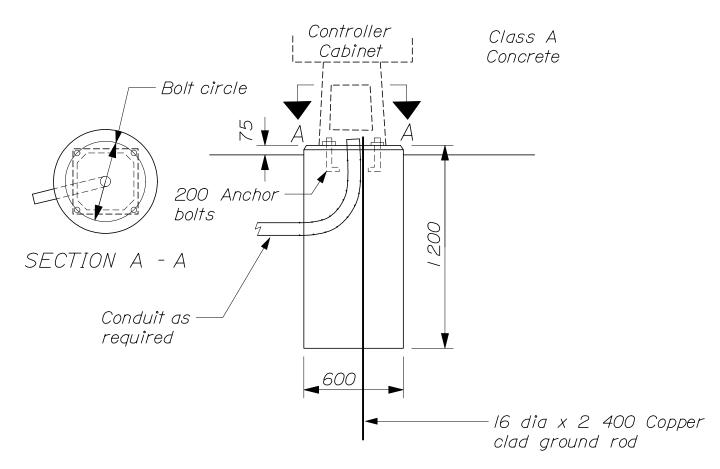
FOUNDATIONS FOR TRAFFIC SIGNALS, HIGHWAY SIGNING AND LIGHTING



FOUNDATIONS FOR TRAFFIC SIGNALS, HIGHWAY
SIGNING AND LIGHTING
626(04)

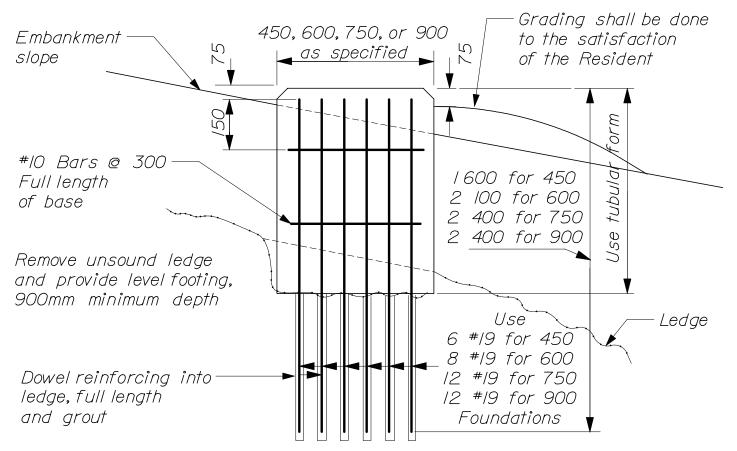


GROUND MOUNTED CONTROLLER CABINET FOUNDATION

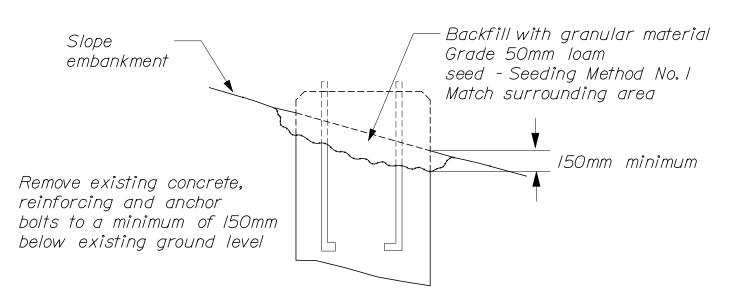


CONTROLLER CABINET FOUNDATION ITEM NO. 626.35

FOUNDATIONS FOR TRAFFIC SIGNALS, HIGHWAY SIGNING AND LIGHTING

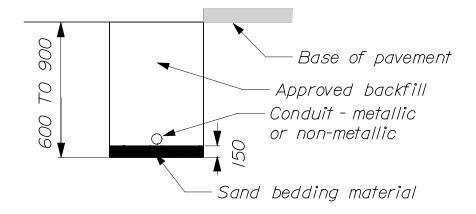


450,600,750,900MM FOUNDATIONS WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED AT LESS THAN THE REQUIRED DISTANCE BELOW GROUND LEVEL



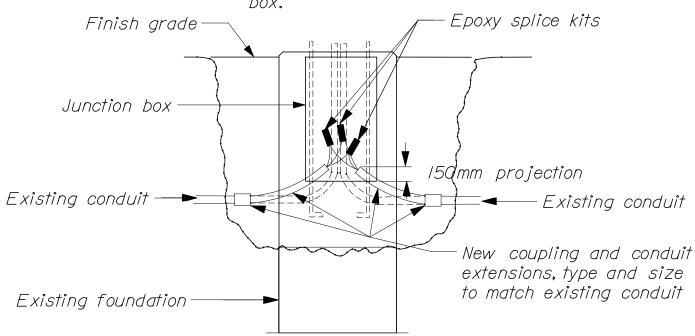
REMOVAL OF CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS ITEM NO. 626.36

FOUNDATIONS FOR TRAFFIC SIGNALS, HIGHWAY SIGNING AND LIGHTING



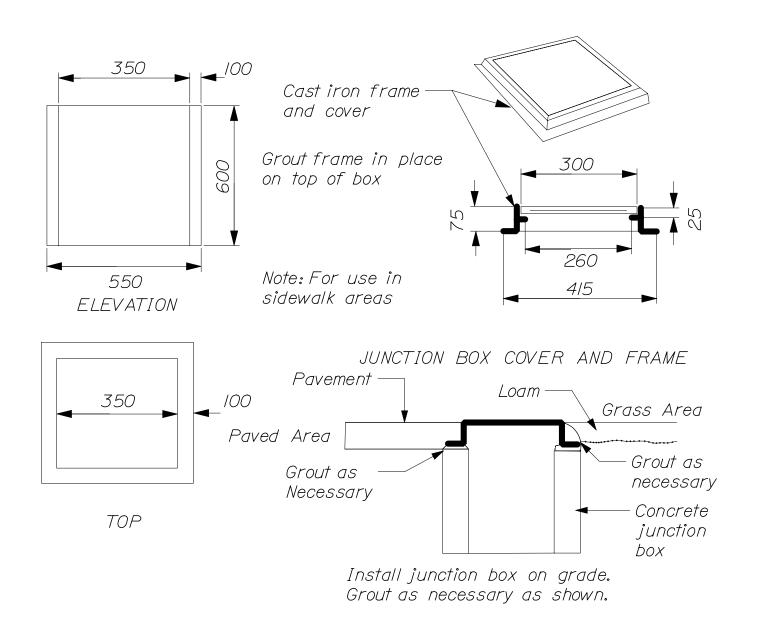
CONDUIT TRENCH

Remove existing foundation as necessary to complete the installation of the junction box.

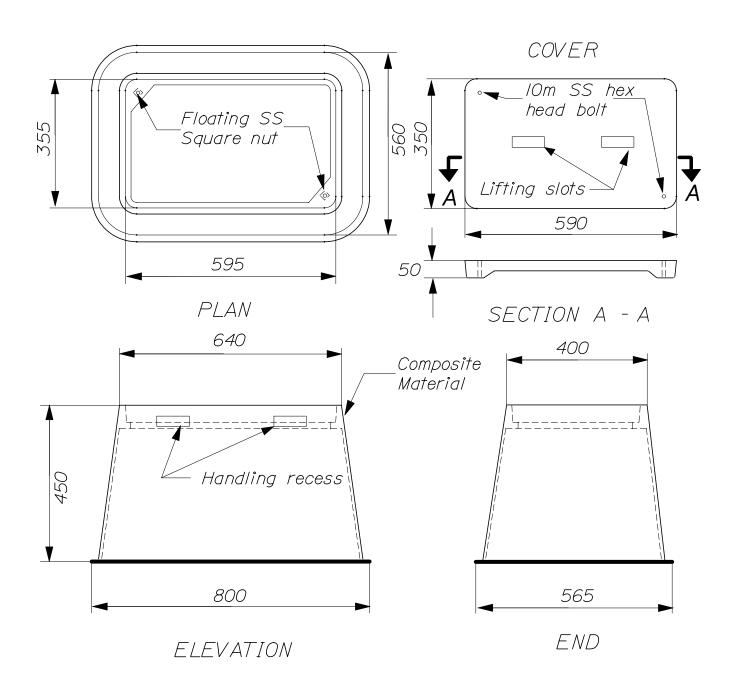


MODIFICATION OF CONCRETE FOUNDATION ITEM NO. 626.36

FOUNDATIONS FOR TRAFFIC SIGNALS, HIGHWAY SIGNING AND LIGHTING



PRECAST CONCRETE JUNCTION BOX ITEM NO. 626.///



PRECAST JUNCTION BOX ITEM NO. 626.11

Note Junction box shall be CDR Systems Corp, AI2-I324-I8 or approved equal.

ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOX FOR TRAFFIC SIGNALS, AND LIGHTING

GENERAL NOTES

All pavement markings shall be in conformance with the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", U.S. DOT, FHWA, 1988.

SYMBOLS AND ARROWS

Stroke width and line width variance shall be no more than ±6 mm from dimensions shown.

Square meter dimensions shown are pay dimensions, paid by Item No. 627.65.

Grid is marked in 100 mm intervals except as noted. Symbols and letters shall be proportioned according to grid as shown.

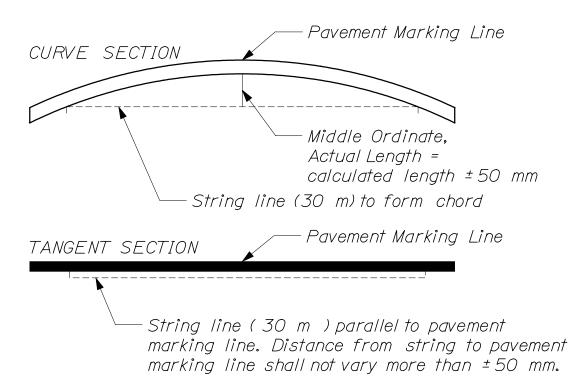
Spacing between characters shall be one unit, but visual spacing may be used.

Spacing between symbol and stop line shall be a minimum of 6 m. Spacing between symbol and symbol shall be a minimum of 16 m or as directed by the Resident.

Pavement marking lines on interstates shall be 150 mm in width.

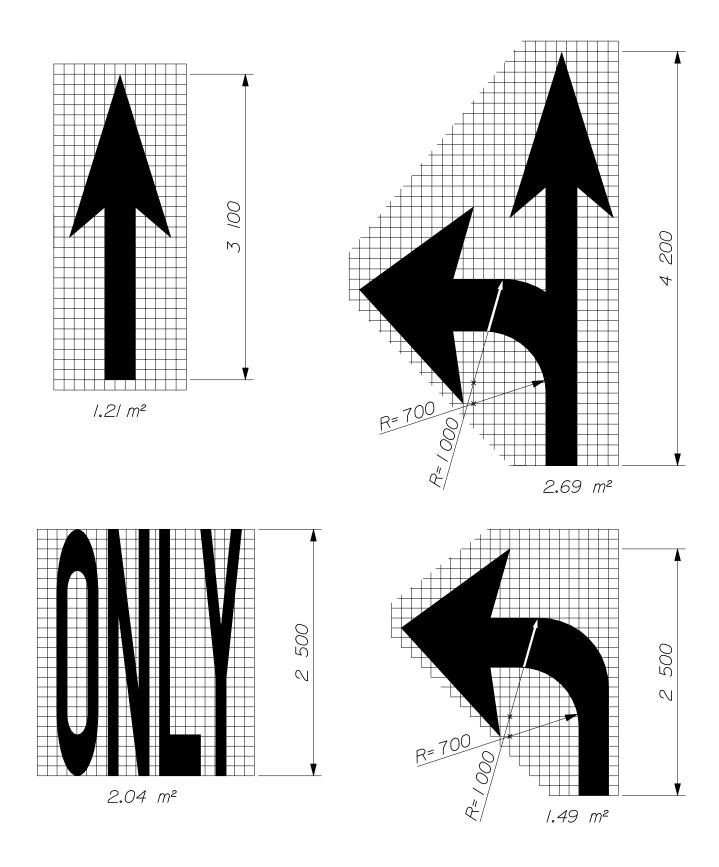
150 mm crosswalk lines shall be paid for by Item No. 627.65.

100 mm lines for parking spaces shall be paid for by Item No. 627.65.

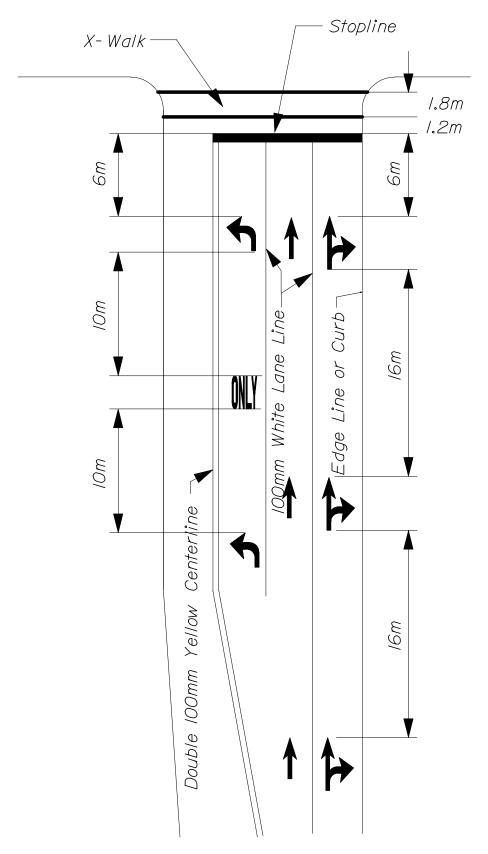


-- TOLERANCE FOR PAVEMENT MARKING LINES --

PAVEMENT MARKING

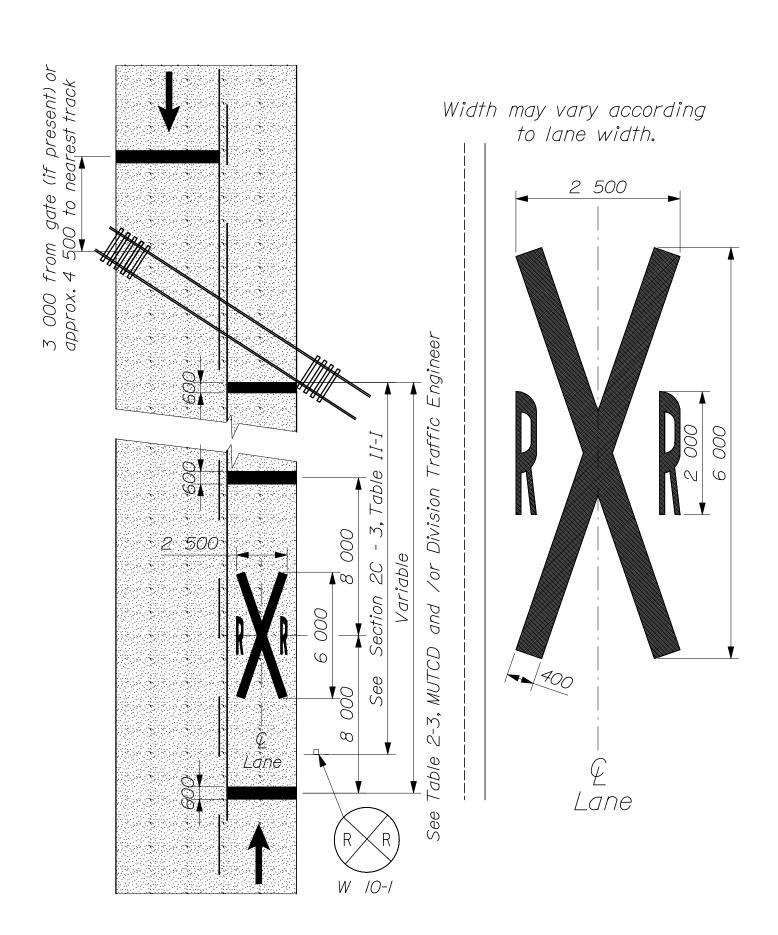


NOTE: See page 627(OI) for general notes on pavement markings.



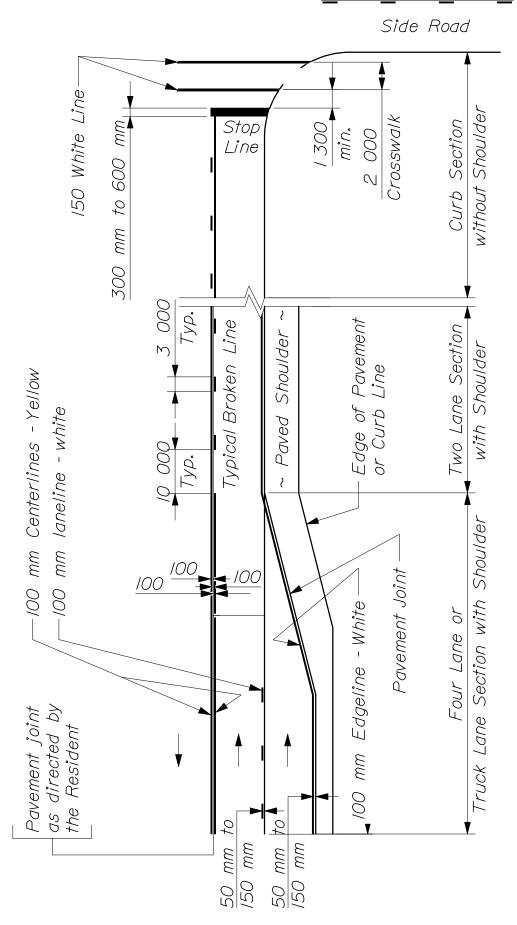
TYPICAL PLACEMENT OF PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOLS
AT SIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS

PAVEMENT MARKING
627(03)

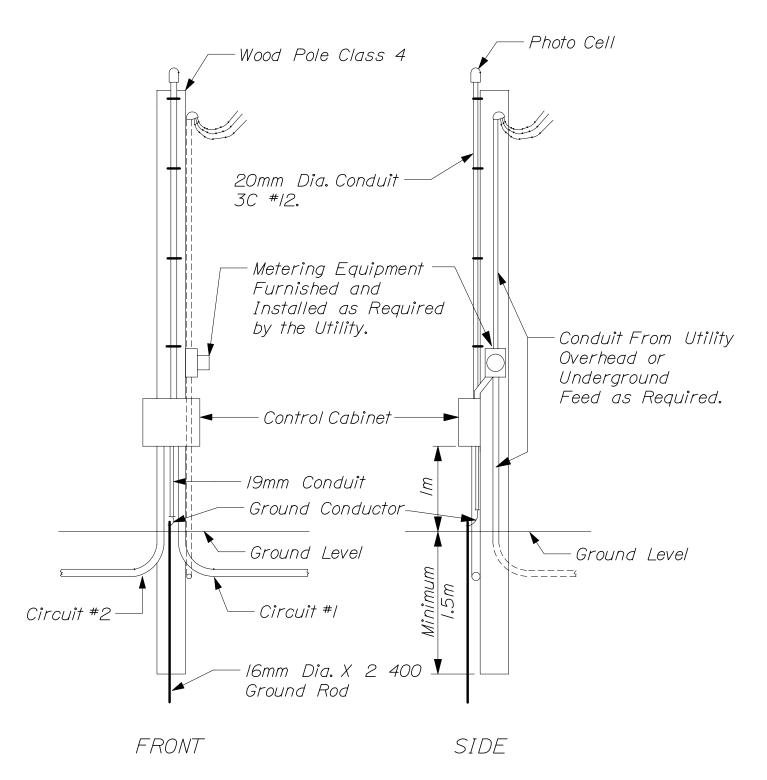


PAVEMENT MARKINGS AT RAILROAD

GRADE CROSSINGS
627(04)

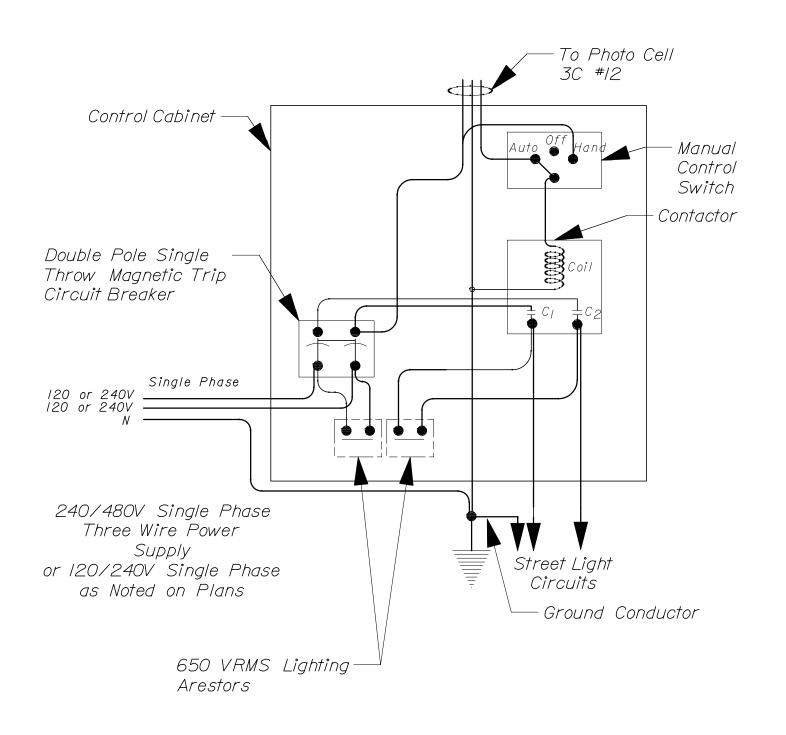


PAVEMENT MARKING TYPICAL TWO - WAY ROADWAY 627(05)



SERVICE POLE

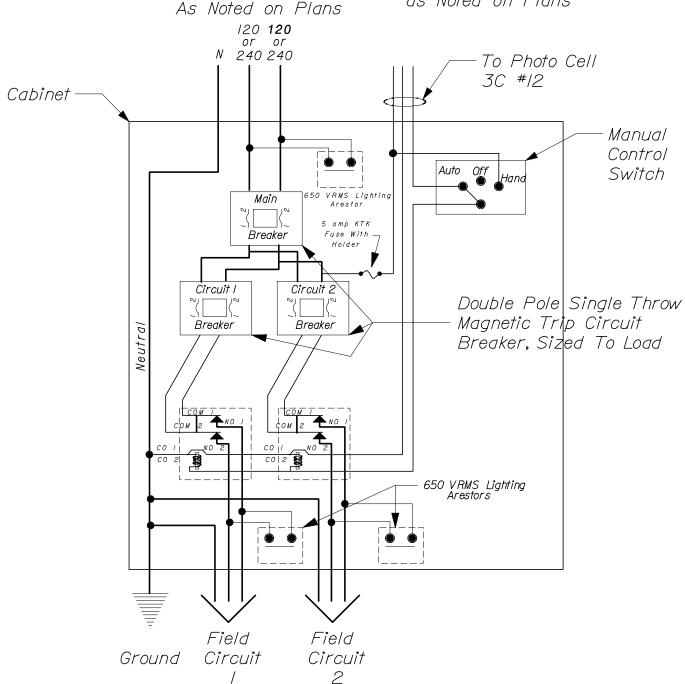
HIGHWAY LIGHTING 634(01)



SCHEMATIC FOR STREET LIGHTING CONTROL CABINET ONE CIRCUIT

HIGHWAY LIGHTING
634(02)

240/480V Single Phase Three Wire Power Supply or 120/240V Single Phase as Noted on Plans

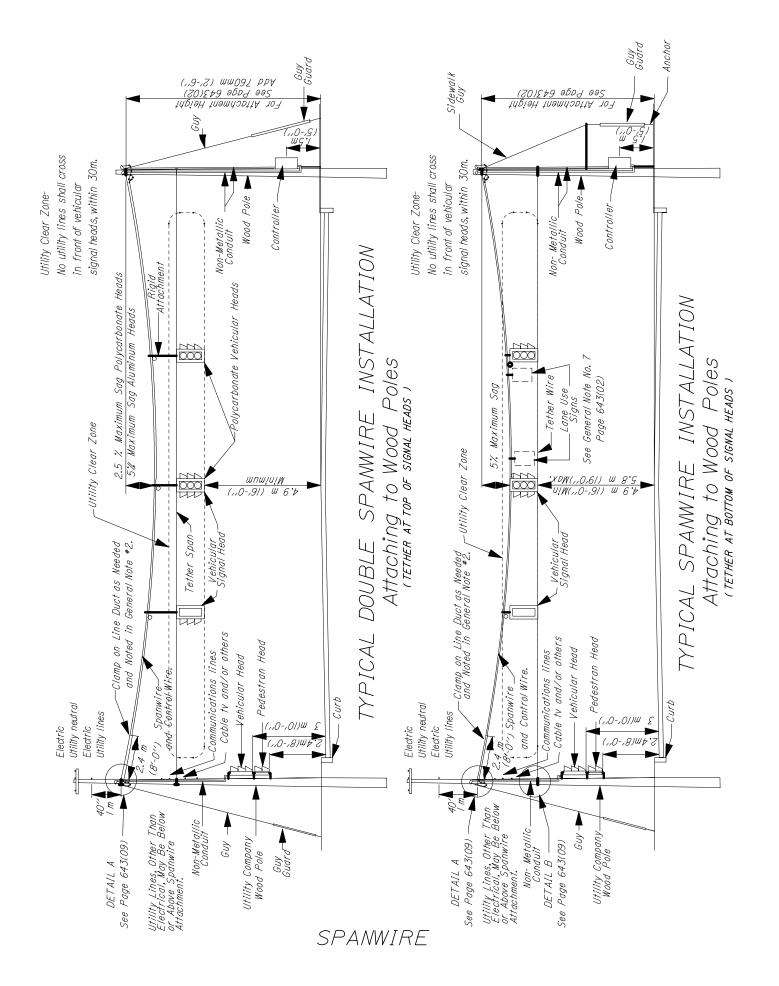


SCHEMATIC FOR STREET LIGHTING CONTROL CABINET MULTI CIRCUIT

HIGHWAY LIGHTING
634(03)

150 mm RISE / 300 mm TREAD (1:2 SLOPE)							
REINFORCING STEEL							
MARK	SIZE		NUMBER	LENGTH (EACH)			
R	#/6 /.570 kg/m		(2) each parapet (1) each 300 mm of width	275 mm for "A" +335 mm for each "B" +300 mm for "C"			
S	#16 1.570 kg/m		(2) for "A" (2) for each "B" (2) for "C"	100 mm each parapet +300 mm per 300 mm of width			
CONCRETE CLASS "A"							
SECTION 3			STEPS PER 05 mm OF WIDTH	PARAPET EACH WALL			
"A" header "B" each inter. Step "C" footer			0.020 m³ 0.023 m³ 0.025 m³	0.010 m³ 0.016 m³ 0.017 m³			

200	mm RISE ,	/ 、	300 mm TREA	D (1:1.5 SLOPE)		
REINFORCING STEEL						
MARK	SIZE		NUMBER	LENGTH (EACH)		
R	#16 1.570 kg/m		(2) each parapet (1) each 300 mm of width	275 mm for "A" +363 mm for each "B" +300 mm for "C"		
S	#16 1.570 kg/m		(2) for "A" (2) for each "B" (2) for "C"	100 mm each parapet +300 mm per 300 mm of width		
CONCRETE CLASS "A"						
SECTION 3		STEPS PER 05 mm OF WIDTH	PARAPET EACH WALL			
"A" header "B" each inter. Step "C" footer			0.025 m³ 0.027 m³ 0.028 m³	0.012 m³ 0.019 m³ 0.020 m³		



TRAFFIC SIGNALS 643(01)

HEIGHT OF SPANWIRE ATTACHMENT

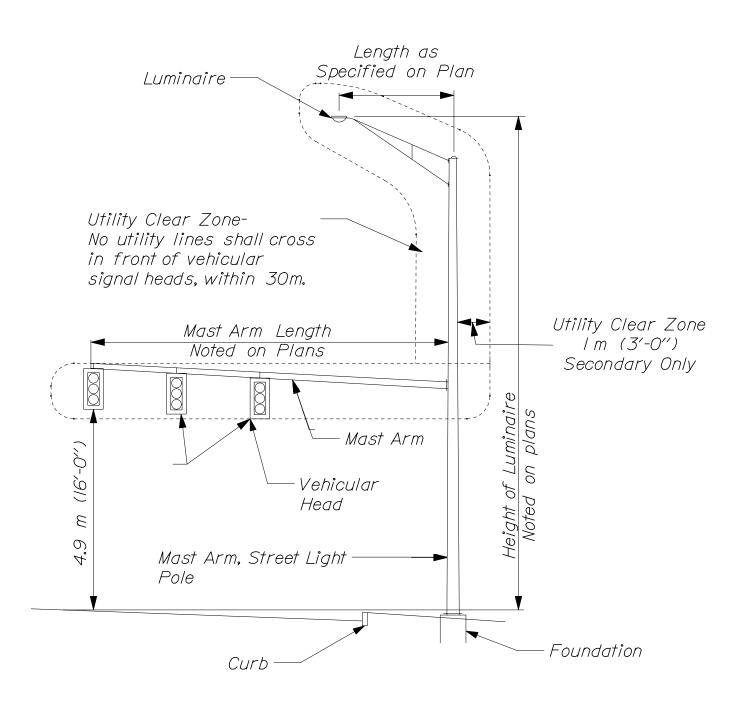
HORIZONTAL SPAN WIDTH	HEIGHT OF SPANWIRE ATTACHMENT-5%, Sag Aluminum Heads	HEIGHT OF TOP ATTACHMENT- 2.5% Sag DOUBLE SPANWIRE			
11D TO 11 Cm (70ft)	6.70m (22'-0'')	Polycarbonate Heads 7.11m (23'-4'')			
UP TO .6m (38ft) 	6.86m (22'-6'')	7.///// (23'-6'')			
	6.93m (22'-9'')	1.10111 (23 -0)			
13.7 m (45ft)	7.0/m (23'-0'')	7.24m (23'-9'')			
15.2m (50ft) 16.8m (55ft)		1.24111 (23 -9)			
		7.31m (24'-0'')			
18.3m (60ft)	7.16m (23'-6'') 7.24m (23'-9'')	7.37111 (24 -0)			
19.8m (65ft)		7.39m (24'-3'')			
21.3m (70ft)		7.39111 (24-3)			
22.9m (75ft)	7.39m (24'-3'')	7.46			
24.4m (80ft)	7.47m (24'-6'')	7.46m (24'-6'')			
26.0m (85ft)	7.54m (24'-9'')	7.5.4 m (0.4/.0//)			
27.4m (90ft)	7.62m (25'-0'')	7.54m (24'-9'')			
29.0m (95ft)	7.69m (25'-3'')	7.00 (05/0//)			
30.5 m (100ft)	7.77 <i>m</i> (25′-6′′)	7.62m (25'-0'')			
32.0m (/05ft)	7.84m (25'-9'')	7.00			
33.5 m (//Oft)	7.92m (26'-0'')	7.69m (25'-3'')			
35.0m (//5ft)	8.00m (26'-3'')	7.77 (05/.0//)			
36.5 m (120ft)	8.07m (26'-6'')	7.77 m (25′-6′′)			
38.0 m (125ft)	8.15 m (26'-9'')	7 2 5 1 2 5 1 2 1 1			
39.6m (/30ft)	8.23 m (27'-0'')	7.85m (25'-9'')			
41.0m (135ft)	8.31m (27'-3'')	7 0 0 4 0 0 4 0 4 1			
42.7m (140ft)	8.38m (27′-6′′)	7.92m (26'-0'')			
44.2m (145ft)	8.45 m (27'-9'')				
45.7m (150ft)	8.53m (28'-0'')	8.00m (26'-3'')			
47.2m (155ft)	8.6/m (28'-3'')				
48.7 m (160ft)	8.68 m (28'-6'')	8.08m (26'-6'')			
50.0m (165ft)	8.86m (28'-9'')				

GENERAL NOTES for TRAFFIC SIGNAL SPANWIRE

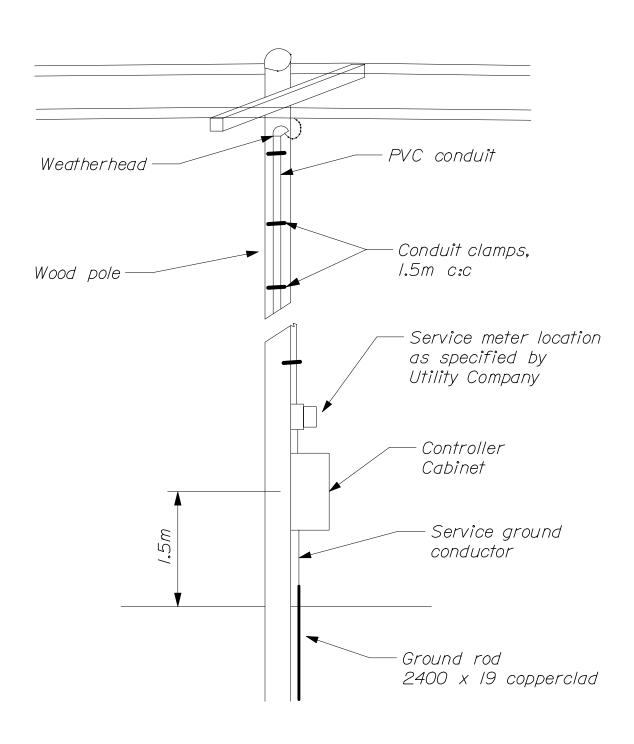
- I. HEIGHT OF SPANWIRE ATTACHMENT IS SHOWN ON CHART ABOVE. WHEN ATTACHING TO UTILITY CO. OWNED POLES THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK WITH RESPECTIVE UTILITY COMPANIES TO DETERMINE IF ALL ADJUSTMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE.
- 2. WHEN UTILITY POLE CLEARANCES CANNOT BE MET, THE SIGNAL SPANWIRE SHALL BE PROTECTED BY FLEXIBLE SCHEDULE 40 LINE DUCT.
- 3. THE UTILITY COMPANIES SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING THE TRAFFIC SIGNAL CLEAR ZONE AS SHOWN BELOW. AT THE PRE-CONSTRUCTION UTILITY MEETING CONFLICTS, IF ANY, WILL BE RESOLVED.
- 4. CONDUITS INSTALLED ON UTILITY COMPANY OWNED POLES WILL BE INSTALLED BY THE RESPECTIVE UTILITY. THE CONDUIT WILL BE PROVIDED BY THE SIGNAL CONTRACTOR.
- 5. UTILITIES WILL BE NO LOWER THAN 5.9m AT MID SPAN.
- 6. THE LOCATION OF ALL SIGNAL EQUIPMENT AND RELATED ITEMS SHALL BE IN CONFORMITY WITH 'AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT' (ADA) ACCESSIBILITY STANDARDS. USE OF SIDEWALKS AND PEDESTRIAN RAMPS SHALL NOT BE OBSTRUCTED.
- 7. LANE USE SHALL BE HUNG USING "PELCO" ASSEMBLY PART NO. SE-5111 OR EQUAL. VEHICULAR HEADS SHALL BE HANG USING 'PELCO' ASSEMBLY PART NO. SE-5024 OR SE-5073, OR EQUAL.

SPANWIRF

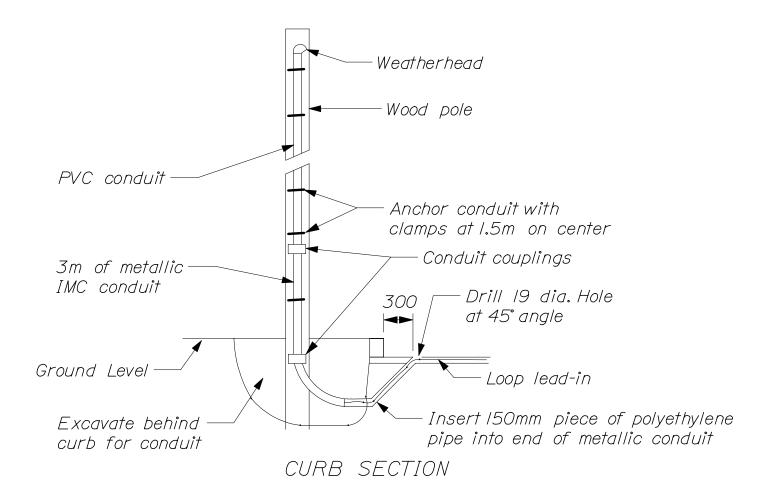
TRAFFIC SIGNALS

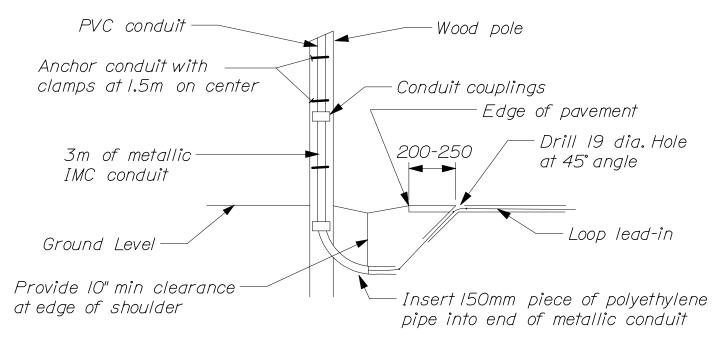


TYPICAL MAST ARM, STREET LIGHT INSTALLATION



SERVICE CONNECTION



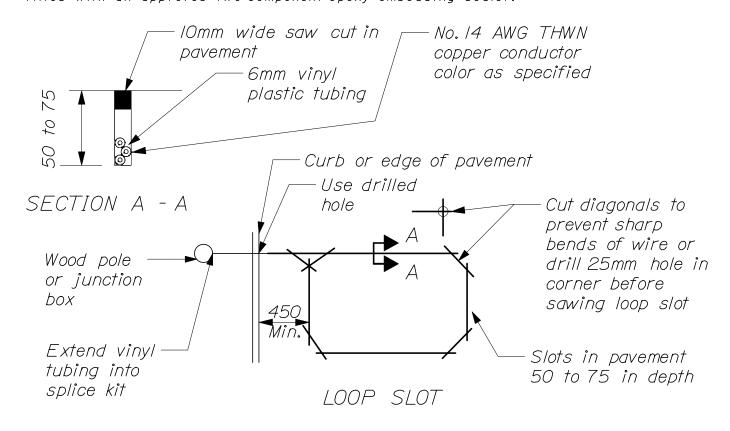


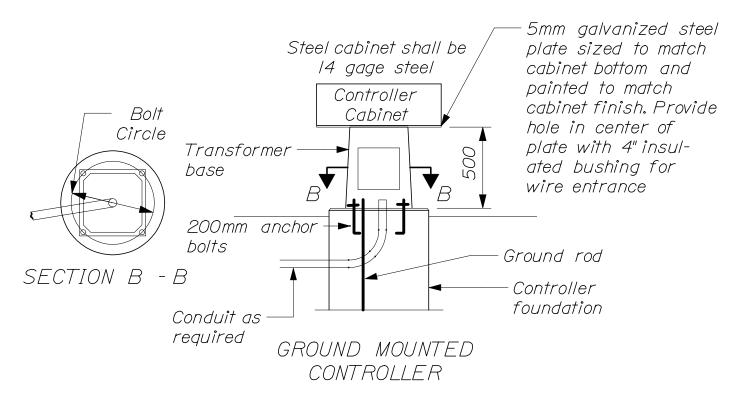
SHOULDER SECTION

DETECTOR LEAD-IN INSTALLATION

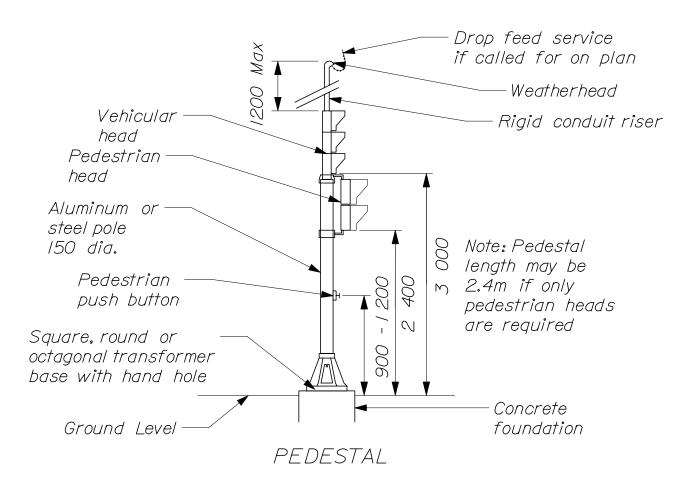
TRAFFIC SIGNALS
643(05)

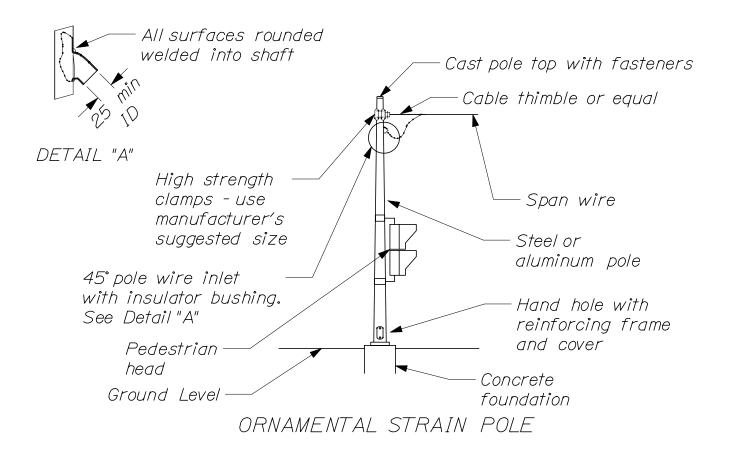
NOTES: Location and configuration of loops are subject to approval of the Resident in the field. Number of turns of wire in loops and number of loops per amplifier shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Loop slots shall be filled with an approved two-component epoxy embedding sealer.



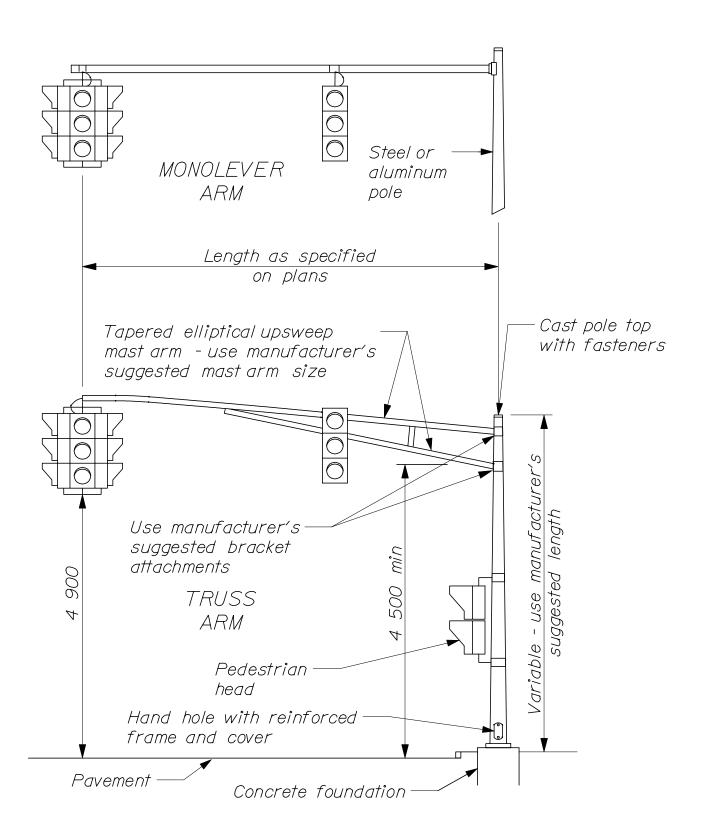


TRAFFIC SIGNALS 643(06)



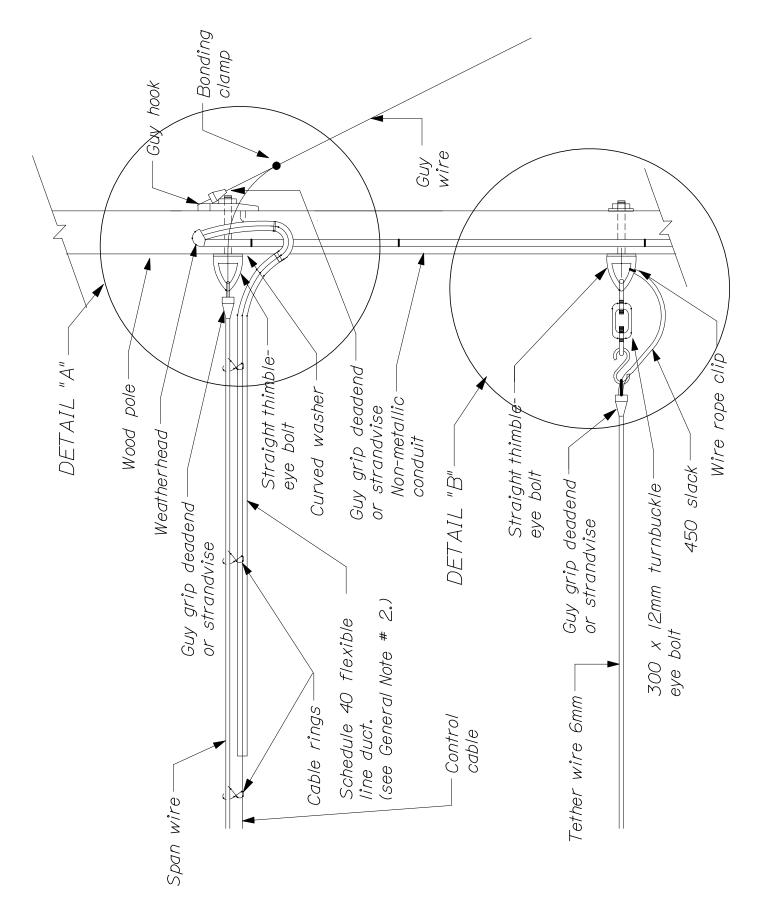


TRAFFIC SIGNALS
643(07)



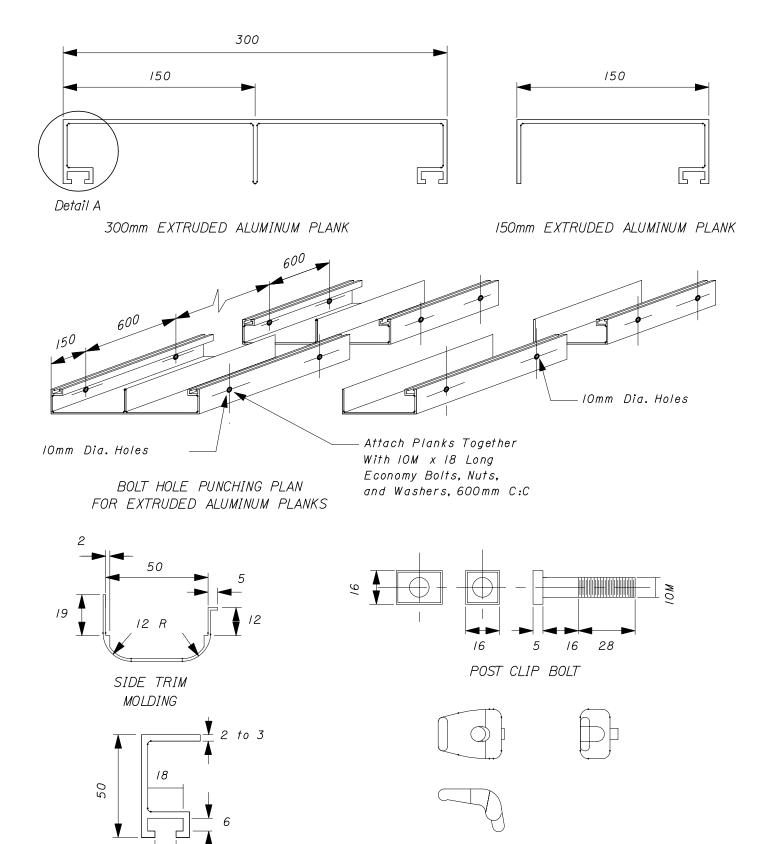
ORNAMENTAL MAST ARM POLE

TRAFFIC SIGNALS
643(08)



TYPICAL SPANWIRE INSTALLATION
Attaching to Wood Poles

TRAFFIC SIGNALS
643(09)

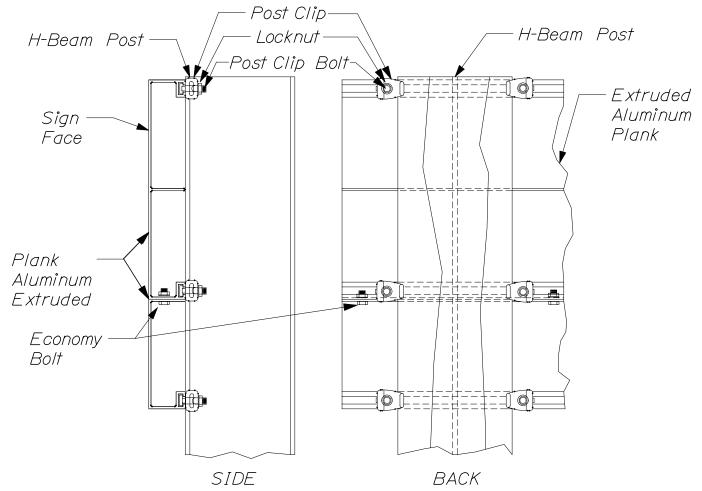


ITEM NO. 645.251

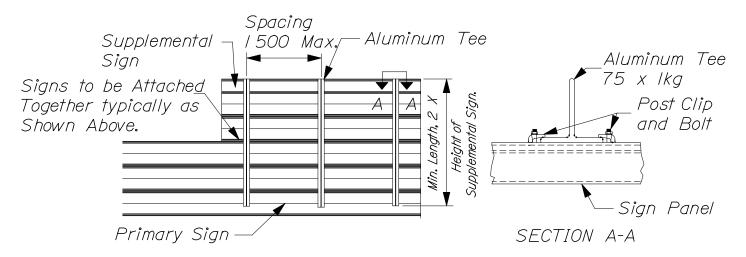
Detail A

POST CLIP

TYPE I SIGNS HIGHWAY SIGNING 645(0))



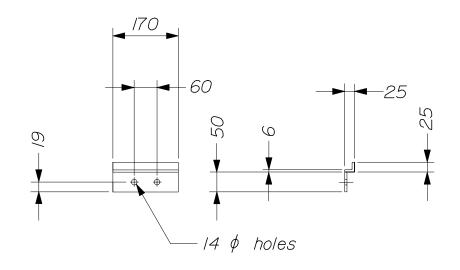
ATTACHMENT OF EXTRUDED ALUMINUM PLANKS TO H-BEAM POSTS



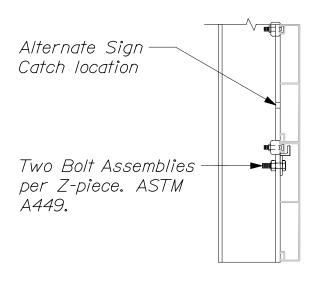
ATTACHMENT OF SUPPLEMENTAL SIGNS (Exit Panels)

ITEM NO. 645.25/

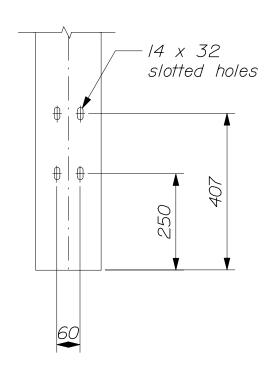
TYPE I SIGNS HIGHWAY SIGNING 645(02)



Shipped location of Z-piece, one per W-shape



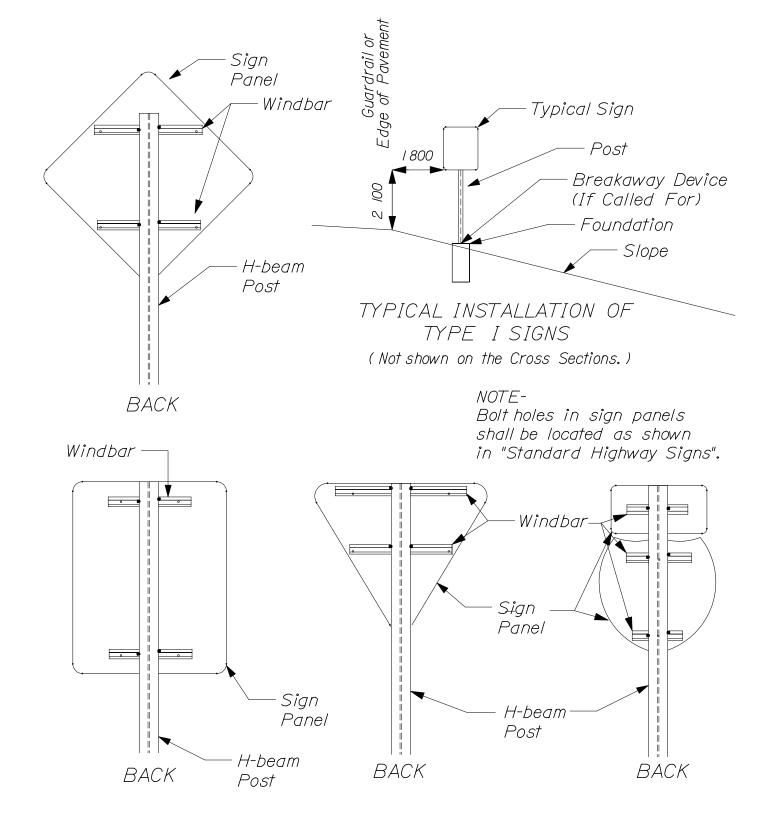
Z-Piece may be fabricated.



ATTACHMENT OF EXTRUDED ALUMINUM PLANKS TO OVERHEAD AND OVERPASS SIGN SUPPORT STRUCTURES HIGHWAY SIGNING

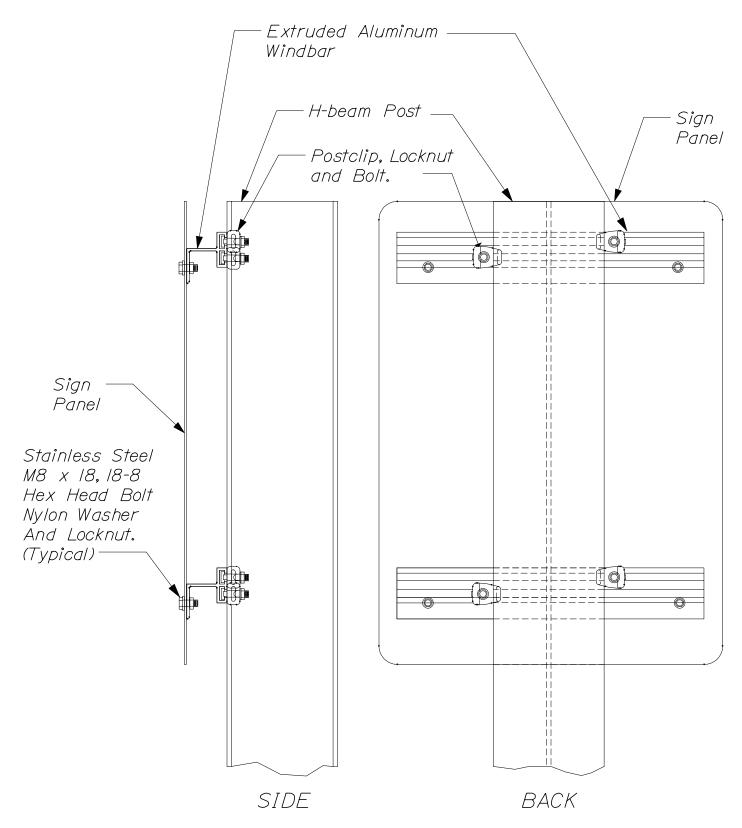
OVERPASS MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORT

645(3)



ATTACHMENT OF SIGNS, REGULATORY, WARNING, AND ROUTE MARKER ASSEMBLY SIGNS, TYPE I TO H-BEAM POSTS ITEM NO. 645.271

HIGHWAY SIGNING



ATTACHMENT OF SIGNS, REGULATORY, WARNING, AND ROUTE MARKER ASSEMBLY SIGNS, TYPE / TO H-BEAM POSTS ITEM NO. 645.27/

HIGHWAY SIGNING
645(05)

STANDARD H-BEAM POSTS for TYPE I SIGNS

SINGLE SUPPORT SIGNS									
Foundation Size	Sign Area (A)	Sign Width (W)	Post Size	Base Plate (1), (3)	Material	Anchor Bolts (2)	Bolt Circle	Maximum Mounting Height	
	0 - /m ²	Use Wood Posts			250			4m to Center of Sign	
450	/< A ≤ 1.5m ²	W = I 200 Max. But includes I 500 Yield Sign	W/50X/4	300X300X25 I8kg	Grade 2	24M X 900'	300		
450	1.5 < A <u></u> < 2.3m ²	W = 1500 Max.	W/50X22	300X300X25 18kg	A709	24M X 900	300		
600	2.3 < A ≤ 3.9m ²	W = 2 100 Max.	W200X36	350X350X25 25kg		30M X 050	350		
MULTIPLE SUPPORT SIGNS									
600	To 5.5m ² /Post		W200X27	350X350X25 25kg	A709 Grade 250	30M X 1050	350	- 6m to - Center of - Sign	
600	5.5 - 7.9m ² /Post		W250X33	300X430X32 33kg		30M X 1050	375		
750	7.9-10.2m ² /Post	Varible	W300X39	330X480X32 40kg		36M X 200	425		
750	10.2-12.5m ² /Post		W350X44	350X530X32 47kg		36M X / 200	475		

(2) Post to base plate weld shall be fillet weld.

(3) Base plates and H-Beams shall be hot dipped galvanized.

after fabrication in accordance with section 720.06.

(4) Payment for the weight of base plate shall be incidental.

to ITEM NO. 645.289.

(5) Posts to be equipped with breakaway devices shall have holes.

arilled or punched before galvanizing.

Posts equipped with breakaway devices shall have the post size.

die stamped, before galvanizing, near the bottom end of beam.

(6) W - Shapes utilized with Breakaway Devices shall be in strict

A, Depth.

conformance with ASTM A6, Table 16,

50,000 PSI minimum yield strength.

ANCHOR BOLT LAYOUT

Plate size
See table

H-Beam

Bolt circle
See Table

W250X33, W300X39, W350X44

Plate size

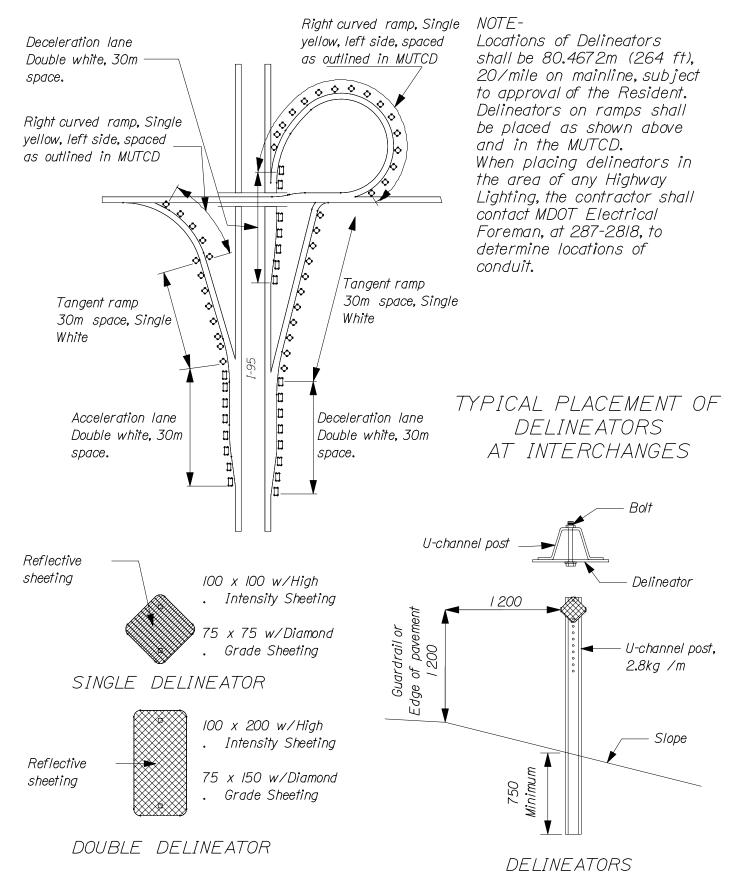
Bolt circle
See Table

H-Beam
Base
Plate

Bolt holes Anchor bolt
Diameter+4mm
(Typical)

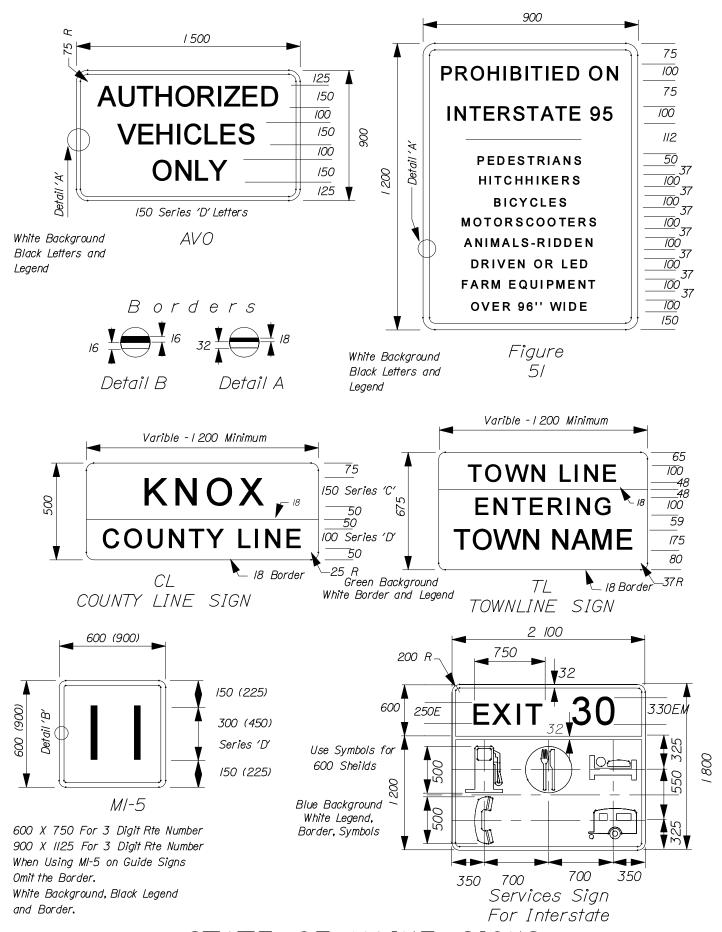
W150X14, W150X22, W200X27, W200X36

H-BEAM POSTS HIGHWAY SIGNING 645(06)

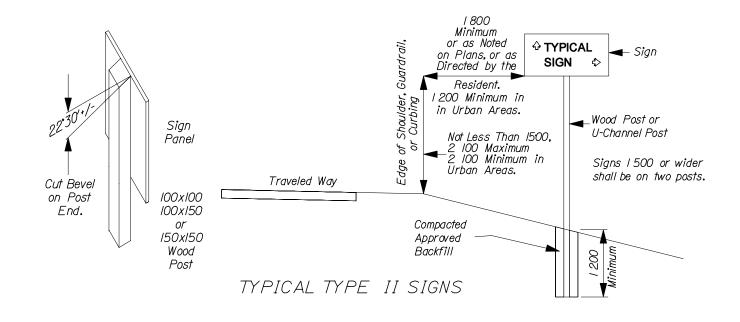


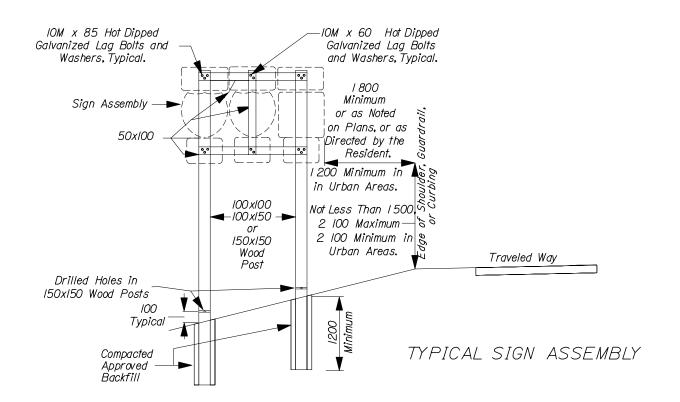
ITEM NO.645.30/ ITEM NO.645.302

DELINEATORS HIGHWAY SIGNING 645(07)



STATE OF MAINE SIGNS HIGHWAY SIGNING 645(08)



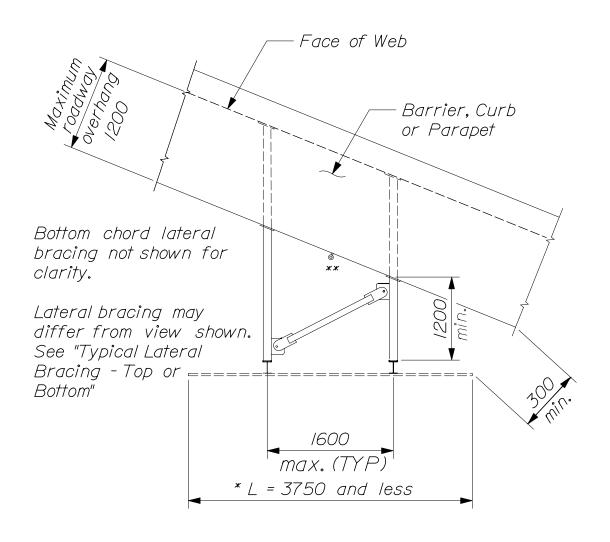


NOTES:

Refer to Section 645.061 of the Standard Specifications to determine the size of wood posts. All wood posts and brackets shall be pressure treated to CCA 40. On 150x150 wood posts only, drill 18mm diameter holes at right angles to one another 100mm above ground level. to meet breakaway standards.

ITEM NO.645.29/ ITEM NO.645.292

INSTALLATION OF TYPE II SIGNS HIGHWAY SIGNING 645(09)

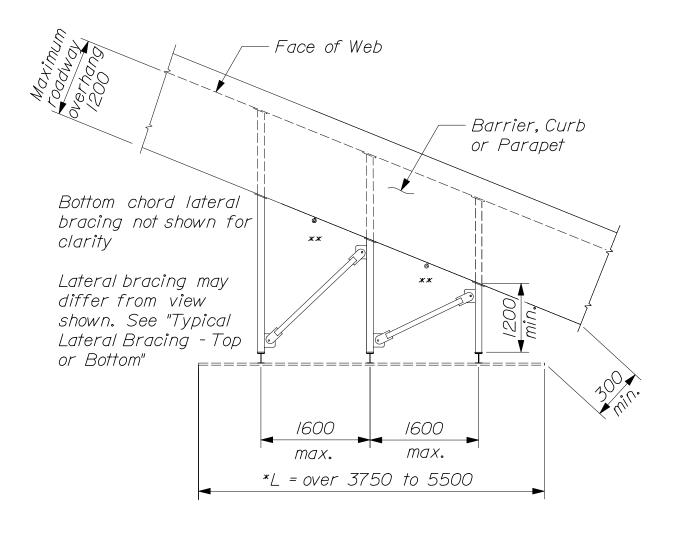


PLAN - SMALL SIGN PANEL SUPPORT LAYOUT

Max. skew permitted: 50 degrees Max. height of sign permitted: 4250

- * Note: L = Width of sign
- ** Anchoring eyelet for barriers only (See Anchorage Eyelet Detail)

HIGHWAY SIGNING OVERPASS MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORT 645(10)



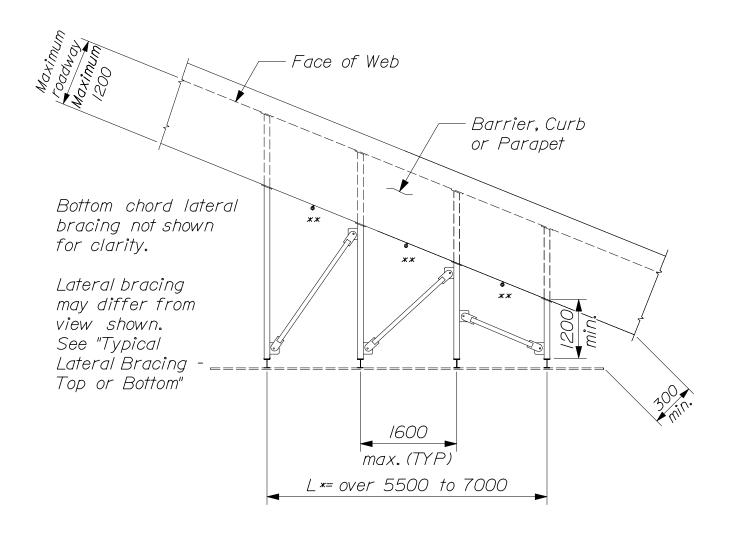
PLAN - MEDIUM SIGN PANEL SUPPORT LAYOUT

Max. skew permitted: 30 degrees Max. height of sign permitted: 4250

* Note: L = width of sign

** Anchoring eyelet for barriers only. (See Anchorage Eyelet Detail)

HIGHWAY SIGNING OVERPASS MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORT 645(II)



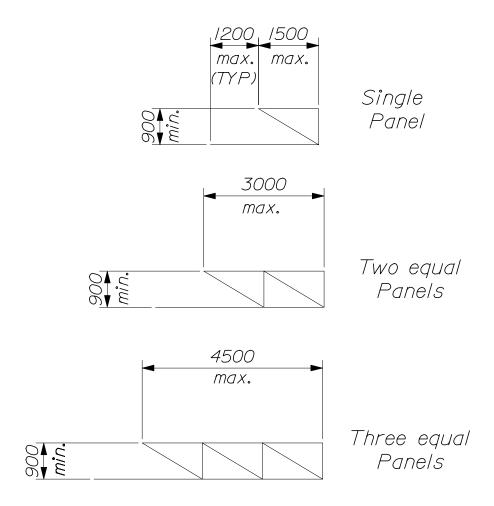
PLAN - LARGE SIGN PANEL SUPPORT LAYOUT

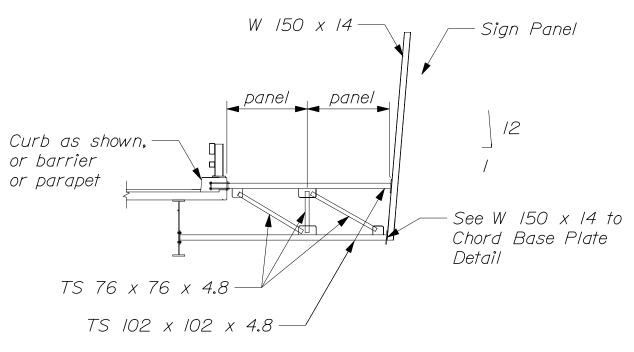
Max. skew permitted: 30 degrees Max. height of sign permitted: 4250

* Note: L = Width of sign

** Anchoring eyelet for barriers only. (See Anchorage Eyelet Detail)

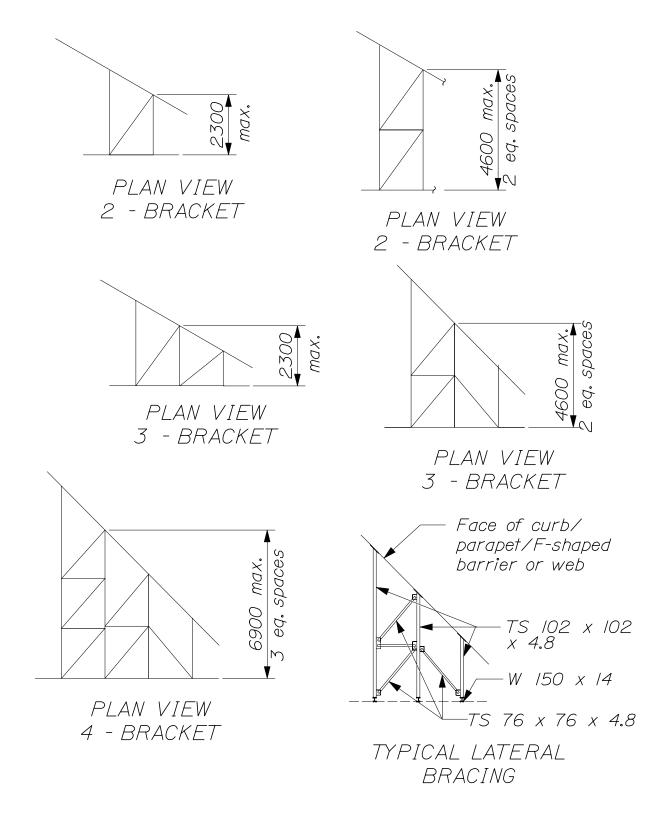
HIGHWAY SIGNING OVERPASS MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORT 645(12)





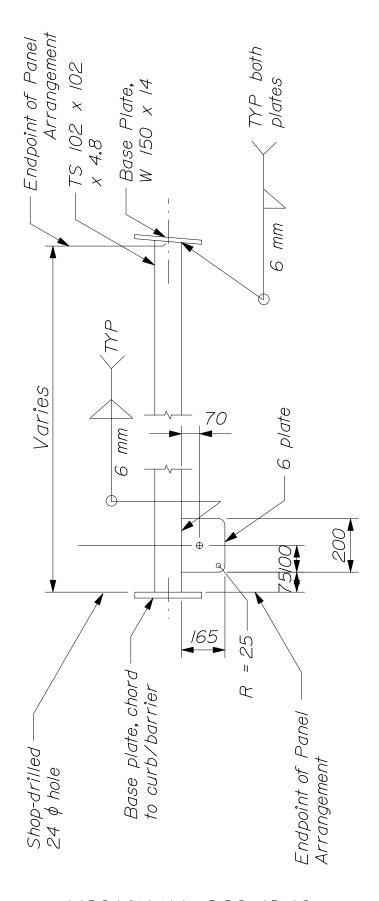
TYPICAL ELEVATION - VERTICAL BRACING

HIGHWAY SIGNING OVERPASS MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORT 645(13)



TYPICAL LATERAL BRACING
TOP OR BOTTOM

HIGHWAY SIGNING OVERPASS MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORT 645(14)



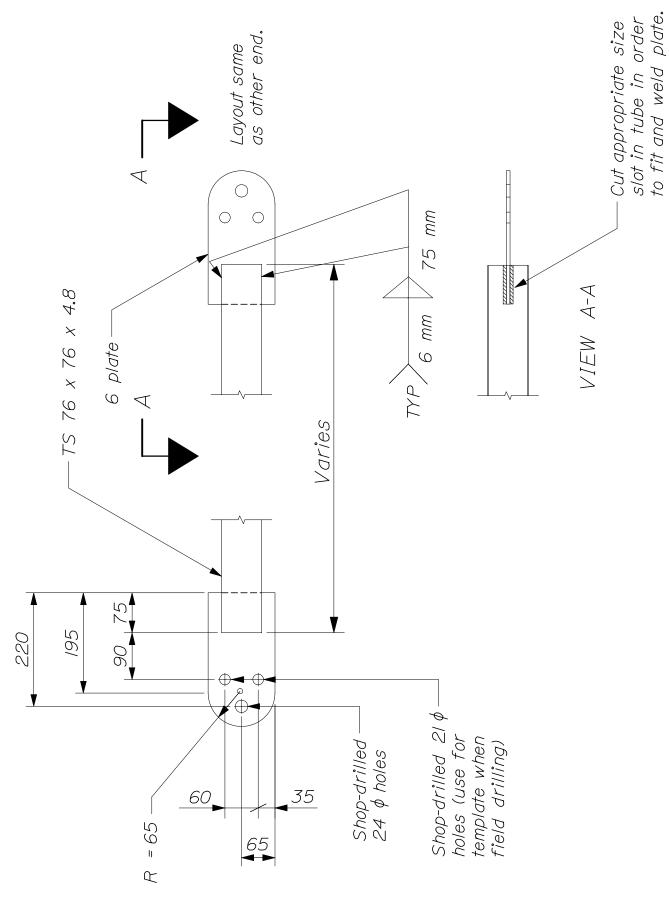
HIGHWAY SIGNING OVERPASS MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORT 645(15)

HIGHWAY SIGNING

OVERPASS MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORT

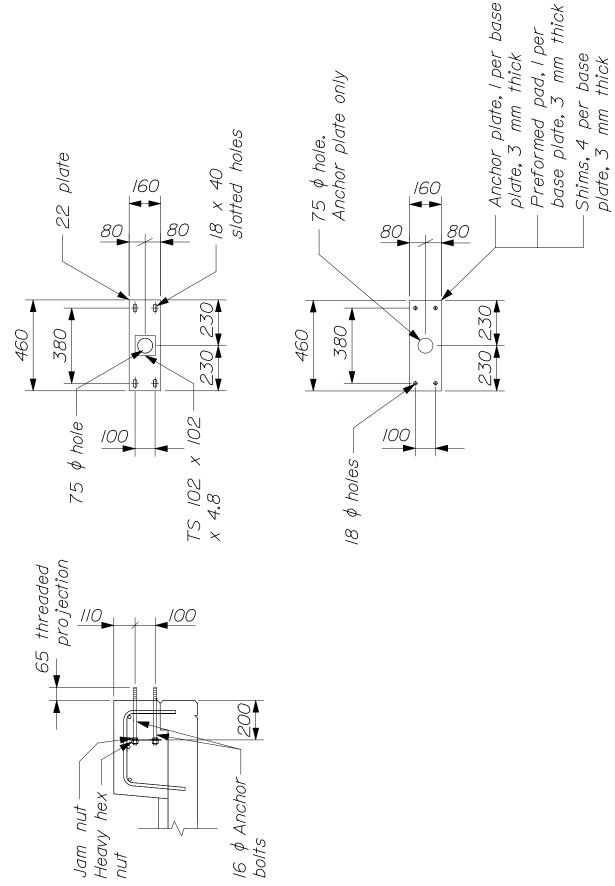
645(16)

TYPICAL BOTTOM CHORD



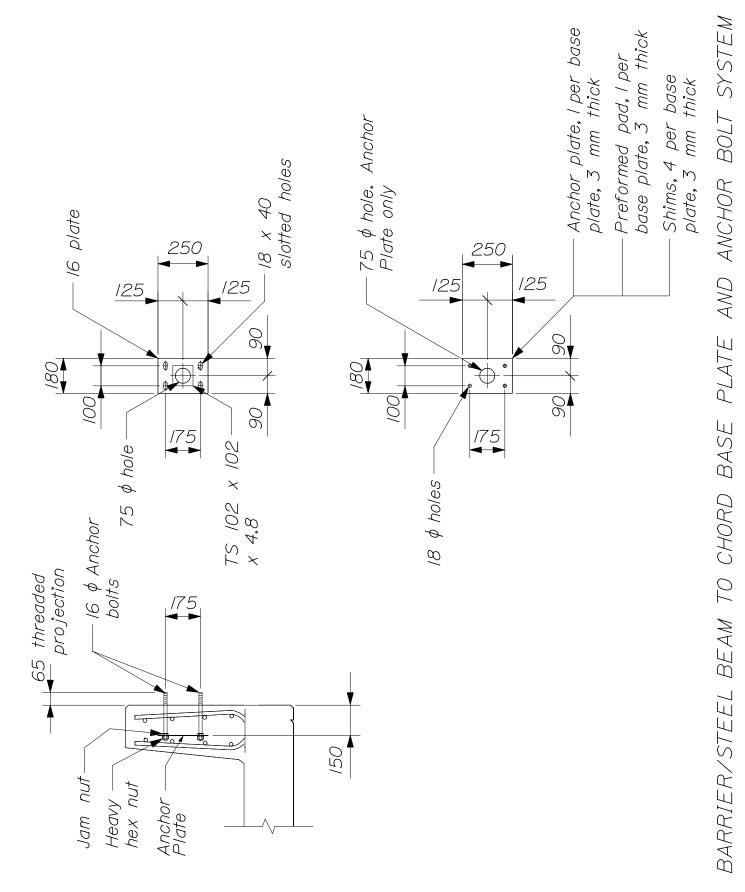
HIGHWAY SIGNING OVERPASS MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORT 645(17)

TYPICAL LATERAL AND VERTICAL BRACE

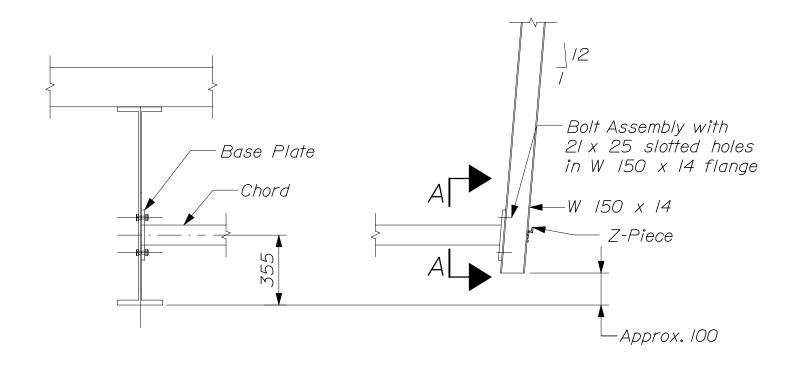


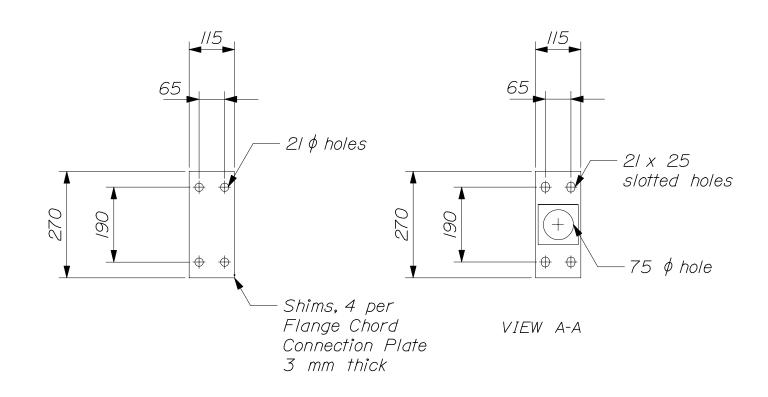
CURB TO CHORD BASE PLATE AND ANCHOR BOLT SYSTEM

HIGHWAY SIGNING OVERPASS MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORT 645(18)



HIGHWAY SIGNING OVERPASS MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORT 645(19)

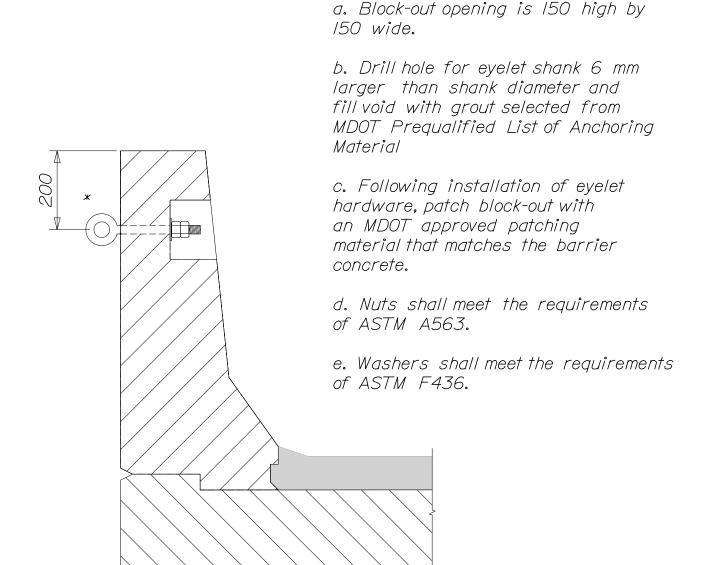




HIGHWAY SIGNING OVERPASS MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORT 645(20)

* Anchorage Eyelet shall be attached so that it is capable of supporting a dead weight load of 2400 kN (5400 lbs.).

Anchorage Eyelet shall be galvanized to the requirments of ASTM AI53 or shall be Stainless Steel.



ANCHORAGE EYELET DETAIL

HIGHWAY SIGNING OVERPASS MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORT 645(21)

- I. The support frame dimensions shall be determined by the Contractor. These shall be based on the sign size, bridge skew angle, and cross-sectional geometry. Field verification of these parameters is the responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall consider the possibility of interferences such as splice plates, drains, stiffeners, etc. in developing the shop drawings.
- 2. The Contractor shall select an appropriate layout using the views in these Standards as a guide in order to determine the number of brackets, the configuration of the vertical bracing and the configuration of the lateral bracing.
- 3. The support frame is designed such that the Contractor may fasten chords, vertical and horizontal bracing using a single bolt per connection in an oversized hole for erection purposes. When the frame is in final desired position, adjustments may be accomplished and remaining bolt holes may be drilled in the field using the connected components as a template.
- 4. The Contractor shall select an appropriate chord base plate for attaching to a concrete barrier, curb or parapet, using the views in these Standards as a guide. An accommodating anchor bolt system shall be selected from this Standard.
- 5. All work and materials shall conform to the applicable provisions of Section 504, Structural Steel, of the Standard Specification Highways and Bridges.
- 6. All Steel components shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with ASTM Al23, except that hardware used in the connections of the structural frame shall meet the requirements of either ASTM Al53 or ASTM B695, Class 50, Type I. Parts except hardware shall be blast-cleaned prior to galvanizing in accordance with SSPC-SP6.

7. Materials:

Hollow steel sections shall meet the requirements of ASTM A500, Grade B.

Steel plate shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M223M/M223, Grade 345/50 (ASTM A572/A572M, Grade 50/345). Steel shapes shall meet the requirements of ASTM A992/A992M.

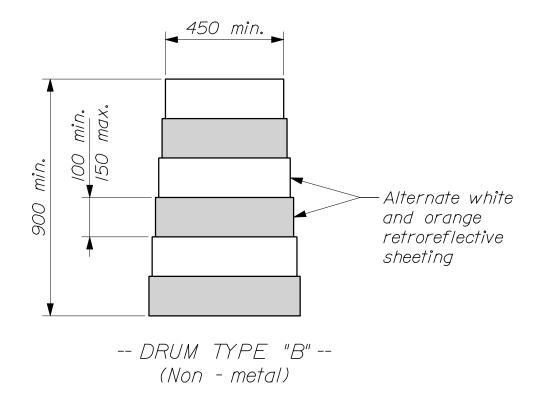
Steel shim plates shall meet the requirements of ASTM A36/A36M.

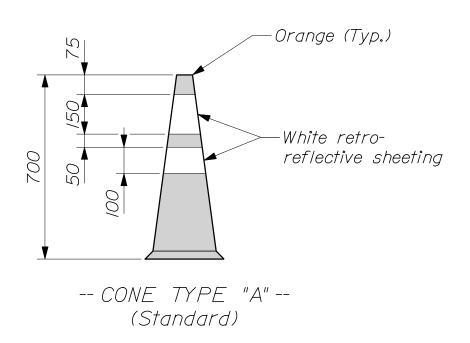
HIGHWAY SIGNING OVERPASS MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORT 645(22) Bolting assemblies used in the connections of the structural frame shall be Heavy Hex Head M20 (3/4") and meet the requirements of ASTM A325M (ASTM A325). The Contractor shall select appropriate bolt lengths.

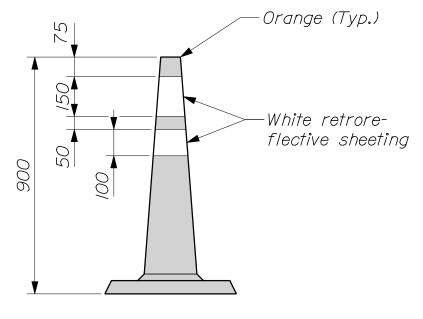
Anchor bolt assemlies used to fasten the structural frame to a concrete curb, barrier or parapet shall meet the requirements of ASTM A449, Type I with a minimum yield strength of 380 MPA (55 KSI).

Remaining materials used shall be as specified elsewhere in these Standards or in the Contract Documents.

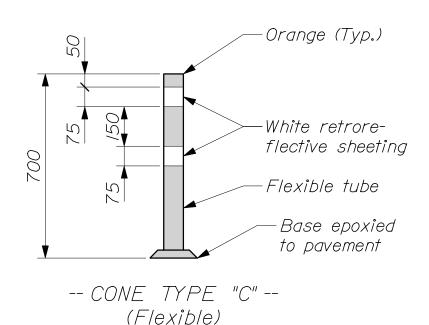
- 8. Fastener nuts in anchor and bolt assemblies shall be tightened to a snug fit and given an extra $\frac{1}{8}$ turn. Fastener assemblies in oversized holes shall have washers under bolt heads and nuts.
- 9. Holes that are field drilled shall be coated with an approved zinc-rich primer prior to final erection.
- 10. A random 25% of all base plate to chord welds and chord to Flange Connection Plate welds shall be MT inspected. Only a one-time repair is allowed on these welds without written permission of the Engineer. All other welds shall be subject to VT inspection.
- II. Anchor bolts shall be installed with misalignments of less than 1:40 from theoretical location.
- 12. An anchorage eyelet shall be installed approximately midpoint between each bracket when a concrete barrier is utilized as the top chord attachment.
- 13. Preformed pads, specified in Section 713, Structural Steel and Related Material, of the Standard Specifications Highways and Bridges, shall be placed between each chord base plate and concrete surface.
- 14. The Contractor may use shim plates, as provided by this Standard, beneath all base plates and Flange Connection Plates as necessary, up to an adjustment of 12 mm.



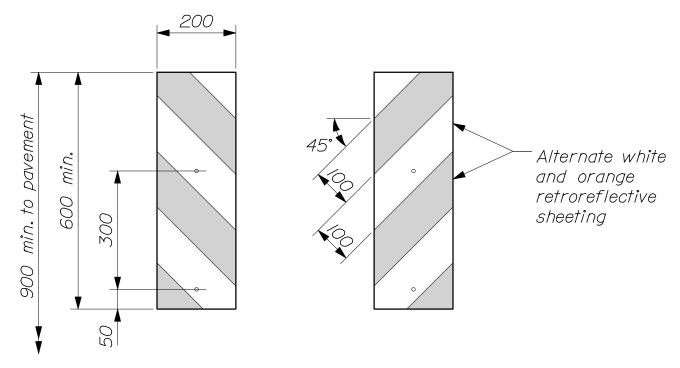




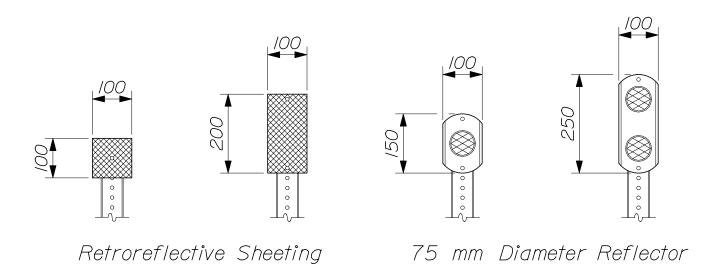
-- CONE TYPE "B" --(High Ballasted)



CHANNELIZING DEVICES 652(02)



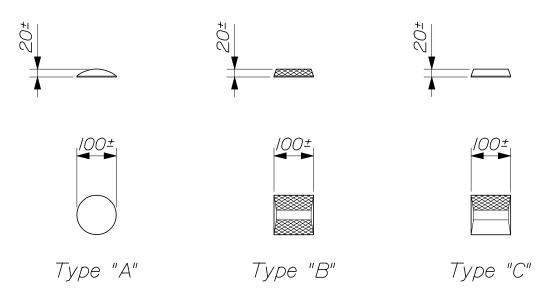
-- VERTICAL PANELS --



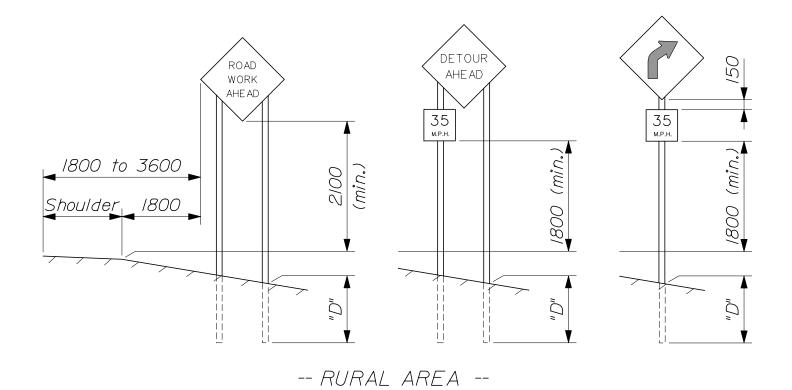
-- DELINEATORS --

CHANNELIZING DEVICES 652(03)

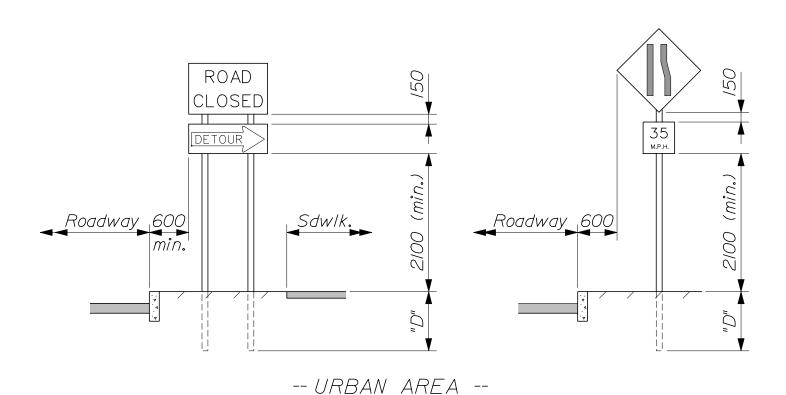
- I. Reflectorize vertical panels with alternate orange and white stripes as shown.
- 2. Mount delineators 1200 mm (measured to center) above the pavement surface.
- 3. Drums may be weighted with a maximum of 10 kg of dry sand.
- 4. Temporary raised pavement marker color shall match the corresponding pavement striping color: clear markers for white striping and amber markers for yellow striping.
- 5. Cones Type "A" may be ballasted with weighted rings.



-- TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS --



(Fixed signs)

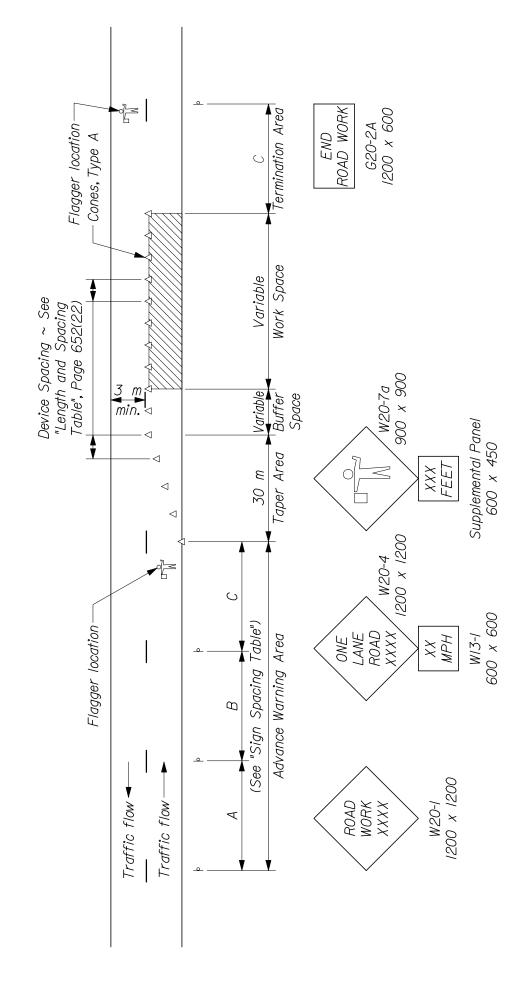


CONSTRUCTION SIGNS 652(05)

(Fixed signs)

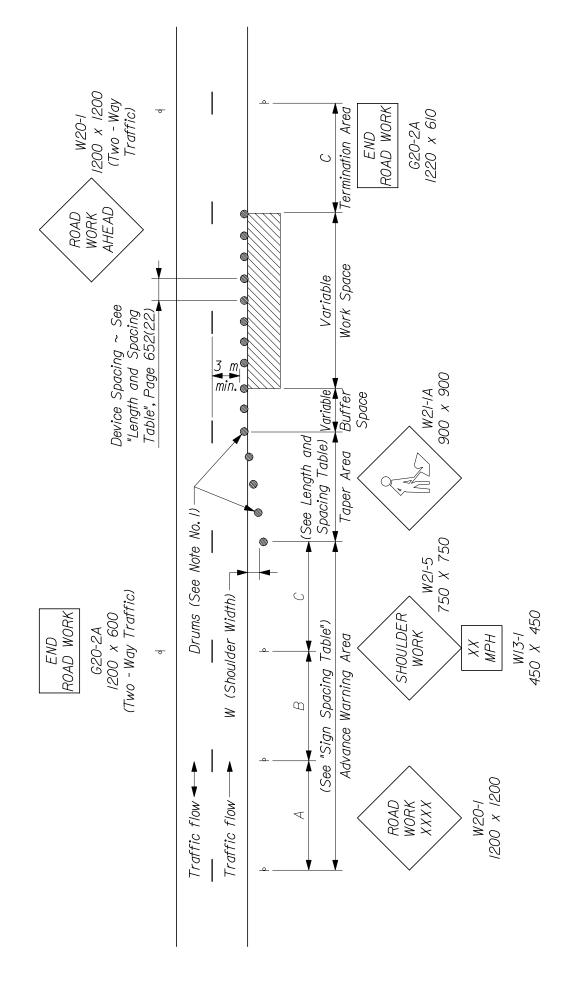
- I. All signs shall conform to the applicable provisions of the current edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", FHWA; and to "Standard Highway Signs", FHWA, 2000. Refer to MUTCD, Part VI for any information not shown in these details.
- 2. Steel U-channels are required as sign posts.
- 3. Mount signs that are wider than 900 mm or larger than one square meter in area on two or more posts.
- 4. When parking is permitted within 60 meters of the sign, mount the sign a minimum of 2100 mm above the pavement surface.

1. Signs shown are for one direction only. Repeat the signing for the opposite direction.



TYPICAL APPLICATION: TWO - WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY, CLOSING ONE LANE USING FLAGGERS

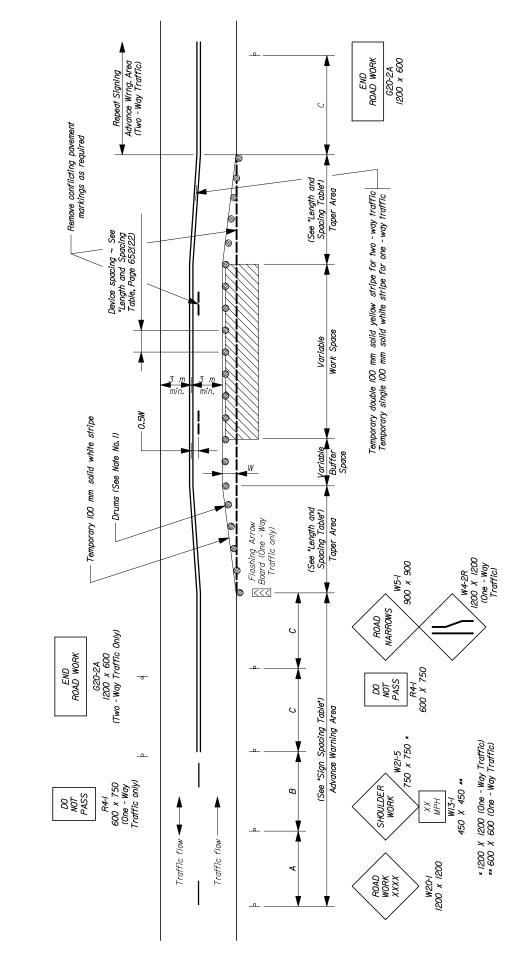
I. For operations that require a shoulder closure for a day or less, drums may be replaced with Type "A" Cones.



TYPICAL APPLICATION; ONE - WAY OR TWO - WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY, CLOSING SHOULDER

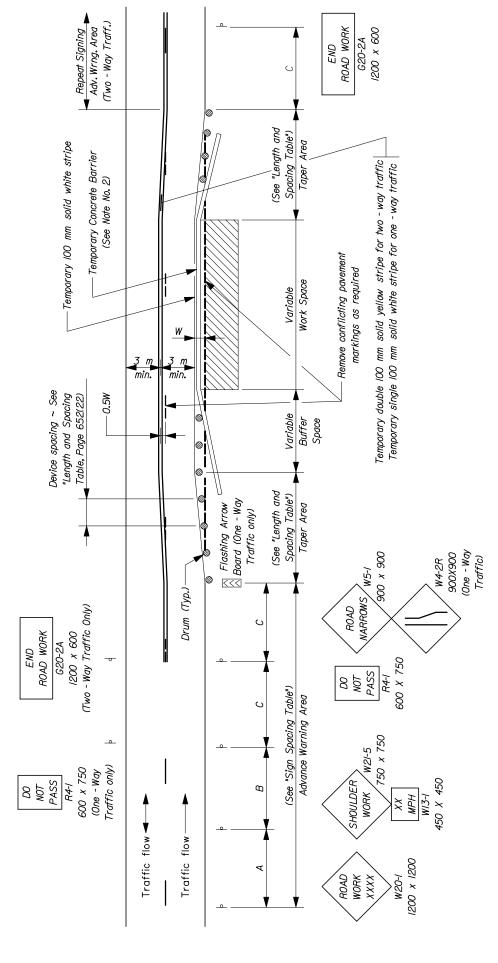
I. For operations that require a shoulder closure for a day or less, drums may be replaced with Type "A" Cones.

For one - way traffic, repeat signs on both sides of the roadway. Qj



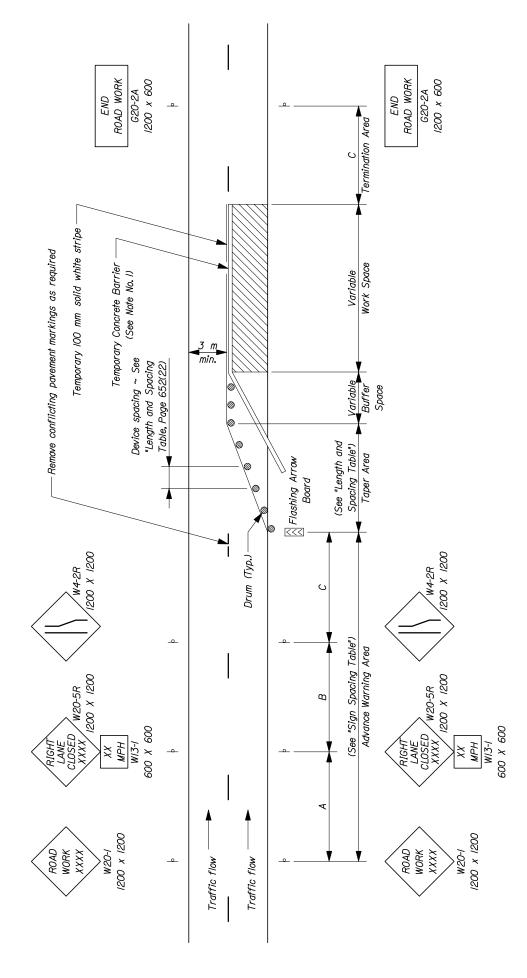
TYPICAL APPLICATION; ONE - WAY OR TWO - WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY, CLOSING PARTIAL LANE WIDTH AND SHOULDER

- 1. For one way traffic, repeat signs on both sides of the roadway.
- 2. Barrier placement is in accordance with the AASHTO Roadside Design Guide of January 1996. Terminate barrier ends outside the clear zone or protect the ends with an impact attenuator.

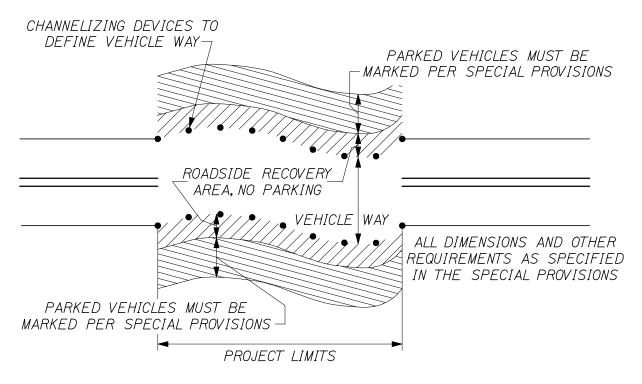


BARRIER TYPICAL APPLICATION; ONE - WAY OR TWO - WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY, CLOSING PARTIAL LANE AND SHOULDER USING TEMPORARY CONCRETE BAR

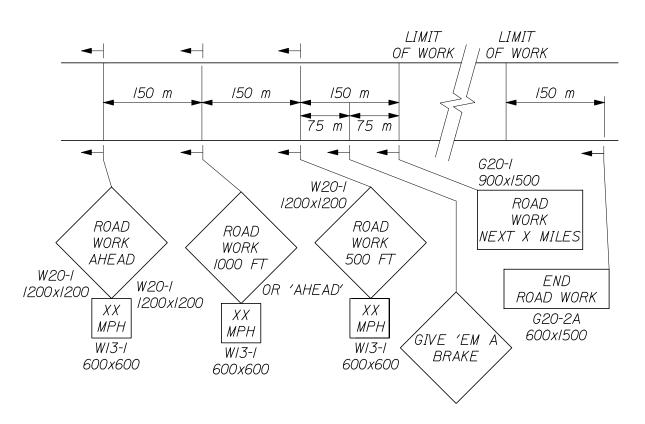
- I. Barrier placement is in accordance with the AASHTO Roadside Design Guide of January 1996. Terminate barrier ends outside the clear zone or protect the ends with an impact attenuator.
- 2. Right lane closure is shown. For left lane closure, substitute signing with W20-5L and W4-2L.



LANE, TYPICAL APPLICATION: ONE - WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY, CLOSING ONE JSING TEMPORARY CONCRETE BARRIER (90 KPH OR LESS)



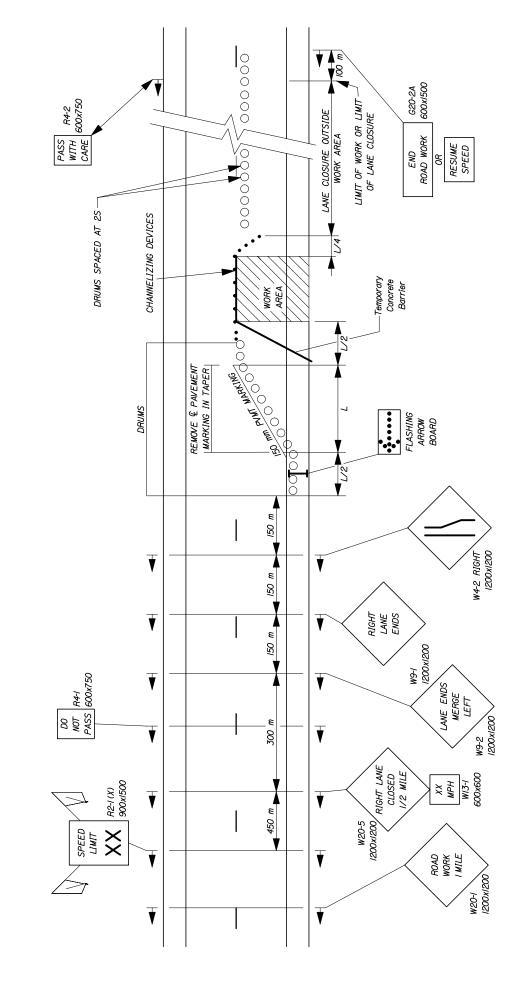
-- ROADSIDE RECOVERY AREA --



-- PROJECT APPROACH SIGNING -- FXPRFSSWAY

CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC CONTROL 652(12)

Omit W20-1 if lane closure signing array is within project limits. Use similar signing for left lane closure. Alter pavement markings as required. Maintain 4.5 m lateral clearance.

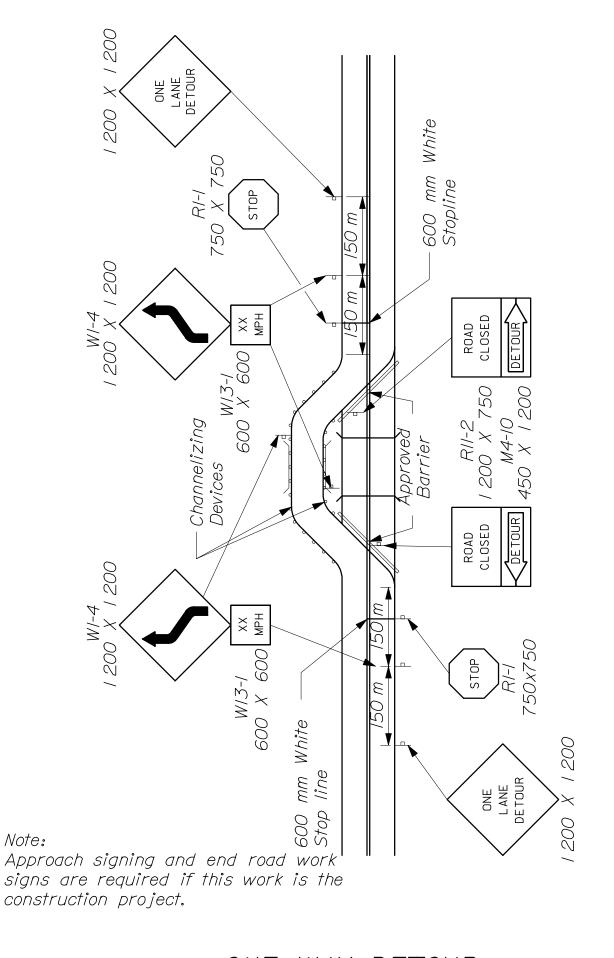


-- EXPRESSWAY LANE CLOSURE

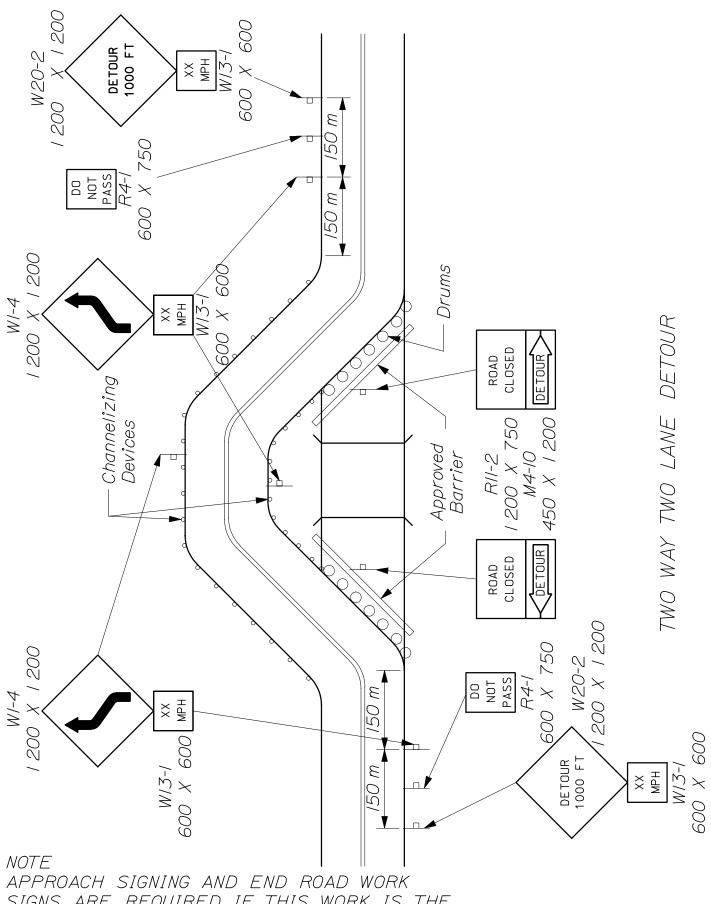
Use shaded signs when called for in the Special Provisions

20 mm BORDER W13-1 600x600 mm E 0 125 mm ₁ W20-1 1200x1200 30 mm LINE ROAD WORK AHEAD X H 200 OR 1000 FT XX WI3-1 MPH 600x600 G20-2A 600x/500 W20-1 1200x1200 120 m ROAD WORK AHEAD GIVE 'EM A BRAKE END ROAD WORK 1000 mm 900 mm XX WI3-I MPH 600x600 120 m W20-1 1200x1200 ROAD WORK 500 FT 200 mm 120 m 620-l 900x/500 ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES UMIT OF WORK END ROAD WORK G20-2A 600x/500 SIDEROAD 150 m 150 m ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES G20-1 900x/500 OR 1000 FT LIMIT OF WORK-GIVE 'EM BRAKE 75 m 75 m 150 m OR "AHEAD" ROAD WORK AHEAD XX MPH W/3-1 600x600 ROAD WORK 500 FT W20-1 1200x1200 ROAD WORK 500 FT W20-1 1200x1200 ROAD WORK AHEAD / OR 1000 FT. 120 W20-1 ROAD WORK AHEAD XX MPH WI3-1 600x600 N20-I 150 m W20-1 1200x1200 END WORK XX MPH W/3-/ 600x600 ROAD WORK AHEAD W20-1 1200x1200

-- PROJECT APPROACH SIGNING -- TWO WAY TRAFFIC



ONE WAY DETOUR LOW VOLUME ROAD WITH ADEQUATE SIGHT DISTANCE 652(15)



SIGNING AND END ROAD WORK REQUIRED IF THIS WORK IS THE SIGNS ARECONSTRUCTION PROJECT.

			HL9N37	J AND	GTH AND SPACING TABLE	TABLE			
Approach Speed	Speed	Taper	per Length (me	(meters)	Buffer	Device	Spacing (meters)	meters)	Concrete
Miles k	Kilometers	7	Lane Width		Space	Taper	Buffer	Work	Barrier
Per Hour	Per Hour	3.0	3,3	3.6	(meters)		Space	Space	Flare Rate
25	40	35	35	40	20		15	9/	6.5:/
30	20	20	52	09	25		/8	/8	8:/
35	52	09	20	22	35	0/	2/	2/	9,3:/
40	9	85	92	00/	20	12	24	24	10.3:/
45	20	140	/55	021	09	7	27	27	12:/
20	80	09/	175	06/	85	/5	30	30	/3.5:/
52	06	180	200	210	105	9/	30	30	/5;/

SIGN SPACING TABLE	ING TABL	E	
	Distance E	Distance Between Signs (meters)	ns (meters)
	A	В	S
Urban (50 km/h and less)	09	09	09
Urban (55 km/h and greater)	90/	90/	90/
Rural	150	/20	/20
Expressway / Urban Parkway	800	200	300

GENERAL NOTES;

I. Dimensions are in millimeters unless otherwise shown.

2. Final placement of signs and devices may be changed to fit field conditions as approved by the Engineer.